

## **Habakkuk Multiple Choice Questions [NIV based]**

B=Beginning, I=Intermediate; A= Advanced

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### **Habakkuk 1 Multiple Choice Questions**

1. What did Habakkuk receive (Hab 1:1)?

- A. A prophecy
- B. A vision
- C. An oracle
- D. A message

C:B:Hb:1

2. What does Habakkuk say was God's response to his call for help (Hab 1:2)?

- A. He heard his cry
- B. He did not listen
- C. He answered his prayer
- D. He ignored his plea

B:B:Hb:1

3. What did Habakkuk cry out to God (Hab 1:2)?

- A. Help
- B. Save
- C. Why
- D. Violence

D:B:Hb:1

4. What was God's response when Habakkuk cried out "Violence" (Hab 1:2)?

- A. He did not save

- B. He did not listen
- C. He ignored it
- D. He answered his prayer

A:B:Hb:1

5. What did Habakkuk complain that God made him look at (Hab 1:3)?

- A. Violence
- B. Injustice
- C. Wickedness
- D. Uncleaness

B:B:Hb:1

6. What did Habakkuk complain that God had tolerated (Hab 1:3)?

- A. Unrighteousness
- B. Folly
- C. Wrong
- D. Violence

C:B:Hb:1

7. Habakkuk complained all of the following were before him or abounded EXCEPT (Hab 1:3)

- A. Destruction
- B. Violence
- C. Strife
- D. Wickedness
- E. Conflict

D:A:Hb:1

8. What does Habakkuk complain is paralyzed (Hab 1:4)?

- A. The law

- B. The hand of the Lord
- C. Righteousness
- D. Forgiveness

A:B:Hb:1

9. What does Habakkuk complain never prevails (Hab 1:4)?

- A. Righteousness
- B. Justice
- C. Wisdom
- D. Forgiveness

B:B:Hb:1

10. What do the wicked do to the righteous (Hab 1:4)?

- A. They destroy them
- B. They mock them
- C. They hem them in
- D. They taunt them

C:I:Hb:1

11. What does Habakkuk complain has happened to justice (Hab 1:4)?

- A. It is silent
- B. It is nowhere to be found
- C. It hides
- D. It is perverted

D:B:Hb:1

12. What did God tell Habakkuk to look at and be amazed (Hab 1:5)?

- A. The heavens
- B. The mountains

- C. The nations
- D. The walls of Jerusalem

C:B:Hb:1

13. What did God say he would do (Hab 1:5)?

- A. Something never been done before
- B. Something he would not believe
- C. Something that was beyond understanding
- D. Something unpredictable

B:I:Hb:1

14. Who did God say he was going to raise up (Hab 1:6)?

- A. The Babylonians
- B. The Assyrians
- C. The Persians
- D. The Egyptians

A:B:Hb:1

15. What do the Babylonians seize (Hab 1:6)?

- A. Plunder
- B. Dwelling places not their own
- C. Fortresses beyond their borders
- D. Slaves from all the world

B:I:Hb:1

16. God characterizes the Babylonians he is raising up in all of the following ways EXCEPT (Hab 1:6)

- A. Ruthless and impetuous
- B. Feared and dreaded

- C. Brutal and violent
- D. A law to themselves

C:B:Hb:1

17. What are the Babylonian's horses are faster than (Hab 1:7)?

- A. The wind
- B. Lightning
- C. An eagle
- D. Leopards

D:I:Hb:1

18. What are the Babylonians fiercer than (Hab 1:8)?

- A. Lions on the prowl
- B. Snake on a rock
- C. Wolves at dusk
- D. A bear protecting its cubs

C:I:Hb:1

19. To what is the Babylonian cavalry likened (Hab 1:8)?

- A. Locusts devouring everything in their path
- B. Flying like a vulture swooping to devour
- C. Running like a lion catching a deer
- D. Fast as a desert storm

B:B:Hb:1

20. How do their hordes advance (Hab 1:9)?

- A. Like a desert wind
- B. Like locusts blown in from the desert
- C. Like a storm off the ocean

- D. Like an unstoppable wave

A:I:Hb:1

21. Whom do the Babylonians deride (Hab 1:10)?

- A. Other nations
- B. Kings
- C. Foreign gods
- D. The captives

B:B:Hb:1

22. How do the Babylonians capture cities (Hab 1:10)?

- A. They lay siege to them
- B. They burn down their gates
- C. They build earthen ramps
- D. They shoot fiery arrows into the city

C:B:Hb:1

23. How do the Babylonians gather prisoners (Hab 1:9)?

- A. Like wheat for sifting
- B. Like harvesting grapes
- C. Like the stars of the heavens
- D. Like sand

D:I:Hb:1

24. What is the god of the Babylonians (Hab 1:11)?

- A. Their greed
- B. Marduk
- C. Their own strength
- D. Their chariots

C:B:Hb:1

25. Habakkuk calls “My God” his \_\_\_\_\_ (Hab 1:12)

- A. My King
- B. My Holy One
- C. My Father
- D. My Master

B:I:Hb:1

26. Habakkuk calls “My God” \_\_\_\_\_ (Hab 1:12)

- A. My Shepherd
- B. The Ancient of Days
- C. Rock
- D. Master

C:B:Hb:1

27. What does Habakkuk say God’s relationship with evil cannot be (Hab 1:13)?

- A. His hands will surely not allow it
- B. His ears cannot hear of it
- C. His heart is too righteous to tolerate it
- D. His eyes are too pure to look upon it

D:B:Hb:1

28. Habakkuk saying God cannot tolerate wrong asks him how he can tolerate \_\_\_\_\_ (Hab 1:13)

- A. Injustice
- B. The Unrighteous
- C. The treacherous
- D. The wicked

C:B:Hb:1

29. What happens when God is silent (Hab 1:13)?

- A. The strong take advantage of the weak
- B. The wicked swallow up the more righteous than themselves
- C. The violent abuse their victims
- D. The treacherous ensnare the unsuspecting

B:B:Hb:1

30. Like what does Habakkuk say God has made humans (Hab 1:14)?

- A. Like fish in the sea that have no ruler
- B. Like sheep to the slaughter
- C. Like ants which work for so little
- D. Like vultures devouring anything that is dying

A:B:Hb:1

31. Who have no ruler over them (Hab 1:14)?

- A. Ants
- B. Sea creatures
- C. Lions
- D. Birds

B:I:Hb:1

32. The wicked catches others up with all of the following methods EXCEPT (Hab 1:15)

- A. Hooks
- B. Nets
- C. Spears
- D. Drag nets

C:B:Hb:1

33. To what do the wicked burn incense (Hab 1:16)?



- A. The work of his hands
- B. His idols of gold
- C. His might
- D. His dragnet

D:I:Hb:1

34. By what does the wicked's net provide (Hab 1:16)?

- A. Luxury
- B. Plunder
- C. Slaves
- D. Captives

A:B:Hb:1

35. Habakkuk asks God if the wicked are to keep on emptying there nets resulting in what (Hab 1:17)?

- A. No fish left in the sea
- B. Destroying nations without mercy
- C. Exiling the people of Israel
- D. Plunder piled over top of their walls

B:B:Hb:1

## Habakkuk 2

1. Where does Habakkuk say he will station himself to see how God will answer him (Hab 2:1)?

- A. On the city walls
- B. At the city gate
- C. On the ramparts
- D. On the mountain top

C:B:Hb:2

2. What was Habakkuk asked to do with God's revelation (Hab 2:2)?

- A. Eat the message
- B. Rehearse it in the ears of the people
- C. Carve it into stone
- D. Write it down

D:B:Hb:2

3. Why did Habakkuk stand at his watch (Hab 2:1)?

- A. To see what God would say to him
- B. To express his complaint
- C. To see the Babylonians coming
- D. To guard his people as a watchman

A:B:Hb:2

4. Why was Habakkuk to write the revelation on tablets (Hab 2:2)?

- A. So that all could read it
- B. So that a herald may run with it
- C. So that those at the temple may read it
- D. So that it may be placed in the ark of the covenant

B:B:Hb:2

5. What does the revelation wait for (Hab 2:3)?

- A. The coming of the Lord
- B. The coming of the Babylonians
- C. An appointed time
- D. That day

C:I:Hb:2

6. While the revelation may linger what is Habakkuk to do (Hab 2:3)?

- A. Proclaim it
- B. Read it to the king
- C. Preach it in the city gate
- D. Wait for it

D:B:Hb:2

7. How will the righteous live (Hab 2:4)?

- A. By faith
- B. By hope
- C. By the word of the Lord
- D. By grace

A:B:Hb:2

8. What betrays him (Babylonians) (Hab 2:5)?

- A. His friend
- B. Wine
- C. His strength
- D. His enemies

B:I:Hb:2

9. How is his [Babylon's] greed described (Hab 2:5)?

- A. As a vulture
- B. As a lion

- C. As the grave
- D. As the desert

C:I:Hb:2

10. What is never satisfied (Hab 2:5)?

- A. The desert
- B. A lion
- C. The land
- D. Death

D:B:Hb:2

11. What does he [Babylon] do to all people (Hab 2:5)?

- A. Takes them captive
- B. Enslaves them
- C. Destroys them
- D. Sheds their blood

A:B:Hb:2

12. What does he [Babylon] gather to himself (Hab 2:5)?

- A. Silver and gold
- B. All the nations
- C. Foreign plunder
- D. Idols of each city

B:B:Hb:2

13. How does he [Babylon] make himself wealthy (Hab 2:6)?

- A. By violence
- B. By stealing
- C. By extortion
- D. By treachery

C:I:Hb:2

14. How will people react to him [Babylon] (Hab 2:6)?

- A. They will weep for his fall
- B. They will flee into caves from him
- C. They will rejoice over him
- D. They will taunt him with ridicule

D:I:Hb:2

15. Who will make Babylon the victim (Hab 2:7)?

- A. Their debtors
- B. Their enemies
- C. Their own princes
- D. The Lord

A:I:Hb:2

16. Who will plunder Babylon (Hab 2:8)?

- A. Persia
- B. The peoples who are left
- C. Their enemies
- D. Those they had destroyed

B:I:Hb:2

17. Babylon is accused of doing all of the following EXCEPT (Hab 2:8)

- A. Plundering many nations
- B. Shedding people's blood
- C. Toppling fortresses and towers
- D. Destroying land and cities

C:B:Hb:2

18. Woe is pronounced on the one who builds his realm with \_\_\_\_\_ (Hab 2:9)

- A. Violence
- B. Corruption
- C. Exploiting the poor
- D. Unjust gain

D:B:Hb:2

19. What will they do to escape the clutches of ruin (Hab 2:9)?

- A. Set his nest on high
- B. Fortified his walls
- C. Reinforced his gates
- D. Dwelt on a mountain top

A:B:Hb:2

20. How have the Babylonians forfeited their life (Hab 2:10)?

- A. Burning the holy city
- B. Plotting the ruin of many peoples
- C. Exiling the son of Israel
- D. Dominating the fatherless and widows

B:I:Hb:2

21. What will cry out against the Babylonians (Hab 2:11)?

- A. The cedars of Lebanon
- B. Those they have enslaved
- C. Stones of the wall
- D. The children

C:B:Hb:2

22. What will echo the stones of the wall crying out (Hab 2:11)?

- A. The fields surrounding the city
- B. The mountains

- C. The trees of the field
- D. The beams of the woodwork

D:A:Hb:2

23. Who receives a “woe” (Hab 2:12)?

- A. One who builds a city with bloodshed
- B. One who exiles their neighbors who trusted them
- C. One who makes an empire of slaves
- D. One who builds temples to idols

A:B:Hb:2

24. Who receives a “woe” (Hab 2:12)?

- A. One who exiles their neighbors who trusted them
- B. One who establishes a town by injustice
- C. One who makes an empire of slaves
- D. One who builds temples to idols

B:I:Hb:2

25. For what do the nations exhaust themselves (Hab 2:13)?

- A. Gold and silver
- B. Plunder
- C. Nothing
- D. Violence

C:I:Hb:2

26. With what will the earth be filled (Hab 2:14)?

- A. The light of the Lord
- B. Violence and oppression at the hands of cruel masters
- C. The goodness of the Lord in the land of the living
- D. The knowledge of the glory of the Lord

D:B:Hb:2

27. Like what will the knowledge of the glory of the Lord fill the earth (Hab 2:14)?

- A. As the waters cover the sea
- B. As the sand on the seashore
- C. As the stars of the heaven
- D. As the sun lights up the sky

A:B:Hb:2

28. Who receives a “woe” (Nah 2:15)?

- A. One saying what is wrong is right and what is right is wrong
- B. One pouring from the wineskin until they are drunk
- C. Those to swing their swords against those who trusted them
- D. One prophesying of peace when there is no peace

B:I:Hb:2

29. Why does one keep pouring from a wineskin until their companion is drunk (Hab 2:15)?

- A. So they will not oppose them
- B. So they can lead them away into exile
- C. So they can gaze on their naked bodies
- D. So they can oppress the needy

C:B:Hb:2

30. With what will the Babylonians be filled (Hab 2:16)?

- A. Violence
- B. Injustice
- C. Cruelty
- D. Shame

D:I:Hb:2

31. Habakkuk says what turn is it for the Babylonians now (Hab 2:16)?



- A. To drink and let their nakedness be exposed
- B. To have their walls destroyed and left as ruins
- C. To flee from their enemies
- D. To have their temples destroyed with fire

A:B:Hb:2

32. What is coming around to the Babylonians (Hab 2:16)?

- A. A whirlwind blinding their eyes
- B. The cup from the Lord's right hand
- C. The robe of the Lord's wrath
- D. What they had done to others

B:B:Hb:2

33. What will overwhelm the Babylonians (Hab 2:17)?

- A. A wave of God's wrath
- B. The sword of the Lord
- C. The violence they had done to Lebanon
- D. A fire will consume the walls of Babylon

C:I:Hb:2

34. What will terrify the Babylonians (Hab 2:17)?

- A. A shadow of darkness that will come over the land
- B. The Medes and the Persians
- C. The sun will be turned to blood
- D. Their destruction of the animals

D:B:Hb:2

35. What teaches lies (Hab 2:18)?

- A. The king of Babylon
- B. An image

- C. The false prophets
- D. The priests of Marduk

B:I:Hb:2

36. What does God point to that the Babylonian idols cannot do (Hab 2:18)?

- A. Speak
- B. Walk
- C. Listen
- D. Raise their hand

A:B:Hb:2

37. To whom is there a woe (Hab 2:19)?

- A. Who says to wood “Come to life”
- B. To the one crafting idols of gold
- C. To those who withhold justice
- D. To those who worship idols

A:I:Hb:2

38. What does an idol not have (Hab 2:19)?

- A. Life
- B. Breathe
- C. Sight
- D. Hands

B:B:Hb:2

39. Where is the Lord while the whole earth is to be silent before him (Hab 2:20)?

- A. Between the cherubim
- B. In the land of Israel
- C. In his holy temple
- D. In new Jerusalem

C:B:Hb:2

40. When God is in his holy temple what should the response of the world be (Hab 2:20)?

- A. Hiding from his wrath
- B. Covering their lips
- C. Bowing to the ground before him
- D. Silent before him

D:B:Hb:2

## Habakkuk 3

1. On what does Habakkuk offer his prayer (Hab 3:1)?

- A. On Alamothe
- B. On Gittith
- C. On Miktam
- D. On Shigionoth

D:A:Hb:3

2. In Habakkuk's prayer he says what has he heard of (Hab 3:2)?

- A. The violence of the Chaldeans
- B. The Lord's fame
- C. The Lord's great compassion
- D. The Lord's mighty arm

B:I:Hb:3

3. What does Habakkuk pray God would remember in wrath (Hab 3:2)?

- A. Forgiveness
- B. Love
- C. Mercy
- D. Redemption

C:B:Hb:3

4. What does Habakkuk ask God to renew in his day (Hab 3:2)?

- A. His presence in the temple
- B. Deliverance from bondage
- C. His covenant
- D. His deeds

D:B:Hb:3

5. Where does Habakkuk say God came from (Hab 3:3)?

- A. Zion
- B. Teman
- C. Thebes
- D. Sinai

B:A:Hb:3

6. What does God's praise fill (Hab 3:3)?

- A. The earth
- B. The heavens
- C. The land of Israel
- D. Mount Zion

A:B:Hb:3

7. From what mount does the Holy One come from (Hab 3:3)?

- A. Sinai
- B. Zion
- C. Paran
- D. Nebo

C:B:Hb:3

8. What does Habakkuk say God's splendor is like (Hab 3:4)?

- A. The lofty mountains of Sinai
- B. A thunder storm in the desert
- C. The sunrise with rays flashing
- D. A gentle rain in the summer

C:B:Hb:3

9. Where do rays flash from (Hab 3:4)?

- A. From the heavens
- B. From his throne

- C. From his eyes
- D. From his hand

D:I:Hb:3

10. What went before God (Hab 3:5)?

- A. Glory
- B. Plague
- C. Flashing rays
- D. Famine

B:I:Hb:3

11. What did pestilence do (Hab 3:5)?

- A. Went before God
- B. Flowed from his throne
- C. Followed his steps
- D. Smote the land

C:I:Hb:3

12. What happened when God stood (Hab 3:6)?

- A. The earth shook
- B. The mountains clapped their hands
- C. The sun was darkened
- D. The moon turned to blood

A:B:Hb:3

13. When God stood what happened to the ancient mountains (Hab 3:6)?

- A. They were flattened
- B. They crumbled
- C. They shook
- D. They leaped

B:B:Hb:3

14. How does Habakkuk describe God's ways (Hab 3:6)?

- A. Straight
- B. Steadfast
- C. Eternal
- D. Just and right

C:I:Hb:3

15. Whose tents did Habakkuk see in distress (Hab 3:6)?

- A. Egypt
- B. Aram
- C. Gilead
- D. Cushan

D:A:Hb:3

16. Whose dwellings did Habakkuk see in anguish (Hab 3:7)?

- A. Egypt
- B. Midian
- C. Aram
- D. Gilead

B:A:Hb:3

17. What does Habakkuk portray God riding on (Hab 3:7)?

- A. On horses and his victorious chariots
- B. On the clouds of the heavens
- C. On the wings of the dawn
- D. On eagles wings swooping down to devour

A:B:Hb:3

18. What did Habakkuk ask God if he raged against (Hab 3:8)?

- A. The mountains
- B. The sea
- C. The clouds
- D. The enemy

B:B:Hb:3

19. What happened when the Lord looks (Hab 3:6)?

- A. He sees the hearts of all the people
- B. The desert caves are lit up
- C. The nations tremble
- D. The walls topple

C:I:Hb:3

20. What did God uncover (Hab 3:9)?

- A. His arm
- B. His shield
- C. Iniquity
- D. His bow

D:I:Hb:3

21. With what did God split the earth (Hab 3:9)?

- A. Earthquakes
- B. Valleys
- C. Rivers
- D. His feet

C:I:Hb:3

22. What writhed when they saw the Lord (Hab 3:10)?

- A. The mountains
- B. The rivers



- C. The sea
- D. The people

A:B:Hb:3

23. In Habakkuk's prayer what roared (Hab 3:10)?

- A. The wind
- B. The lions
- C. The deep
- D. The mountains

C:I:Hb:3

24. Habakkuk describes what happening to the sun and moon (Hab 3:11)?

- A. Turning to darkness
- B. Standing still in the heavens
- C. Becoming blood red in the sky
- D. Falling to the earth

B:I:Hb:3

25. Habakkuk describes lightning flashing from \_\_\_\_\_ (Hab 3:11)

- A. God's eyes
- B. The voice of the Lord
- C. Mount Zion
- D. God's flashing spear

D:B:Hb:3

26. What did God do in anger (Hab 3:12)?

- A. Judged the Chaldeans
- B. Threshed the nations
- C. Cut their enemies with a sickle
- D. Sent an army of locusts against them

B:I:Hb:3

27. Who did God come out to save (Hab 3:13)?

- A. His remnant
- B. His sheep
- C. His anointed one
- D. His beloved

C:B:Hb:3

28. Who did God crush (Hab 3:13)?

- A. The children of the Chaldeans
- B. The leader of the land of wickedness
- C. The priests of the foreign gods
- D. The wheat of Midian

B:I:Hb:3

29. What did God do to the leader of the land of wickedness (Hab 3:13)?

- A. Clothed him in rags
- B. Sent him into exile at the head of his people
- C. Covered his head with shame
- D. Stripped him from head to foot

D:I:Hb:3

30. What did God do with his [Chaldean's] own spear (Hab 3:14)?

- A. Pierced his head
- B. Stabbed him through the heart
- C. Gave him a fatal wound
- D. Shattered it

A:I:Hb:3

31. Who were his [Chaldean] warriors gloating as though about to devour (Hab 3:14)?

- A. Their enemies upon the city walls
- B. The wretched who were in hiding
- C. The cattle, sheep and goats
- D. Anyone who opposed them

B:I:Hb:3

32. With what did God trample the sea (Hab 3:15)?

- A. His feet
- B. His great winds
- C. His horses
- D. His chariots

C:I:Hb:3

33. When Habakkuk heard the churning of the great waters he had all of the following responses EXCEPT (Hab 3:16)

- A. His heart pounded
- B. His lips quivered
- C. His legs trembled
- D. His flesh turned white

D:B:Hb:3

34. For what will Habakkuk wait patiently (Hab 3:16)?

- A. The day of calamity coming on the nation invading Israel
- B. The Day of the Lord coming with the clouds of heaven
- C. The great day coming on all the unrighteous
- D. The time of the end when injustice will be swept away forever

A:B:Hb:3

35. What will Habakkuk do though the fig tree does not bud (Hab 3:17f)?

- A. Wait for the Lord's deliverance
- B. Rejoice in the Lord

- C. Praise God from whom all blessings flow
- D. Be silent

B:B:Hb:3

36. Habakkuk will rejoice even though all of the following happen EXCEPT (Hab 3:17)?

- A. The fig tree does not bud
- B. There are no grapes on the vines
- C. There is not wheat in the field
- D. The olive crop fails
- E. There are no sheep in the pen

C:B:Hb:3

37. Habakkuk says the Lord is \_\_\_\_\_ (Hab 3:19)

- A. His salvation
- B. His rock
- C. His Father
- D. His strength

D:B:Hb:3

38. What does God do for Habakkuk (Hab 3:19)?

- A. Makes his heart like a lion
- B. Makes his feet like the feet of a deer
- C. Makes him as strong as a bear
- D. Gives him courage

B:B:Hb:3

39. Where does God allow Habakkuk to go (Hab 3:19)?

- A. Through the valley of the shadow of death
- B. Into deep waters
- C. On the heights

D.      Onto the clouds

C:B:Hb:3

40. The prayer of Habakkuk was to be played on \_\_\_\_\_ (Hab 3:19)

- A.      Trumpets
- B.      Stringed instruments
- C.      A harp
- D.      The heights

B:I:Hb:3

41. Who is given directions at the end of Habakkuk's prayer (Hab 3:19)?

- A.      The king
- B.      The righteous
- C.      The people on Zion
- D.      The director of music

D:B:Hb:3