

Ephesians MC Questions (Complete)

Ephesians 1

1. By what was Paul an apostle of Christ Jesus (Eph. 1:1)

- A. By the grace of our Lord Jesus Christ
- B. By faith which is in Christ Jesus
- C. By the will of God
- D. By the Spirit

C:I:Ep:1

2. The book of Ephesians is address to _____ in Ephesus (Eph. 1:1)

- A. All who live
- B. God's holy people
- C. Those who are called in Christ Jesus
- D. The chosen in Christ

B:B:Ep:1

3. In the greeting, what does Paul say is from God our Father and the Lord Jesus Christ (Eph. 1:2)

- A. Grace and peace
- B. Grace and truth
- C. Faith and love
- D. Righteousness and holiness

A:B:Ep:1

4. With what has God blessed the Ephesians in the heavenly realms (Eph. 1:3)

- A. With strength and life
- B. With every spiritual blessing
- C. With all grace in Christ Jesus
- D. With the anointing of the spirit

B:B:Ep:1

5. Where has God blessed the Ephesians with every spiritual blessing (Eph. 1:3)

- A. In all the earth
- B. In the holies of holies
- C. In heavenly realms
- D. In his body which is the church

C:I:Ep:1

6. What did the Father do for us before the creation of the world (Eph. 1:4)

- A. Loved us
- B. Called us
- C. Redeemed us
- D. Chose us

D:B:Ep:1

7. When did the Father chose us in Christ (Eph. 1:4)

- A. Before Christ died for our sins
- B. Before he breathed into life into all
- C. Before the creation of the world
- D. Before he made the land and seas

C:B:Ep:1

8. For what did the Father choose us before the creation of the world (Eph. 1:4)

- A. To be righteous and spiritual
- B. To be holy and blameless
- C. To be loving and truthful
- D. To live with all uprightness and gentleness

B:B:Ep:1

9. In love to what did the Father predestine us according to the pleasure of his will (Eph. 1:5)

- A. For adoption to sonship

- B. For redemption unto righteousness
- C. To be a kingdom of priests
- D. To follow Christ Jesus

A:B:Ep:1

10. What has the Father given us freely in the One he loves (Eph. 1:6)

- A. The forgiveness of sin
- B. The praise of his glorious grace
- C. The light on our path from the Father of lights
- D. The riches of his love

B:I:Ep:1

11. In whom/what has the Father has given us freely the praise of his glorious grace (Eph. 1:6)

- A. In the Spirit which indwells us
- B. In mercy to all who believe
- C. In the One he loves
- D. In his one and only Son

C:I:Ep:1

12. Through what do we have redemption (Eph. 1:7)

- A. Through faith
- B. Through his mercy
- C. Through the washing of our souls
- D. Through his blood

D:B:Ep:1

13. What do we have in redemption through his blood (Eph. 1:7)

- A. Grace and truth
- B. The light of God
- C. The forgiveness of sins

D. A seat in the heaven

C:B:Ep:1

14. According to what do we have forgiveness of sin which was lavished on us (Eph. 1:7)

- A. The bounty of God's love
- B. The riches of God's grace
- C. The deep mercy of God
- D. The cleansing of Christ's blood

B:B:Ep:1

15. With what were the riches of God's grace lavished upon us (Eph. 1:8)

- A. All wisdom and understanding
- B. All forgiveness and cleansing
- C. All holiness and righteousness
- D. All gentleness and meekness

A:I:Ep:1

16. What did God make known to us with all wisdom and understanding (Eph 1:9)

- A. His irresistible calling
- B. The mystery of his will
- C. The greatness of his grace
- D. The forgiveness of sins

B:B:Ep:1

17. When was the mystery of God's will to be put into effect (Eph. 1:10)

- A. When God's word had been manifest
- B. When Christ died for our sins according to the Scripture
- C. When the times reach their fulfillment
- D. When the end of all things had come

C:I:Ep:1

18. Why would the mystery of his will be put into effect (Eph. 1:10)

- A. To unite the church as one body
- B. To fulfill the word of God
- C. To show God's eternal grace
- D. To bring unity to all things

D:B:Ep:1

19. We were chosen and were _____ according to the plan of him who works out everything in conformity to the purpose of his will (Eph. 1:11)

- A. Loved
- B. Redeemed
- C. Predestined
- D. Forgiven

C:B:Ep:1

20. In conformity to what does God work out everything (Eph. 1:11)

- A. The unity of his body the church
- B. The purpose of his will
- C. His eternal word
- D. The goodness of his grace

B:B:Ep:1

21. For what are those who put their hope in Christ (Eph. 1:12)

- A. For the praise of his glory
- B. For lights in a dark world
- C. For the unity of the church
- D. For the forgiveness of sins

A:B:Ep:1

22. Who were for the praise of his glory (Eph. 1:12)

- A. Those who believe on the Son of God
- B. Those who first put their hope in Christ

- C. Those who were called according to his purpose
- D. Those who once were a far off

B:B:Ep:1

23. When the Ephesians believed, what does Paul say happened to them (Eph. 1:13)

- A. Their sins were forgiven
- B. They were justified in Christ Jesus
- C. They were marked with a seal
- D. They were given eternal life

C:B:Ep:1

24. How does Paul describe the seal by which the Ephesians were marked (Eph. 1:13)

- A. The precious blood of Jesus
- B. The circumcision of the heart
- C. The love of God
- D. The promised Holy Spirit

D:B:Ep:1

25. How does Paul describe the mark by which believers are sealed even the promised Holy Spirit (Eph. 1:14)

- A. An advocate for believers
- B. A sign of the promise of God's love
- C. A deposit guaranteeing our inheritance
- D. A sign of the covenant which was in Christ Jesus

C:B:Ep:1

26. Who is the deposit guaranteeing our inheritance (Eph. 1:14)

- A. Christ Jesus
- B. The Holy Spirit
- C. God the Father
- D. The apostle Paul

B:B:Ep:1

27. The Spirit is the guarantee of our inheritance at what time (Eph. 1:14)

- A. The redemption of those who are God's possession
- B. When Christ takes the throne on the right hand of the Father
- C. The imputation of Christ's righteousness on believers
- D. The return of Jesus to receive us into glory

A:B:Ep:1

28. What did Paul say he had heard about the Ephesians (Eph. 1:15)

- A. Their love towards Paul
- B. Their faith in the Lord Jesus
- C. Their concern for all the saints
- D. Their endurance in hardships

B:I:Ep:1

29. What did Paul say he had heard about the Ephesians (Eph. 1:15)

- A. Their grace towards the poor
- B. Their concern for all the saints
- C. Their love for all God's people
- D. Their endurance in hardships

C:B:Ep:1

30. What has Paul not stopped doing (Eph. 1:16)

- A. Seeking their good
- B. Praising God on their behalf
- C. Sacrificing for the Ephesians day and night
- D. Giving thanks for the Ephesians

D:B:Ep:1

31. What does Paul keep asking the glorious Father might give to the Ephesians (Eph. 1:17)

- A. The forgiveness of sins
- B. All power and might in Christ Jesus
- C. The Spirit of wisdom and revelation
- D. The Spirit of humility and kindness

C:B:Ep:1

32. To what end does Paul keep asking that God would give them the Spirit of wisdom and revelation (Eph. 1:17)

- A. So that they might love one another
- B. So that they might know him better
- C. So that they would walk in the footsteps of Jesus
- D. So that they would become what they are

B:B:Ep:1

33. Paul says that he prays that what would be enlightened (Eph. 1:28)

- A. The eyes of their heart
- B. The thoughts of their mind
- C. Their faith and hope
- D. Their understanding of his will

A:B:Ep:1

34. What does Paul pray they may know and to which he had called them (Eph. 1:28)

- A. Love
- B. Hope
- C. Joy
- D. Peace

B:I:Ep:1

35. God has called them to the hope which is described as the _____ (Eph. 1:18)

- A. Seal of the promised Holy Spirit
- B. The kindness of his grace

- C. Riches of his glorious inheritance in his holy people
- D. The greatness and fullness of his grace in Christ Jesus

C:B:Ep:1

36. To what has God called them for those who have believed (Eph. 1:19)

- A. His holiness and righteousness
- B. His greatness which is beyond measure
- C. His forgiveness and light
- D. His incomparably great power

D:B:Ep:1

37. After God raised Jesus, where did God seat him (Eph. 1:20)

- A. On his throne above all creation
- B. Above every king and priest and prophet
- C. At his right hand in the heavenly realms
- D. At the head of the body the church

C:B:Ep:1

38. After God raised Jesus, God seated him above all rule and authority, power and _____ (Eph. 1:21)

- A. Principality
- B. Dominion
- C. Judge
- D. Kingdom

B:I:Ep:1

39. Jesus was given a _____ far above not only in this age but in the age to come (Eph. 1:21)

- A. Name
- B. Crown
- C. Garment

D. Throne

A:B:Ep:1

40. Where did God place all things (Eph. 1:22)

- A. Under the mountain of God
- B. Under Christ's feet
- C. Under the control of the Spirit
- D. In his hands

B:B:Ep:1

41. What was Christ appointed to be (Eph. 1:22)

- A. The son of God and son of God
- B. The great high priest
- C. The head over everything for the church
- D. The king on the throne of his father David

C:B:Ep:1

42. How is the church described in relation to Christ (Eph. 1:23)

- A. His blessing
- B. His crown
- C. His gift
- D. His body

B:B:Ep:1

43. How is Christ's body described (Eph. 1:23)

- A. The fullness of him who fills everything
- B. The perfect which guides us in truth
- C. The love of God incarnate
- D. The manifestation of God's glory and truth

A:B:Ep:1

Ephesians 2

1. In what does Paul say the Ephesians are dead (Eph. 2:1)

- A. In their worldly desires
- B. In their trespasses and sins
- C. In the lusts of their past lives
- D. In their fleshly bodies

B:B:Ep:2

2. How is the spirit who is at work in those who are disobedient described (Eph 2:2)

- A. The king of this world
- B. The master of those who are slaves to sin
- C. The ruler of the kingdom of the air
- D. The prince of this world

C:B:Ep:2

3. In whom is the spirit of the ruler of the kingdom of the air at work (Eph. 2:2)

- A. Those who have turned away
- B. Those who desire the pleasures of this world
- C. Those who are dead in sin
- D. Those who are disobedient

D:B:Ep:2

4. By nature what does Paul say we deserve (Eph. 2:3)

- A. Death
- B. Judgment
- C. Wrath
- D. Forgiveness

C:I:Ep:2

5. Among what did we all live at one time (Eph. 2:3)

- A. Rebelling against God
- B. Gratifying the cravings of our flesh
- C. Serving filthy money
- D. Pursuing our own desires and not those of the Spirit

B:B:Ep:2

6. In what is God rich (Eph. 2:4)

- A. Mercy
- B. Forgiveness
- C. Love
- D. Kindness

A:I:Ep:2

7. What does God have that is great toward us (Eph. 2:4)

- A. Compassion
- B. Love
- C. Forgiveness
- D. Rewards

B:B:Ep:2

8. Even when we were dead in trespasses what did God make us with Christ (Eph. 2:5)

- A. Alive
- B. Forgiven
- C. To serve and rule
- D. Righteous

A:I:Ep:2

9. In what were we dead when God made us alive with Christ (Eph. 2:5)

- A. Lust
- B. Trespasses
- C. Unrighteousness

D. Injustice

B:B:Ep:2

10. By what have we been saved (Eph. 2:5, 8)

- A. By faith
- B. By the blood of Christ
- C. By grace
- D. By mercy

C:B:Ep:2

11. The grace by which we are saved through faith is not from what (Eph. 2:8)

- A. This world
- B. Works
- C. The Spirit
- D. Ourselves

D:B:Ep:2

12. While we are saved by grace, what are we saved through (Eph. 2:8)

- A. Works
- B. Following Jesus
- C. Faith
- D. God's calling

C:B:Ep:2

13. What is the grace that saves us (Eph. 2:8)

- A. It is eternal
- B. It is a gift of God
- C. It is the seal of our salvation
- D. It is perfect

B:B:Ep:2

14. Why is grace through faith a gift and not by works (Eph. 2:9)

- A. So no one can boast
- B. So that God receives all the glory
- C. So that it is by Christ's blood
- D. So that all may give thanks

A:B:Ep:2

15. Why are we created in Christ Jesus (Eph. 2:10)

- A. To seek his kingdom and his righteousness
- B. To do good works
- C. To sit with him in the heavenly realms
- D. To praise him

B:B:Ep:2

16. We are God's _____ created in Christ Jesus for good works (Eph. 2:10)

- A. Gift
- B. Image
- C. Handiwork
- D. Servants

C:I:Ep:2

17. What were the Gentiles formerly called (Eph. 2:11)

- A. Pagans
- B. Defiled
- C. Unbelievers
- D. Uncircumcised

D:B:Ep:2

18. What is done in the body by human hands (Eph. 2:11)

- A. Lust
- B. Sins of the flesh
- C. Circumcision

D. Evil

C:I:Ep:2

19. What were the Ephesians foreigners to (Eph. 2:12)

- A. The history of the people of God
- B. The covenants of promise
- C. The grace of God
- D. The call of our Lord Jesus Christ

B:B:Ep:2

20. When the Ephesians were separate from Christ, from what were they excluded (Eph. 2:12)

- A. The citizenship in Israel
- B. The promises give to Abraham
- C. The seal of the Holy Spirit
- D. The household of God

A:B:Ep:2

21. In the world the Ephesians who at that time were separated from Christ were without what in the world (Eph. 2:12)

- A. Joy
- B. Hope
- C. Love
- D. Grace

B:I:Ep:2

22. How were those who were once far away brought near (Eph. 2:13)

- A. By the promises of God
- B. By the grace of God
- C. By the blood of Christ
- D. By the seal of the Spirit

C:B:Ep:2

23. What did Christ destroy making the two groups one (Eph. 2:14)

- A. The gate separation
- B. The chasm
- C. The warfare battle lines
- D. The wall of hostility

D:B:Ep:2

24. What did Christ set aside in his flesh making the two groups one (Eph. 2:15)

- A. The covenant of works
- B. Circumcision of the flesh
- C. The law with its commands
- D. The enmity between Jews and Gentiles

C:B:Ep:2

25. What was Christ trying to make by creating one new humanity (Eph. 2:15)

- A. A community of faith
- B. Peace
- C. A kingdom of priests
- D. One body

B:I:Ep:2

26. Through what did Christ seek to reconcile both groups to God (Eph. 2:16)

- A. Through the cross
- B. Through his blood
- C. Through grace
- D. Through peace

A:B:Ep:2

27. What did Christ put to death through the cross (Eph. 2:16)

- A. Their distrust

- B. Their hostility
- C. Their separation
- D. Their arrogance

B:I:Ep:2

28. What did Christ preach both to those who were far away and those who were near (Eph. 2:17)

- A. Peace
- B. Reconciliation
- C. Redemption
- D. Repenance

A:B:Ep:2

29. To whom did Christ preach peace (Eph. 2:17)

- A. The uncircumcised
- B. Those who were far away
- C. Those who believed in him
- D. Those who were called

B:I:Ep:2

30. To whom do both Jews and Gentiles have access (Eph. 2:18)

- A. Jesus Christ
- B. Each other
- C. The Father
- D. The Spirit

C:B:Ep:2

31. By what do both Jews and Gentiles have access to the Father (Eph. 2:18)

- A. One faith
- B. One cross
- C. One high priest

D. One Spirit

D:B:Ep:2

32. What does Paul tell the Ephesians they are no longer (Eph. 2:19)

- A. Sinners
- B. Citizens
- C. Foreigners
- D. Poor

C:B:Ep:2

33. What did Paul say the Ephesians were not members of (Eph. 2:19)

- A. God's kingdom
- B. God's household
- C. Heavenly realms
- D. Spiritual community

B:B:Ep:2

34. Who does Paul tell the Ephesians they are fellow citizens with (Eph. 2:19)

- A. God's people
- B. The priests of God
- C. The community of faith
- D. The church of Christ

A:B:Ep:2

35. Who did Paul say was the foundation built upon (Eph. 2:20)

- A. The Scripture
- B. Apostles and prophets
- C. Jews and Gentiles
- D. The grace of God

B:B:Ep:2

36. What does Paul call Jesus after saying the foundation was built on the apostles and prophets (Eph. 2:20)

- A. The vine
- B. The good shepherd
- C. The chief cornerstone
- D. The only gate

C:B:Ep:2

37. What does the whole building joint together become in the Lord (Eph. 2:21)

- A. A royal priesthood
- B. A family of God
- C. One body
- D. A holy temple

D:B:Ep:2

38. What does Paul say they are being built to become (Eph. 2:22)

- A. A holy nation in Christ Jesus
- B. Kingdom of priests
- C. A dwelling in which God lives
- D. A heavenly Zion in which all live as one

C:B:Ep:2

Ephesians 3

1. What does Paul call himself for the sake of the Gentiles (Eph. 3:1)

- A. A disciple
- B. A servant
- C. A prisoner
- D. A shepherd

C:I:Ep:3

2. Why does Paul call himself a prisoner (Eph. 3:1)

- A. For the sake of you Gentiles
- B. For the sake of Jesus Christ
- C. For the sake of the grace of god
- D. For the sake of the elect

A:B:Ep:3

3. What does Paul say was given to him by revelation (Eph. 3:2)

- A. His apostleship
- B. The administration of God's grace
- C. The covenant of promise to the Gentiles
- D. Wisdom and understanding

B:I:Ep:3

4. What was made known to Paul by revelation (Eph 3:2f)

- A. Knowledge
- B. The Holy Spirit
- C. The mystery
- D. The promise

C:I:Ep:3

5. What will the Ephesians understand by reading Paul's epistle (Eph. 3:4)

- A. His ministry among them

- B. His calling and election
- C. His wisdom received from the Spirit
- D. His insight into the mystery of Christ

D:B:Ep:3

6. To whom has the mystery of Christ been revealed (Eph. 3:5)

- A. Only to Paul as a messenger of Christ
- B. The whole church of our Lord Jesus Christ
- C. God's holy apostles and prophets
- D. The bishops and elders of Christ

C:B:Ep:3

7. To whom was the mystery of Christ not made known (Eph. 3:5)

- A. To those who believe
- B. To people in other generations
- C. To all who are called in Christ
- D. To those who received the old covenant

B:B:Ep:3

8. What does Paul say the mystery is that was revealed by the Spirit (Eph. 3:6)

- A. That the Gentiles are heirs with Israel
- B. That God should save all who believe
- C. That the Spirit was now open to all
- D. The forgiveness of sins through Jesus Christ

A:B:Ep:3

9. By what means was the mystery revealed to God's holy apostles and prophets (Eph. 3:5)

- A. By dreams and visions
- B. By the Spirit
- C. By the word of God

D. By grace

B:B:Ep:3

10. What does the mystery indicate that the Gentiles are now sharers in (Eph. 3:6)

- A. The new covenant by the blood of Christ
- B. The indwelling of the Spirit
- C. The promise in Christ Jesus
- D. The calling and election

C:B:Ep:3

11. Through what are the Gentiles now heirs together with Israel (Eph. 3:6)

- A. Through the grace of God
- B. Through the work of the Spirit
- C. Through faith
- D. Through the gospel

D:B:Ep:3

12. What metaphor does Paul use to show that the Gentiles are now heirs together with Israel (Eph. 3:6)

- A. An olive tree
- B. Fruit
- C. A body
- D. A temple

C:I:Ep:3

13. Through what did Paul become a servant of this gospel (Eph. 3:7)

- A. Through the calling of God
- B. Through the work of God's power
- C. Through the Spirit
- D. Through the forgiveness offered in Christ

B:B:Ep:3

14. What did Paul become by the gift of God's grace (Eph. 3:7)

- A. A servant of the gospel
- B. A disciple of Christ
- C. An apostle of God's grace
- D. A messenger of God's promise

A:I:Ep:3

15. What grace was Paul given to preach to the Gentiles (Eph. 3:8)

- A. The grace of God
- B. The boundless riches of Christ
- C. The forgiveness of sins to all who believe
- D. The regeneration of the Spirit

B:B:Ep:3

16. What position did Paul say he had among all the Lord's people (Eph. 3:8)

- A. The greatest apostle
- B. The shepherd
- C. The least
- D. A brother to all

C:B:Ep:3

17. Where was the administration of this mystery hidden (Eph. 3:9)

- A. In the promise
- B. In the seal of the Spirit
- C. In Christ Jesus
- D. In God

D:I:Ep:3

18. How was God described in whom the administration was hidden (Eph. 3:9)

- A. As the one who made Paul an apostle
- B. As the one who forgave our sins

- C. As the one who created all things
- D. As the one who chose us in Christ

C:I:Ep:3

19. What did God intend to make known now through the church (Eph. 3:10)

- A. The righteousness of God
- B. The wisdom of God
- C. The grace of God
- D. The faithfulness of God

B:I:Ep:3

20. Through what did God intend to make known the wisdom of God (Eph. 3:10)

- A. Through the church
- B. Through the Spirit
- C. Through Paul
- D. Through the Scriptures

A:B:Ep:3

21. To whom was the wisdom of God made known through the church (Eph. 3:10)

- A. To the authorities of this world
- B. To rulers in heavenly realms
- C. To all who believe
- D. To both Jews and Gentiles

B:B:Ep:3

22. Through what may we approach God (Eph. 3:12)

- A. Through the Spirit
- B. Through hope
- C. Through faith
- D. Through grace

C:B:Ep:3

23. How may we approach God through faith (Eph. 3:12)

- A. With hope and holiness
- B. With fear and trembling
- C. With thankfulness and hope
- D. With freedom and confidence

D:B:Ep:3

24. What did God accomplish in Christ Jesus our Lord (Eph. 3:11)

- A. His eternal mystery
- B. His redemption
- C. His eternal purpose
- D. His eternal salvation

C:B:Ep:3

25. What did Paul say was the Ephesians glory (Eph. 3:13)

- A. The gospel of Christ
- B. Paul's sufferings
- C. God's grace
- D. The mystery now revealed

B:B:Ep:3

26. What does Paul do before the Father from whom every family derives its name (Eph. 3:14)

- A. He kneels
- B. He lifts his hands
- C. He bows
- D. He prostrates himself

A:I:Ep:3

27. What does every family in heaven and earth derive from the Father (Eph. 3:14)

- A. Its boundary

- B. Its name
- C. Its inheritance
- D. Its law

B:I:Ep:3

28. Where does Paul pray they may be strengthened (Eph. 3:16)

- A. In their faith
- B. In their commitment to Christ
- C. In their inner being
- D. In their spirit

C:I:Ep:3

29. Through what does Paul pray they may be strengthened in their inner spirit (Eph. 3:16)

- A. Through the word of his grace
- B. Through the gospel
- C. Through hope
- D. Through his Spirit

D:B:Ep:3

30. Through what does Christ dwell in their hearts (Eph. 3:17)

- A. Through the mystery of Christ
- B. Through all things
- C. Through faith
- D. Through grace

C:B:Ep:3

31. Where does Paul pray Christ may dwell (Eph. 3:17)

- A. In the church
- B. In their hearts
- C. In their bodies

D. In heavenly realms

B:B:Ep:3

32. What does Paul pray they be rooted in (Eph. 3:17)

- A. In love
- B. In faith
- C. In their calling
- D. In the grace of God

A:B:Ep:3

33. What does Paul pray they, along with the Lord's holy people, may grasp (Eph. 3:18)

- A. The grace of God
- B. The love of Christ
- C. The indwelling of the Spirit
- D. The wisdom of God

B:B:Ep:3

34. What does Paul say love surpasses (Eph. 3:19)

- A. Faith
- B. Hope
- C. Knowledge
- D. Wisdom

C:I:Ep:3

35. What does Paul pray they will be filled with (Eph. 3:19)

- A. The Spirit of God
- B. The knowledge of Jesus Christ
- C. The grace of the Father
- D. The fullness of God

D:B:Ep:3

36. What does Paul say God is able to do immeasurably more than (Eph. 3:20)

- A. More than we could hope for
- B. More than the sand of the sea
- C. More than we ask or image
- D. More than the heights of heaven

C:B:Ep:3

37. What does Paul say is at work in us more than we can ask or imagine (Eph. 3:20)

- A. God's spirit
- B. God's power
- C. God's grace
- D. God's calling and election

B:B:Ep:3

38. What should be to God in the church throughout all generations (Eph. 3:21)

- A. Glory
- B. Grace
- C. Love
- D. The gospel

A:B:Ep:3

Ephesians 4

1. As what does Paul write the Ephesians, urging them to live a life worthy of their calling (Eph. 4:1)

- A. As an apostle
- B. As a servant of Christ
- C. As a prisoner
- D. As a messenger of the gospel

C:B:Ep:4

2. What does Paul urge them to live a life worthy of (Eph. 4:1)

- A. The gift they have been given
- B. The calling they had received
- C. The grace that they had received
- D. The promise they had been promised

B:B:Ep:4

3. What did Paul tell them to be completely (Eph. 4:2)

- A. Humble and gentle
- B. Filled with the Spirit
- C. Gracious and kind
- D. Faithful and trustworthy

A:I:Ep:4

4. What does Paul urge the Ephesians to do in love (Eph. 4:2)

- A. Forgive one another
- B. Bear with one another
- C. All things
- D. Submit to one another

B:I:Ep:4

5. What did Paul tell the Ephesians they should make every effort to keep (Eph. 4:3)

- A. The bond of love
- B. The truth of the gospel
- C. The unity of the Spirit
- D. All righteousness

C:B:Ep:4

6. What does Paul tell them they were called to (Eph. 4:4)

- A. The paths of righteousness
- B. Heavenly realms
- C. Christ
- D. One hope

D:B:Ep:4

7. What did Paul parallel to there being one body (Eph. 4:4)

- A. One calling in Christ
- B. One gospel
- C. One Spirit
- D. One grace

C:B:Ep:4

8. Paul says there is one Lord, one faith and one _____ (Eph. 4:5)

- A. Cup
- B. Baptism
- C. Savior
- D. Gospel

B:B:Ep:4

9. How does Paul describe the one God and Father as (Eph. 4:6)

- A. Over all and through all
- B. The one who calls us in Christ Jesus
- C. The head of the body

D. The king in the heavenly realms

A:B:Ep:4

10. How much grace has each one of us been given (Eph. 4:7)

- A. As much as is needed
- B. As Christ apportioned it
- C. As the Father has poured it out on us
- D. As the Spirit has delivered it

B:I:Ep:4

11. What does Paul say has been given to each one of us (Eph. 4:7)

- A. Peace
- B. Righteousness
- C. Grace
- D. Forgiveness

C:B:Ep:4

12. When Christ ascended on high what did he take (Eph. 4:8)

- A. Many gifts of the Spirit
- B. His seat in the heavenly realms
- C. Many crowns
- D. Many captives

D:B:Ep:4

13. When did Christ give gifts to his people (Eph. 4:8)

- A. When he sent the Spirit
- B. When he sat at the Father's right hand
- C. When he ascended on high
- D. When he rose from the dead

C:I:Ep:4

14. To where did Christ descend (Eph. 4:9)

- A. To the depths of the sea
- B. To lower, earthly regions
- C. To the depths of the earth
- D. Into the grave

B:B:Ep:4

15. Why did Christ ascend higher than all the heavens (Eph. 4:10)

- A. To fill the whole universe
- B. To be with his Father
- C. To become Lord of all
- D. To overcome the power of Satan

A:B:Ep:4

16. Paul says, Christ gave all of the following EXCEPT (Eph. 4:11)

- A. Apostles
- B. Elders
- C. Prophets
- D. Evangelists
- E. Pastors

B:B:Ep:4

17. Why the Christ give apostles and prophets (Eph. 4:12)

- A. To lead the church to the fullness of love
- B. To instruct the body of Christ
- C. To equip his people for works of service
- D. To bring the church into one body

C:B:Ep:4

18. Why the Christ give apostles and prophets (Eph. 4:12)

- A. So that all the members of Christ's body may be one
- B. So that the peace of God may reign

- C. So that the people of God may complete their calling
- D. So that the body of Christ may be built up

D:B:Ep:4

19. What did Christ give apostles and prophets for the attaining of (Eph. 4:13)

- A. The fulfilling of all righteousness
- B. The holiness of the Father and peace of the Spirit
- C. The whole measure of the fullness of Christ
- D. The complete unity of the body of Christ

C:B:Ep:4

20. What unity does Paul describe that we will reach being equipped by evangelists and pastors (Eph. 4:13)

- A. Unity in vision and message
- B. Unity in the faith and knowledge of the Son of God
- C. Unity in belief and goals for which they were strive
- D. Unity in mind and body for the full church of Christ

B:B:Ep:4

21. The goal of the unity in faith and knowledge of the Son of God was to become _____ (Eph. 4:13)

- A. Mature
- B. Complete
- C. Whole
- D. Righteous

A:I:Ep:4

22. If we become mature, what will we no longer be (Eph. 4:14)

- A. Gullible
- B. Infants
- C. Immature

D. Unstable

B:I:Ep:4

23. When we are no longer infants, what will not happen (Eph. 4:14)

- A. We will not believe every false doctrine and teaching
- B. We will not be led astray as little children
- C. We will not be tossed back and forth by the waves
- D. We will not swing from one side to the other

C:B:Ep:4

24. What kind of wind will not blow us here and there if we are mature (Eph. 4:14)

- A. Apostasy
- B. Lie and deception
- C. Evil
- D. Teaching

D:B:Ep:4

25. To what end do people use cunning and craftiness (Eph. 4:14)

- A. Deceptive ensnaring
- B. Treacherousness
- C. Deceitful scheming
- D. Wickedness

C:I:Ep:4

26. What should be spoken in love (Eph 4:15)

- A. Everything
- B. The truth
- C. The word of God
- D. Rebuke

B:B:Ep:4

27. Christ is said to be what part of the body (Eph. 4:15)

- A. The head
- B. The eyes
- C. The hands
- D. The strength

A:B:Ep:4

28. What must each part of the body do (Eph. 4:16)

- A. Its function
- B. Its work
- C. Its calling
- D. Its assignment

B:I:Ep:4

29. By what is the body joined and held together (Eph. 4:16)

- A. By the head
- B. By every thought and intent of the heart
- C. By every supporting ligament
- D. By every muscle

C:B:Ep:4

30. What does the body do in love (Eph. 4:16)

- A. Cares for its members
- B. Moves according to its head
- C. Feeds and nourishes itself
- D. Grows and builds itself up

D:B:Ep:4

31. As what must they no longer live their lives (Eph. 4:17)

- A. As foreigners
- B. As outsiders
- C. As Gentiles

D. As Jews

C:I:Ep:4

32. How do the Gentiles live (Eph. 4:17)

- A. In sin
- B. In the futility of their thinking
- C. In opposition to the truth of Christ
- D. With no understanding of the law

B:B:Ep:4

33. From what are the Gentiles separated (Eph. 4:18)

- A. The life of God
- B. The body of Christ
- C. Their own evil hearts
- D. The gospel of Christ

A:I:Ep:4

34. In what are the Gentiles darkened (Eph. 4:18)

- A. Their wisdom
- B. Their understanding
- C. Their thoughts
- D. Their walk

B:B:Ep:4

35. What is the ignorance of the Gentiles is due to (Eph. 4:18)

- A. Their rejection of the law of God
- B. The calling of Christ
- C. The hardening of their hearts
- D. Their resolute commitment to folly

C:B:Ep:4

36. To what have the Gentiles given themselves over to (Eph. 4:19)

- A. Evil
- B. Wickedness
- C. Uncleanness
- D. Sensuality

D:B:Ep:4

37. What are the Gentiles full of (Eph. 4:19)

- A. Wickedness
- B. Uncleaness
- C. Greed
- D. Selfishness

C:B:Ep:4

38. In what do the Gentiles indulge (Eph. 4:19)

- A. All the vices of the body
- B. Every kind of impurity
- C. The wickedness of their hearts
- D. Their lusts and evil desires

B:I:Ep:4

39. How were the Ephesians taught (Eph. 4:20)

- A. According to the truth that is in Jesus
- B. According to the mercies of God
- C. According to the indwelling Holy Spirit
- D. According to their calling in Christ

A:B:Ep:4

40. What were the Ephesians taught to put off (Eph. 4:22)

- A. The torn garments
- B. Their old self
- C. The soil of this world

D. Their lustful thoughts

B:B:Ep:4

41. By what was their old selves corrupted (Eph. 4:22)

- A. Evil thoughts
- B. The lack of understanding
- C. Deceitful desires
- D. Rebellion against everything that is good

C:B:Ep:4

42. For what was the new self created (Eph. 4:24)

- A. To glorify God forever
- B. To follow Christ our head
- C. To become part of the body
- D. To be like God

D:B:Ep:4

43. How is the new self created to be like God (Eph. 4:24)

- A. The renewing of our minds
- B. Grace and mercy
- C. True righteousness and holiness
- D. Grace and truth in Christ

C:B:Ep:4

44. What does Paul tell them each of them must do to their neighbors (Eph. 4:25)

- A. Proclaim the gospel
- B. Speak truthfully
- C. Love them like ourselves
- D. Forgive them in the Lord

B:B:Ep:4

45. What are we not to do in our anger (Eph. 4:26)

- A. Sin
- B. Harm our neighbor
- C. Murder
- D. Abuse others

A:B:Ep:4

46. When one is angry, what should they not do (Eph. 4:26)

- A. Violate others
- B. Let the sun go down
- C. Pursue revenge
- D. Forsake gathering together

B:B:Ep:4

47. What is not to be given to the devil (Eph. 4:27)

- A. One thought
- B. One moment
- C. A foothold
- D. A path

C:B:Ep:4

48. What must a person who no longer steals do (Eph. 4:28)

- A. Repay what was stolen
- B. Not get angry when they are caught
- C. Resist the devil so that he flees
- D. Work with their own hands

D:B:Ep:4

49. Why should those who used to steal work (Eph. 4:28)

- A. So that they can follow Paul's example
- B. So that they can follow Christ
- C. So they can share with those in need

- D. So they can repay what they have stolen

C:B:Ep:4

50. What should not come out of your mouth (Eph. 4:29)

- A. Slander against a neighbor
- B. Any unwholesome talk
- C. Gossip
- D. Treacherous words

B:B:Ep:4

51. What should one not do to the Holy Spirit of God (Eph. 4:30)

- A. Grieve
- B. Spurn
- C. Reject
- D. Harden one's heart

A:B:Ep:4

52. All of the following are listed as vices to be gotten rid of EXCEPT (Eph. 4:31)

- A. Bitterness
- B. Envy
- C. Rage
- D. Slander
- E. Malice

B:I:Ep:4

53. What should we be to one another (Eph. 4:32)

- A. Wise and understanding
- B. A messenger of Christ
- C. Kind and compassionate
- D. Strong and steadfast

C:B:Ep:4

54. What should we do just as in Christ God did (Eph. 4:32)

- A. Love one another
- B. Speak to one another in spiritual songs and words
- C. Correct and guide one another
- D. Forgive each other

D:B:Ep:4

Ephesians 5

1. Whose example does Paul say to follow as loved children (Eph. 5:1)

- A. David's
- B. God's
- C. Paul's
- D. Christ's

B:B:Ep:5

2. In what way does Paul tell the Ephesians to walk (Eph. 5:2)

- A. In the way of righteousness
- B. In the way of truth
- C. In the way of love
- D. In the way of forgiveness

C:B:Ep:5

3. How did Christ offer himself up for us in love (Eph. 5:2)

- A. As a tender lamb of God
- B. As an aroma pleasing to the Lord
- C. Shedding his own blood as a lamb without spot and blemish
- D. As a fragrant offering and sacrifice

D:B:Ep:5

4. How does Paul say Christ loved us as a model we are to follow (Eph. 5:2)

- A. Forgiving our sins and all who believe
- B. In grace and truth
- C. Gave himself up for us
- D. With prayers and supplications to God

C:B:Ep:5

5. Paul tells them there must not even be a hint of all of the following among them EXCEPT (Eph. 5:3)

- A. Sexual immorality
- B. Bitterness
- C. Greed
- D. Impurity

B:B:Ep:5

6. Paul lists all of the following as out of place EXCEPT (Eph. 5:4)

- A. Lies
- B. Obscenity
- C. Foolish talk
- D. Coarse joking

A:I:Ep:5

7. For whom does Paul say greed and impurity are improper (Eph. 5:3)

- A. The pure body of Christ
- B. God's holy people
- C. Those who are called
- D. Followers of the way

B:I:Ep:5

8. Instead of coarse joking and foolish talk, what does Paul say should be (Eph. 5:4)

- A. Praise
- B. Wholesome words
- C. Thanksgiving
- D. Truthfulness

C:I:Ep:5

9. All of the following are listed as not having any inheritance in the kingdom of Christ EXCEPT (Eph. 5:5)

- A. No immoral person
- B. No impure person

- C. No greedy person
- D. No slanderous person

D:I:Ep:5

10. How does Paul label people who are immoral, impure and greedy (Eph. 5:5)

- A. As wicked
- B. As uncircumcised of heart
- C. As idolaters
- D. As ungodly

C:B:Ep:5

11. In what do people who are immoral, impure and greedy not have an inheritance in (Eph. 5:5)

- A. Those God has called
- B. The kingdom of Christ and God
- C. The land of the righteous
- D. The body of Christ

B:B:Ep:5

12. With what does Paul warn them not to be deceived (Eph. 5:6)

- A. Empty words
- B. Treacherous words
- C. Slanderous words
- D. Denials of Christ

A:B:Ep:5

13. What does Paul say comes on the disobedient (Eph. 5:6)

- A. God's judgment
- B. God's wrath
- C. God's punishment
- D. God's disappointment

B:B:Ep:5

14. On whom does Paul say the wrath of God comes (Eph. 5:6)

- A. The wicked
- B. The greedy
- C. The disobedient
- D. The sexually impure

C:I:Ep:5

15. What kind of children should they live as (Eph. 5:8)

- A. Obedient
- B. Holy and blameless
- C. Faithful
- D. Light

D:B:Ep:5

16. All of the following are listed as the fruit of light EXCEPT (Eph. 5:9)

- A. Goodness
- B. Righteousness
- C. Faithfulness
- D. Truth

C:B:Ep:5

17. What does Paul tell them they should find out (Eph. 5:10)

- A. What the Spirit whispers
- B. What pleases God
- C. The way of righteousness
- D. How to enter the kingdom

B:B:Ep:5

18. With what does Paul tell them not to have anything to do with (Eph. 5:11)

- A. The fruitless deeds of darkness

- B. The wickedness of this world
- C. Greed and impurity
- D. Evil deeds of the disobedient

A:B:Ep:5

19. What does Paul say they should do to the fruitless deeds of darkness (Eph. 5:11)

- A. Flee them
- B. Expose them
- C. Overcome them
- D. Destroy them

B:B:Ep:5

20. What is shameful even to mention (Eph. 5:12)

- A. The works of the evil one
- B. What they do upon whom the wrath of God comes
- C. What the disobedient do in secret
- D. The deeds of darkness

C:B:Ep:5

21. What becomes visible (Eph. 5:13)

- A. Everything revealed on that final day
- B. The deeds of darkness
- C. All the wonderful works of God
- D. Everything exposed to the light

D:B:Ep:5

22. What will Christ do on the sleeper and dead (Eph. 5:14)

- A. Breath on them
- B. Shake them
- C. Shine on them
- D. Anoint them

C:B:Ep:5

23. Who will Christ shine on as it is said (Eph. 5:14)

- A. The righteous and the unrighteous
- B. The sleeper and dead
- C. The workers of iniquity
- D. Those doing the deeds of darkness

B:B:Ep:5

24. Why should one make the most of every opportunity (Eph. 5:16)

- A. Because the days are evil
- B. Because Christ is returning
- C. Because the time is short
- D. Because it may not come again

A:B:Ep:5

25. Paul tells them they should be careful to live as _____ (Eph. 5:15)

- A. Holy
- B. Wise
- C. Righteous
- D. Examples

B:I:Ep:5

26. What does Paul suggest they should understand rather than being foolish (Eph. 5:17)

- A. How great the mystery of God is
- B. The depths of Christ love
- C. What the Lord's will is
- D. The path of the righteous

C:B:Ep:5

27. What does Paul say they should do rather than getting drunk (Eph. 5:18)

- A. Be sober in word and deed

- B. Submit to Christ
- C. Examine themselves
- D. Be filled with the Spirit

D:B:Ep:5

28. What does Paul say they should not do as opposed being filled with the Spirit (Eph. 5:18)

- A. Destroy Christ's body
- B. Follow empty words
- C. Get drunk
- D. Be filled with uncleanness

C:I:Ep:5

29. To what does drunkenness lead (Eph. 5:18)

- A. Impurity
- B. Debauchery
- C. Greed
- D. Intemperance

B:I:Ep:5

30. Paul tells them they should speak to one another in all of the following manners EXCEPT (Eph. 5:19)

- A. Praise
- B. Psalms
- C. Hymns
- D. Songs from the Spirit

A:I:Ep:5

31. What should they do from their heart to the Lord (Eph. 5:19)

- A. Fast and pray
- B. Sing and make music

- C. Rejoice and praise
- D. Seek and ask

B:I:Ep:5

32. What does Paul say they should always do to God the Father (Eph. 5:20)

- A. Trust
- B. Submit
- C. Give thanks
- D. Rejoice

C:B:Ep:5

33. How does Paul say we should give thanks in everything to God (Eph. 5:20)

- A. With meekness and soberness
- B. In the power of the Holy Spirit
- C. With bowed heads before the Father
- D. In the name of our Lord Jesus Christ

D:B:Ep:5

34. Why should they submit to one another (Eph. 5:21)

- A. Because they submit to God
- B. Following Christ's example
- C. Out of reverence for Christ
- D. Out of the fear of the Lord

C:B:Ep:5

35. What does Paul direct wives to do (Eph. 5:22)

- A. Be united with their husbands
- B. Submit to their own husbands
- C. Love their husbands with all their hearts
- D. Become one with their husbands

B:B:Ep:5

36. How were wives to submit to their husbands (Eph. 5:22)

- A. As to the Lord
- B. As led by the Spirit
- C. As to Christ their head
- D. As the church does to Christ

A:I:Ep:5

37. What metaphor does Paul use to the husband's relationship to his wife (Eph. 5:23)

- A. Heart
- B. Head
- C. Source
- D. King

B:B:Ep:5

38. How is Christ's relationship to the church described? He is it's _____ (Eph. 5:23)

- A. Foundation
- B. Heart
- C. Head
- D. King

C:B:Ep:5

39. The church is described as Christ's _____ (Eph. 5:23)

- A. Heart
- B. Robe
- C. Wife
- D. Body

D:B:Ep:5

40. What should the church do to Christ (Eph. 5:24)

- A. Listen to
- B. Obey

C. Submit

D. Follow

C:B:Ep:5

41. What are husbands to do for their wives (Eph. 5:25)

A. Listen to them

B. Love them

C. Nurture them

D. Honor them

B:B:Ep:5

42. How did Christ love the church (Eph. 5:25)

A. He gave himself up for her

B. He shed his precious blood for her

C. He brought her to himself

D. He protected her

A:B:Ep:5

43. Why did Christ give himself up for the church (Eph. 5:26)

A. To make her obedient

B. To make her holy

C. To make her his

D. To make her without spot and blemish

B:B:Ep:5

44. How did Christ cleanse the church (Eph. 5:26)

A. By anointing her with the oil of the Spirit

B. By sending his Spirit to purify her without spot

C. By the washing with water through the word

D. By shedding his own precious blood for her

C:B:Ep:5

45. Christ presented the church to himself in all of the following ways EXCEPT (Eph. 5:27)

- A. Without stain or wrinkle
- B. Without blemish
- C. Holy and blameless
- D. Pure and undefiled

D:B:Ep:5

46. How should husbands love their wives (Eph. 5:28)

- A. As much as they love other members of the church
- B. As much as they love the things of this world
- C. As much as they love their own bodies
- D. As much as they love Christ

C:B:Ep:5

47. What has no one ever hated (Eph. 5:29)

- A. Money
- B. Their own body
- C. Their own possessions
- D. Their own home

B:B:Ep:5

48. Of what are we members (Eph. 5:30)

- A. Christ's body
- B. The olive tree
- C. The congregation of the righteous
- D. The redeemed community

A:B:Ep:5

49. For his wife, whom should a man leave (Eph. 5:31)

- A. His possessions

- B. His father and mother
- C. His house and home
- D. His selfish desires

B:B:Ep:5

50. In marriage, what do the two become (Eph. 5:31)

- A. One soul
- B. One mind
- C. One flesh
- D. One heart

C:B:Ep:5

51. In speaking of the unity in marriage, what profound mystery is Paul speaking about (Eph. 5:32)

- A. The union of a man and a woman
- B. The heavenly and earthly kingdoms
- C. The union of the trinity
- D. Christ and the church

D:B:Ep:5

52. What must the wife do for her husband (Eph. 5:33)

- A. Forgive him
- B. Give herself to him
- C. Respect him
- D. Cherish him

C:B:Ep:5

53. How much must the husband love his wife (Eph. 5:33)

- A. As much as he loves the church
- B. As much as he loves himself
- C. As much as he loves Christ

D. As much as he loves his father and mother

B:B:Ep:5

Ephesians 6

1. What is right for children to do (Eph. 6:1)

- A. Obey their parents
- B. Submit to their parents
- C. Follow their parents' example
- D. Listen to their elders

A:B:Ep:6

2. Honoring your father and mother is the first commandment with what (Eph. 6:2)

- A. An oath
- B. A promise
- C. A punishment
- D. A reward

B:B:Ep:6

3. What is the first commandment with a promise (Eph. 6:2)

- A. You should not lie
- B. You should not covet
- C. Honor your father and mother
- D. Keep the Sabbath holy

C:B:Ep:6

4. The commandment to honor one's father and mother will result in _____ (Eph. 6:3)

- A. Prosperity
- B. Success
- C. Favor with God
- D. Long life

D:B:Ep:6

5. What should fathers not do to their children (Eph. 6:4)

- A. Criticize

- B. Rebuke
- C. Exasperate
- D. Abuse

C:B:Ep:6

6. What should fathers do for their children (Eph. 6:4)

- A. Give them an inheritance in the Lord and in the church
- B. Bring them up in the training and instruction of the Lord
- C. Guide them into the fear of the Lord and teach them wisdom
- D. Train them in the way they should go so they may live long

B:B:Ep:6

7. What should slaves do to their masters (Eph. 6:5)

- A. Obey them
- B. Submit to them
- C. Pray for them
- D. Serve them well

A:B:Ep:6

8. What attitude should slaves have toward their masters (Eph. 6:5)

- A. Joy and thanksgiving
- B. Respect and fear
- C. Humility and kindness
- D. Thankfulness and contentment

B:B:Ep:6

9. How should slaves not obey their masters (Eph. 6:6)

- A. Not with a bitter heart
- B. Not out of envy and jealousy
- C. Not just to win their favor
- D. Not just superficially

C:I:Ep:6

10. How should Christian slaves serve their masters (Eph. 6:7)

- A. Sincerely
- B. Absolutely
- C. Humbly
- D. Wholeheartedly

D:I:Ep:6

11. How should Christian slaves serve their masters (Eph. 6:7)

- A. As if they were an honorable king
- B. As if they were their parents
- C. As if serving the Lord
- D. As if serving their wives

C:B:Ep:6

12. For slaves what will the Lord reward (Eph. 6:8)

- A. Faithful service in the name of Christ
- B. Whatever good they do
- C. Humility in Christ
- D. Loyalty and service in the name of Christ

B:I:Ep:6

13. What should masters not do to their slaves (Eph. 6:9)

- A. Threaten them
- B. Beat them
- C. Be harsh with them
- D. Work them beyond measure

A:I:Ep:6

14. What should masters keep in mind (Eph. 6:9)

- A. They all serve the same king

- B. That both of them have a Master in heaven
- C. That Christ died for both of them
- D. That they are now brothers and sisters in Christ

B:I:Ep:6

14. What is not found with their Master in heaven (Eph. 6:9)

- A. Wickedness
- B. Bonds
- C. Favoritism
- D. Unrighteousness

C:I:Ep:6

15. In what should we be strong (Eph. 6:10)

- A. In our faith
- B. In our love
- C. In the calling by which you were called
- D. In the Lord's mighty power

D:B:Ep:6

16. Why should they put on the full armor of God (Eph. 6:11)

- A. So that they may be victorious on the day of Christ
- B. So that they may protect themselves from evil
- C. So that they may stand against the devil's schemes
- D. So that they may fulfill the fullness of Christ

C:B:Ep:6

17. What should they do to stand against the devil's schemes (Eph. 6:11)

- A. Resist the devil so that he flees
- B. Put on the full armor of God
- C. Come into the fortress of God
- D. Trust God as their rock

B:B:Ep:6

18. What is our struggle not with (Eph. 6:12)

- A. Flesh and blood
- B. Kings and rulers of this world
- C. Warriors of the flesh
- D. The principles of earthly realms

A:B:Ep:6

19. What is our struggle against (Eph. 6:12)

- A. Lusts of the flesh and blood
- B. Rulers of this dark world
- C. Pride of life
- D. The forces of the evil one

B:B:Ep:6

20. What is our struggle against (Eph. 6:12)

- A. Lusts of the flesh and blood
- B. Pride of life conquering this dark world
- C. Spiritual forces of evil in heavenly realms
- D. The armies of the evil one in this world

C:B:Ep:6

21. What should one put on so that they may stand when the day of evil comes (Eph. 6:13)

- A. The grace and mercy of God
- B. The redemption in Christ
- C. Shield of righteousness
- D. The full armor of God

D:B:Ep:6

22. What belt is to be buckled around your waist as part of the full armor of God (Eph. 6:14)

- A. The belt mercy
- B. The belt of justice
- C. The belt of truth
- D. The belt of holiness

C:B:Ep:6

23. What should be in place from the full armor of God (Eph. 6:14)

- A. The shoes of the gospel
- B. The breastplate of righteousness
- C. The sword of truth
- D. The belt of the word of God

B:B:Ep:6

24. What should your feet be fitted with making them ready (Eph. 6:15)

- A. The gospel of peace
- B. The righteousness of God
- C. Steadfast love
- D. Sandals of salvation

A:B:Ep:6

25. What kind of shield was part of the full armor of God (Eph. 6:16)

- A. Truth
- B. Faith
- C. Justice
- D. Holiness

B:B:Ep:6

26. What can the shield of faith do (Eph. 6:16)

- A. Defend against the darts of the devil

- B. Resist the wiles of the rulers of this dark world
- C. Extinguish the flaming arrows of the evil one
- D. Protect your heart and mind

C:B:Ep:6

27. In the armor of God, what is the helmet (Eph. 6:17)

- A. Righteousness
- B. Peace
- C. Justice
- D. Salvation

D:B:Ep:6

28. In the armor of God, what is the sword (Eph. 6:17)

- A. The truth
- B. Righteousness
- C. The Spirit
- D. The gifts of the Spirit

C:B:Ep:6

29. What is the sword of the Spirit (Eph. 6:17)

- A. The peace of Christ
- B. The word of God
- C. The gifts of the Spirit
- D. The proclamation of the gospel

B:B:Ep:6

30. What should one do on all occasions (Eph. 6:18)

- A. Pray
- B. Sing
- C. Submit
- D. Rejoice

A:I:Ep:6

31. For what should one always pray with all kinds of prayers and requests (Eph. 6:18)

- A. For those in need
- B. For the Lord's people
- C. For those who are called
- D. For those who cannot stand

B:B:Ep:6

32. What does Paul want the Ephesians to pray for him (Eph. 6:19)

- A. That he might be able to preach the gospel in Rome
- B. That he may himself put on the whole armor of God
- C. That he may make known the mystery of the gospel
- D. That he may not fall away as many of Israel did

C:B:Ep:6

33. How does Paul ask them to pray that he might make known the mystery of the gospel (Eph. 6:19f)

- A. With joy
- B. With power
- C. Honestly
- D. Fearlessly

D:I:Ep:6

34. How does Paul describe his own situation at the end of the book of Ephesians (Eph. 6:20)

- A. An apostle of the mystery of the gospel
- B. A soldier of Christ in full armor
- C. An ambassador in chains
- D. A servant of Christ

C:B:Ep:6

35. Who will tell the Ephesians everything so they may know how Paul is doing (Eph. 6:21)

- A. Epaphroditus
- B. Tychicus
- C. Aquila
- D. Phoebe

B:I:Ep:6

36. What does Paul call Tychicus (Eph. 6:21)

- A. The dear brother and faithful servant
- B. Our co-worker in Christ
- C. A hard worker for the Lord and for them
- D. His dear friend and brother in the Lord

A:I:Ep:6

37. Why Paul was sending Tychicus to the Ephesians (Eph. 6:22)

- A. So that he may have some fruit among them
- B. So that he may encourage them
- C. So that he may call them to repentance
- D. So that he may present the gospel to them

B:I:Ep:6

38. With what does Paul bless them from God the Father (Eph. 6:23)

- A. Hope and grace
- B. Grace and truth
- C. Love with faith
- D. Gentleness and meekness

C:B:Ep:6

39. Paul commends grace to all who love Christ in what manner (Eph. 6:24)

- A. Hopeful joy

- B. Grace and truth
- C. Undying love
- D. Wisdom and understanding

C:I:Ep:6