Joshua Multiple Choice Questions (B=Beg; I=Intermediate; A=Advanced)

By Ted Hildebrandt biblicalelearning.org (BeL)

Joshua 1 Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. Who's son was Joshua (Josh. 1:1)?
 - A. Amram
 - B. Hazar
 - C. Nun
 - D. Talmai

C:I:Jo:1

- 2. In the opening of the book of Joshua, Moses was identified as (Josh. 1:1)
 - A. The man of God
 - B. The prophet of the LORD
 - C. The judge of Israel
 - D. The servant of the LORD

D:I:Jo:1

- 3. After the death of Moses, what was Joshua instructed to cross over (Josh. 1:2)
 - A. The Desert of Paran
 - B. The Jordan River
 - C. The Plains of Moab
 - D. The Jabbok River

B:B:Jo:1

- 4. The LORD told Joshua he would give him every place (Josh. 1:3)
 - A. He set his foot
 - B. He marked with a boundary stone
 - C. As far as he would see
 - D. He needed for the tribes of Israel

A:B:Jo:1

5. The LOI	RD told Joshua he would give him the land as he had
prom	ised (Josh. 1:3)
A.	The forefathers
	Joseph
	Moses
D.	Moses, Aaron and Miriam
C:B:Jo:1	
6. The terri	tory Joshua was about to take would extend from the desert as
far as	s the (Josh. 1:4)
A.	Heights of Hermon
	River Euphrates
C.	The mountains of Galilee
D.	The plains of Bashan
B:B:Jo:1	
7. No one v	would be able to stand against Joshua because (Josh. 1:5)
A.	God would be with Joshua as he was with Moses
B.	Israel was now more numerous than the nations in the land
C.	God's angel would give them the victory
D.	The people in the land would fear and scatter
A:B:Jo:1	
8. God told	I Joshua to be strong and (Josh. 1:6)
	Нарру
	Faithful
C.	Righteous
D.	Courageous
D:B:Jo:1	
9. Joshua v	was going to lead the people to inherit the land God swore
to giv	ve (Josh. 1:6)
A.	Moses
B.	Joseph
C.	The forefathers
D.	Israel when they came out of Egypt
C:B:Jo:1	

- 10. God instructed Joshua that he was to be careful to (Josh. 1:7) Obey all the law that Moses gave him Be holy even as God was holy В. C. Love the LORD with all his heart Trust in the spirit of wisdom God would give him D. A:B:Jo:1 11. The Book of the Law was not to depart from Joshua's (Josh. 1:8) A. Heart В. Mouth C. Mind D. Sight E. Ears B:B:Jo:1 12. Joshua was to do what on the Book of the law day and night (Josh. 1:8)? Repeat it A. Not turn from it В. C. Meditate on it D. Remember it C:B:Jo:1 13. As a result of doing everything written in the Book of the law, what results would that have for Joshua (Josh. 1:8)? He would take the whole land without casualty A. В. He would live long in the land He would lead Israel all his days C. D. He would be prosperous and successful D:B:Jo:1 14. Because the LORD was with him, Joshua should not be _____ (Josh. 1:9) Afraid or discouraged
- D. Fearful or proud A:I:Jo:1

Weak or afraid

Rebellious or unfaithful

A. B.

C.

15.	Who di	d Joshua tell to tell the people to get ready to cross the Jordan
	(Josh	. 1:10)?
	A.	The elders
	B.	The officers
	C.	The priests
	D.	The Levites
B:A	:Jo:1	
16.	Joshua	told the people to get ready because in day(s) they
		d cross the Jordan to take possession of the land (Josh. 1:11)
	A.	One
	B.	Two
	C.	Three
		Seven
C:I:	Jo:1	
17	Δ11 of t	he following trans-jordan tribes were required to send their
1/.		ng men even though they had already been given land EXCEPT
	_	. 1:12)
	`	Reuben
		Issachar
	Б. С.	
		Manasseh
D.I.		Manassen
D.1.	Jo:1	
18.		he following were allowed to stay behind of the trans-jordan
	tribes	EXCEPT (Josh. 1:14)
	A.	Their wives
	В.	Their children
	C.	Their livestock
	D.	Their priests
D:A	x:Jo:1	
19.	The trai	ns-jordan tribes were to help their brothers until the LORD gave
		(Josh. 1:15)
	A.	Rest
	B.	Victory
	C.	Success
	D.	Triumph
A:B	3:Jo:1	-

- 20. The tribes from the east of Jordan told Joshua all of the following EXCEPT (Josh. 1:16f) Whatever he commanded them they would do B. Where he sent them they would go C. His will would be their command D. They would obey him as they had obeyed Moses C:I:Jo:1 21. Whoever did not obey Joshua's command would be (Josh. 1:18) A. Put outside the camp Put to death В. C. Made a slave D. Forced to draw water and chop wood B:I:Jo:1
- 22. The trans-jordan tribes told Joshua to be _____ and courageous (Josh. 1:18)
 - A. Fearless
 - B. Happy
 - C. Holy
 - D. Strong

D:B:Jo:1

- 23. The trans-jordan tribes wished that (Josh. 1:17)
 - A. God would be with Joshua as he had been with Moses
 - B. God would give Joshua everything he promised to Moses
 - C. God would deliver the Canaanites into their hands
 - D. God's pillar of fire would destroy their enemies

A:B:Jo:1

Joshua 2 Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. What did Joshua do secretly before they crossed the Jordan (Josh. 2:1)?
 - A. Gathered the priests for prayer
 - B. Trained his officers with the sword
 - C. Consulted the Urim and Thumim
 - D. Sent out spies to Jericho

D:B:Jo:2

- 2. From where did Joshua send out spies (Josh. 2:1)?
 - A. Nebo
 - B. Shittim
 - C. Hesbon
 - D. Jabbok

B:A:Jo:2

- 3. How many spies did Joshua send out to explore Jericho (Josh. 2:1)?
 - A. Two
 - B. Three
 - C. Seven
 - D. Twelve

A:B:Jo:2

- 4. Into whose house did the spies enter (Josh. 2:1)?
 - A. Deborah's
 - B. Delilah's
 - C. Rahab's
 - D. Achan's

C:B:Jo:2

- 5. What was Rahab's trade (Josh. 2:1)
 - A. A weaver
 - B. A bread maker
 - C. A prostitute
 - D. A merchant

- 6. Who sent to Rahab requesting that she bring out the spies (Josh. 2:2f)
 - A. The high priest of Jericho
 - B. The king of Jericho
 - C. The elders of Jericho
 - D. The magicians of Jericho

B:B:Jo:2

- 7. What time did the spies enter into Jericho (Josh. 2:2f)?
 - A. Just before sunrise
 - B. Morning
 - C. Mid-day
 - D. Night

D:I:Jo:2

- 8. Rahab told the king of Jericho all of the following EXCEPT (Josh. 2:4f)?
 - A. The spies left at dusk
 - B. She did not know where they were from
 - C. The spies spoke as if they were from Gibeon
 - D. She did not know where they went
 - E. The king should pursue them quickly

C:I:Jo:2

- 9. When was the city gate of Jericho usually closed, according to Rahab (Josh. 2:5)
 - A. Dusk
 - B. Morning
 - C. Mid-day
 - D. Night

A:A:Jo:2

- 10. Where had Rahab hidden the spies (Josh. 2:6)?
 - A. On the roof under stalks of flax
 - B. On the roof under some clothes
 - C. In the basement behind the steps
 - D. In the closet behind her gods

A:B:Jo:2

- 11. The men of Jericho chasing the spies went toward (Josh. 2:7)
 - A. The mountains by Jericho
 - B. The fords of the Jordan
 - C. The boundary of Jericho
 - D. The paths to the Salt Sea

B:B:Jo:2

- 12. Rahab told the spies all of the following EXCEPT (Josh. 2:8f)
 - A. She knew the LORD had given them this land
 - B. She had heard how the LORD dried up the Red Sea
 - C. She had heard how Israel had defeated Sihon and Og
 - D. She had heard what Israel did to Balaam and Balak

D:I:Jo:2

- 13. Rahab told the spies that the inhabitants of the land were responding with all of the following EXCEPT (Josh. 2:11)
 - A. Fear
 - B. Their courage failed
 - C. They consulted their gods
 - D. Their hearts sank

C:I:Jo:2

- 14. What did Rahab ask that the spies swear to (Josh. 2:12f)?
 - A. That they would show kindness to her family
 - B. That they would allow her to escape
 - C. That they would not destroy her house
 - D. That they would marry her after it was all over

A:B:Jo:2

- 15. How did Rahab get the spies out of her house (Josh. 2:15)?
 - A. She had them exit at mid-night
 - B. She let them down with a rope out her window
 - C. She had them tunnel out of her basement
 - D. She took them out in a basket

B:B:Jo:2

16. Where did Rahab tell the spies to go when they left her house (Josh. 2:16)?

- A. To the forest
- B. By the spring
- C. To the nearby caves
- D. To the hills

D:I:Jo:2

- 17. What did the spies request Rahab to do so that her house would not be destroyed (Josh. 2:18)
 - A. Tie a yellow ribbon on her door
 - B. Tie a scarlet cord on her window
 - C. Put blood on the doorway
 - D. Open her doors when the Israelites took the city

B:B:Jo:2

- 18. When the Israelites took Jericho who would be safe (Josh. 2:18)
 - A. Anyone in Rahab's house
 - B. Anyone related to Rahab
 - C. All who stood on the wall
 - D. Anyone that had a red ribbon on their arm

A:B:Jo:2

- 19. How many days did the spies stay in the hills (Josh. 2:22)?
 - A. One
 - B. Two
 - C. Three
 - D. Four
 - E. Seven

C:A:Jo:2

- 20. What did the spies have to cross to return to Joshua (Josh. 2:23)?
 - A. The desert
 - B. The King's Highway
 - C. The Salt Sea
 - D. The Jordan River

D:B:Jo:2

- 21. The spies told Joshua that the LORD was giving the land to them because (Josh. 2:24)
 - A. The people were unable to defend themselves
 - B. The people were melting in fear
 - C. The people worshipped idols of stone
 - D. There were no giants in Jericho

B:B:Jo:2

Joshua 3 Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. Where did Israel leave just before they went to the Jordan (Josh. 3:1)?
 - A. Beth Peor
 - B. Abel Beth Maacah
 - C. Shittim
 - D. Gilgal

C:A:Jo:3

- 2. Who carried the ark of the covenant across the Jordan (Josh. 3:3)?
 - A. Joshua and Caleb and their families
 - B. The priests
 - C. Twelve elders of Israel
 - D. Men that God choose by the Urim and Thumim

B:B:Jo:3

- 3. How far were the Israelites to stay behind the ark as they came to the Jordan (Josh. 3:4)?
 - A. One thousand yards
 - B. One hundred yards
 - C. Two furlongs
 - D. Fifty cubits

A:I:Jo:3

- 4. The LORD told Joshua that as they crossed the Jordan, Israel would know what (Josh. 3:7)?
 - A. God was ruler over all
 - B. God controlled both the water and the dry land
 - C. There is no other God but the LORD
 - D. God was with Joshua as he had been with Moses

D:B:Jo:3

- 5. Who was to go and stand in the middle of the Jordan (Josh. 3:8)?
 - A. Joshua
 - B. The elders of Israel
 - C. The priests carrying the ark
 - D. The twelve men representing Israel

- 6. The ark was to go before Israel across the Jordan was so that Israel would know that
 - A. God was in their midst
 - B. God would drive out before them the Canaanites
 - C. God was a holy God
- D. It was not by their own strength that they were taking the land B:I:Jo:3
- 7. As they were about to cross the Jordan Joshua listed all of the following people groups that God was driving out of the land EXCEPT (Josh. 3:10)
 - A. Moabites
 - B. Canaanites
 - C. Hittites
 - D. Amorites
 - E. Jebusites

A:I: :Jo:3

- 8. When the priests' feet touched the water's edge at the Jordan what happened (Josh. 3:16)?
 - A. The waters split
 - B. The cloud of the LORD blew on the waters
 - C. Dry ground arose in the midst of the waters
 - D. The water upstream stopped flowing

D:B:Jo:3

- 9. When Israel crossed the Jordan where did the waters pile up not flowing downstream (Josh. 3:16)?
 - A. Adam
 - B. Gilgal
 - C. Jericho
 - D. Bethel

A:A:Jo:3

10.	The wa	ters of the Jordan flow down into the Sea of the
	(Josh	. 3:16)
	A.	
		Negev
	C.	Arabah
	D.	Jericho
C:I:	:Jo:3	
11.	The Sea	a of the Arabah is also called the Sea (Josh. 3:16)?
	A.	Dead
	В.	Salt
	C.	Kinnereth
	D.	Bitter
B:I:	:Jo:3	
12.	Where	did those carrying the ark stand as the people of Israel crossed
	the Jo	ordan (Josh. 3:17)?
	A.	On the Jericho side of the bank of the river
	B.	On the Shittim side of the bank of the river
	C.	On the twelve rocks that were set up as a memorial
	D.	In the midst of the river on dry ground
D:E	3:Jo:3	
13.	What ti	me of the year is the Jordan at flood stage (Josh. 3:15)?
	A.	In the winter
	B.	In the summer
	C.	At the time of harvest
	D.	At the time of planting
C:A	\:Jo:3	
14.	The day	y before Israel was to cross the Jordan, Joshua told the people
	to	themselves (Josh. 3:5)
	A.	Consecrate
	B.	Dedicate
	C.	Humble
	D.	Wash
A:I	:Jo:3	

15. Opposite from what town did the Israelites cross the Jordan

(Josh. 3:16)?

- A. Jerusalem
- B. Adam
- C. Jericho
- D. Bethel

Joshua 4 Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. After the Israelites had crossed the Jordan, what did the LORD tell Joshua to do (Josh. 4:1)?
 - A. Choose twelve men one from each tribe
 - B. Set up an altar at Gilgal
 - C. Raise his hands over the river Jordan
 - D. Have the Israelites circle the ark

A:B:Jo:4

- 2. What were the twelve men Joshua chose after crossing the Jordan to do (Josh. 4:3)?
 - A. Set up camp around the ark of the covenant
 - B. Build an altar upon which to offer a burnt offering
 - C. Take up twelve stones from the middle of the Jordan
 - D. Lead the tribes toward Jericho

C:B:Jo:4

- 3. The twelve men carried the stones out of the Jordan as a sign so that in the future what would happen (Josh. 4:6)?
 - A. All the tribes were gathered together united when they crossed the Jordan
 - B. They could tell their children that the LORD had cut off the waters of the Jordan
 - C. God was like a rock who never changes but was faithful to his promises to Abraham, Isaac and Jacob
 - D. They could show the nations that God had delivered them from the hands of their enemies

B:I:Jo:4

- 4. After crossing the Jordan, what did Joshua tell them their children would ask in the future (Josh. 4:6)?
 - A. "What happened to Jericho?"
 - B. "Who led Israel across the Jordan?"
 - C. "Why is the Jordan chilly and cold?"
 - D. "What do these stones mean?"

D:B:Jo:4

- 5. Who actually set up the twelve stones in the place where they camped after crossing the Jordan (Josh. 4:9)?
 - A. Joshua
 - B. Eleazar
 - C. The elders
 - D. The twelve men that were chosen

A:A:Jo:4

- 6. How long does the text say that the twelve stones that were set up after crossing the Jordan remained there (Josh. 4:9)?
 - A. Until the death of Joshua
 - B. Until this day
 - C. Until the Jordan swept them away
 - D. Until the land was taken

B:I:Jo:4

- 7. The men of all of the following tribes went before Israel as they entered into the promise land EXCEPT (Josh. 4:12)
 - A. Reuben
 - B. Gad
 - C. Simeon
 - D. Manasseh

C:A:Jo:4

- 8. How many men did the trans-jordan tribes supply to help fight with the rest of Israel (Josh. 4:13)?
 - A. Twenty thousand
 - B. Thirty thousand
 - C. Forty thousand
 - D. Fifty thousand

C:A:Jo:4

- 9. What did the LORD do for Joshua in the sight of all Israel (Josh. 4:14)?
 - A. He made his face to shine
 - B. He gave him the rod of Moses
 - C. He choose him
 - D. He exalted him

D:I:Jo:4

- 10. Israel revered Joshua (Josh. 4:14)
 - A. Just as they had revered Moses
 - B. Just as they had revered Aaron
 - C. Just as they revered the LORD
 - D. Just as they revered their elders

A:B:Jo:4

- 11. When did the waters return to the Jordan (Josh. 4:18)?
 - A. When Joshua raised his hands over the river
 - B. When the priests came up out of the river with the ark
 - C. When the last person came up out of the river
 - D. When the twelve men pulled the last stone out of the river

B:B:Jo:4

- 12. When did Joshua cross the Jordan river (Josh. 4:19)
 - A. First day of the first month
 - B. The fifteenth day of the seventh month
 - C. The tenth day of the first month
 - D. The last day of the seventh month

C:A:Jo:4

- 13. Where did Joshua set up the twelve stones (Josh. 4:20)
 - A. Jericho
 - B. Bethel
 - C. By the Salt Sea
 - D. Gilgal

D:I:Jo:4

- 14. What were the Israelites to tell those that asked what the stones set up after crossing the Jordan meant (Josh. 4:22)?
 - A. Israel crossed over on dry ground
 - B. That day the LORD fought for Israel
 - C. Israel entered the promised land on that day
 - D. God was Israel's rock and warrior

A:B:Jo:4

- 15. The LORD dried up the Jordan just as (Josh. 4:23)
 - A. Moses had said
 - B. The waters reached flood stage
 - C. He had dried up the Red Sea
 - D. He promised Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

C:B:Jo:4

- 16. The LORD dried up the Jordan River so that all the peoples of the earth might know (Josh. 4:24)
 - A. That the LORD keeps his promise
 - B. That the hand of the LORD is powerful
 - C. That God is an awesome God
 - D. That the LORD is a holy God

B:I:Jo:4

- 17. The LORD dried up the Jordan River so that Israel might (Josh. 4:24)
 - A. Trust God
 - B. Believe in God
 - C. Worship God
 - D. Fear God

D:B:Jo:4

Joshua 5 Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. The Canaanite kings that heard how the LORD dried up the Jordan lived (Josh. 5:1)
 - A. In the mountains
 - B. West of the Jordan
 - C. Along the sea coast
 - D. In the Negev desert

C:A:Jo:5

- 2. The Amorite kings that heard how the LORD dried up the Jordan lived (Josh. 5:1)
 - A. In the mountains
 - B. West of the Jordan
 - C. Along the sea coast
 - D. In the Negev desert

B:A:Jo:5

- 3. What did the Amorites and Canaanites no longer have after Israel crossed the Jordan (Josh. 5:1)
 - A. Strength
 - B. Confidence
 - C. Arrogance
 - D. Courage

D:I:Jo:5

- 4. What was Joshua instructed to use to circumcise Israel (Josh. 5:2)
 - A. Flint knives
 - B. Iron knives
 - C. Bronze knives
 - D. Wooden knives

A:B:Jo:5

- 5. Where were the Israelites circumcised after crossing the Jordan (Josh. 5:3)?
 - A. Abel Beth Maacah
 - B. Pirah Hiroth
 - C. Gibeath Haaraloth
 - D. The Valley of Achor

C:A:Jo:5

- 6. Gibeath Haaraloth means (Josh. 5:3)
 - A. Hill of foreskins
 - B. Mountain of holiness
 - C. Hill of the cleansing
 - D. Hill of obedience

A:A:Jo:5

- 7. Who died in the desert (Josh. 5:4)?
 - A. All those who had eaten the manna in the wilderness
 - B. All those who had seen God's fire on Mount Horeb
 - C. All those who did not believe
 - D. All the military men who left Egypt

D:B:Jo:5

- 8. Who had not be circumcised (Josh. 5:7)?
 - A. The children who had not seen God's fire and cloud
 - B. The sons who were born on the way in the wilderness
 - C. The grandchildren who had defeated Balaam
 - D. All the Israelites who left Egypt

B:I:Jo:5

- 9. The LORD said, "Today I have rolled away the reproach of Egypt" at what location which means "roll" (Josh. 5:9)?
 - A. Jericho
 - B. Adam
 - C. Gilgal
 - D. Tabor

C:B:Jo:5

- 10. What did Israel celebrate on the fourteenth day of the first month when they entered the promised land (Josh. 5:10)?
 - A. Passover
 - B. Feast of trumpets
 - C. Day of Atonement
 - D. Feast of Weeks

A:I:Jo:5

- 11. What did the Israelites eat on the first Passover in the land (Josh. 5:11)?
 - A. Wine and figs
 - B. Unleavened bread and water from the spring at Jericho
 - C. Grapes and figs from the land
 - D. Unleavened bread and roasted grain

D:A:Jo:5

- 12. What stopped the day after Passover when Israel entered the land (Josh. 5:12)?
 - A. The quail meat
 - B. The miracles of the LORD
 - C. Manna
 - D. The pillar of cloud

C:B:Jo:5

- 13. Why did the manna stop (Josh. 5:12)?
 - A. Because they complained about it in the hearing of the LORD
 - B. Because they ate the produce of Canaan
 - C. Because they began farming the land
 - D. Because they plundered the Canaanites

B:B:Jo:5

- 14. When Joshua was near Jericho before the battle he met a man that had what in his hands (Josh. 5:13)?
 - A. A drawn sword
 - B. A loaf of bread
 - C. A raised spear
 - D. A scepter

A:B:Jo:5

- 15. Who was it that met Joshua just prior to Joshua's battle at Jericho (Josh. 5:14)?
 - A. The king of Jericho
 - B. A man he wrestled with all night
 - C. The commander of the army of the LORD
 - D. The LORD in a burning bush

- 16. When Joshua met the commander of the LORD's army what did he tell Joshua to do immediately (Josh. 5:15)?
 - A. Wash his clothes
 - B. Take off his sandals
 - C. Cut out stone tablets upon which the law was to be written
 - D. Raise his staff against Jericho

B:I:Jo:5

- 17. Why was Joshua told to take off his sandals by the commander of the LORD's army (Josh. 5:15)?
 - A. Because the LORD would provide him shoes
 - B. Because he would trod on the city of Jericho
 - C. Because the place where he stood was holy
 - D. Because he would make his enemies go bare foot

C:B:Jo:5

- 18. How many years was Israel in the desert before entering the promised land (Josh. 5:6)?
 - A. Twenty years
 - B. Thirty years
 - C. Forty years
 - D. Fifty years

C:B:Jo:5

- 19. All the men who left Egypt died in the desert because they had not the LORD (Josh. 5:6)
 - A. Obeyed
 - B. Feared
 - C. Listened to
 - D. Sought

A:I:Jo:5

Joshua 6 Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. The LORD said he would deliver all of the following into the hands of Joshua EXCEPT (Josh. 6:2)
 - A. Jericho
 - B. Jericho's king
 - C. Jericho's fighting men
 - D. Jericho's gates

D:A:Jo:6

- 2. For how many days were the Israelite armed men to walk around Jericho once a day (Josh. 6:3)?
 - A. Three days
 - B. Six days
 - C. Seven days
 - D. One day

B:B:Jo:6

- 3. What where the priests to carry around Jericho as they marched around Jericho (Josh. 6:4)?
 - A. Seven gold harps
 - B. Seven rams' horn trumpets
 - C. Twelve flags for the tribes of Israel
 - D. Twelve stones they had gone the midst of the Jordan

B:I:Jo:6

- 4. On the seventh day how many times were the Israelites to walk around Jericho (Josh. 6:4)?
 - A. Once
 - B. Three times
 - C. Seven times
 - D. Twice

- 5. The priests carrying the trumpets around Jericho were to precede the _____ (Josh. 6:4)
 - A. Ark
 - B. Tribe of Judah
 - C. Joshua and Caleb
 - D. Pillar of cloud

A:I:Jo:6

- 6. When the trumpets sounded at Jericho what were the people to do (Josh. 6:5)?
 - A. Be silent
 - B. Clap their hands
 - C. Pray
 - D. Shout

D:B:Jo:6

- 7. What two things were to be done and the wall of Jericho would collapse (Josh. 6:5)?
 - A. Bring the ark to the front and stomp their feet
 - B. Blow the trumpets and shout
 - C. Pray to God and raise the ark
 - D. Clap their hands and blow the trumpets

B:B:Jo:6

- 8. How were the people to encircle Jericho during the first days of marching around the city (Josh. 6:10)?
 - A. They were not to say a word
 - B. They were clap their hands when they finished circling the city
 - C. They were to lift their hands to heaven
 - D. They were to shout the "sword of the Lord and Joshua"

A:I:Jo:6

- 9. What was the only sound that was to be made as the Israelites circled Jericho (Josh. 6:13)?
 - A. The shuffling of their feet
 - B. The reading of the law
 - C. The priest's proclamation that the city was theirs
 - D. The blowing of the trumpets

D:I:Jo:6

	ter circling the city of Jericho seven times what did Joshua command the people to do (Josh. 6:16)? A. Raise their swords B. Raise the ark to heaven C. Shout D. Clap 6
11. W	hen the city of Jericho was taken, Joshua told them that the city
	was (Josh. 6:15)
	A. Devoted to the LORD
	B. Promised to Abraham, Isaac and Jacob
	C. The inheritance of Moses and Aaron
	D. Holy
A:A:Jo	o:6
	shua warned them that if they took any of the devoted things they
	would make the camp (Josh. 6:18)
	A. Unclean
	B. Liable to destruction
	C. Without God's blessing
	D. Helpless before their enemies
B:I:Jo	0
	l the silver, gold, bronze and iron objects from Jericho were to go into
	the (Josh. 6:19)
	A. The entrance of the Tent of Meeting
	B. The house of Rahab
	C. The LORD's treasury
	D. Coffers of the tribe of Levi
C:I:Jo	6
14. W	hen the walls of Jericho collapsed what did the people do next
	(Josh. 6:20)?
	A. They knelt in thanksgiving
	B. They charged straight in
	C. They rejoiced
	D. They took the city gate and palace
B:B:Jo	:6

- 15. When Israel took Jericho all of the following were listed as destroyed with the sword all of the following EXCEPT (Josh. 6:21)
 - A. Men
 - B. Women
 - C. Camels
 - D. Cattle
 - E. Donkeys

C:I:Jo:6

- 16. Who brought Rahab out of her house after Jericho was taken (Josh. 6:22)?
 - A. The two spies
 - B. The elders of Israel
 - C. Joshua
 - D. The priests

A:I:Jo:6

- 17. All of the following were brought out of her house with Rahab after the defeat of Jericho EXCEPT (Josh. 6:23)
 - A. Her father
 - B. Her mother
 - C. Her children
 - D. Her brothers

C:I:Jo:6

- 18. After Rahab was released after the defeat of Jericho where were she and her family put (Josh. 6:23)?
 - A. In the center of Israel
 - B. In the tents of the spies
 - C. Before the entrance of the Tent of Meeting
 - D. Outside the camp

D:A:Jo:6

- 19. After they captured the city of Jericho what did they do to the city (Josh. 6:24)?
 - A. They left it as a ruin
 - B. They burned it
 - C. They put salt on it
 - D. They sounded the trumpets over it

B:I:Jo:6

- 20. Who did Joshua say lived among the Israelites "to this day" (Josh. 6:25)?
 - A. Those who had seen Jericho's walls fall
 - B. Joshua and Caleb
 - C. Rahab
 - D. The priests who blew the trumpets as Jericho

C:B:Jo:6

- 21. What curse did Joshua make after the defeat of Jericho (Josh. 6:26)?
 - A. Anyone to rebuilt Jericho would be cursed
 - B. Anyone taking anything from the city would be cursed
 - C. Anyone harming Rahab would be cursed
 - D. Anyone taking a brick from the walls of Jericho would be cursed

A:B:Jo:6

- 22. In Joshua's curse on Jericho the youngest child of the rebuilder of Jericho would die when what was done (Josh. 6:26)
 - A. When the wall was finished
 - B. When the decision was made to rebuild the city
 - C. When the gates were set up
 - D. When the foundations were laid

C:A:Jo:6

- 23. In Joshua's curse on Jericho the eldest child of the rebuilder of Jericho would die when what was done (Josh. 6:26)
 - A. When the wall was finished
 - B. When the decision was made to rebuild the city
 - C. When the gates were set up
 - D. When the foundations were laid

D:A:Jo:6

- 24. As they marched around Jericho who went before the priests who had the trumpets (Josh. 6:9)?
 - A. The elders of the tribes
 - B. The armed guard
 - C. The Levites
 - D. Tribe of Judah

B:A:Jo:6

Joshua 7 Multiple Choice Questions

1.		king Jericho, concerning what did Israel act unfaithfully
	(Josh	n. 7:1)
	A.	The sacrifices of the LORD
		The devoted things
	C.	Their tithes and offerings
	D.	The slaying of the inhabitants of Jericho
В:	B:Jo:7	
2.	Who too	ok some of the devoted things from Jericho (Josh. 7:1)?
	A.	Zerah
	B.	Zimri
	C.	Achan
	D.	Elimelech
C:	B:Jo:7	
3.	The tow	n of Ai is of the town of Bethel (Josh. 7:2)
	A.	North
	B.	South
	C.	East
	D.	West
C:	A:Jo:7	
4.	The tow	n of Ai is near (Josh. 7:1)
	A.	Beth Aven
	B.	Bethshan
	C.	Shechem
	D.	Megiddo
A:	A:Jo:7	
5.	What di	d the spies sent to search out Ai suggest Joshua do in order to
	take	the town of Ai (Josh. 7:3)?
	A.	Send the best warriors from the tribe of Reuben
	B.	Surround the town because there were no walls
	C.	Send messengers offering them peace
	D.	Send only a few men there
D:	B:Jo:7	•

6. How ma	any men did Joshua send initially to take Ai (Josh. 7:3)?
A.	Three thousand
B.	Seven thousand
C.	Twelve thousand
D.	Fifteen thousand
A:I:Jo:7	
7. The peo	ple of Ai routed the Israelites slaying how many (Josh. 7:5)
Å.	-
B.	Twenty-seven
C.	Thirty-six
D.	Fifty-three
C:A:Jo:7	
8. The inha	abitants of Ai chased the Israelites from their city gate to
	(Josh. 7:5)
A.	The valley of Achor
B.	Stone quarries
C.	The cliffs of Suwenit
D.	The threshing floor at Bethel
B:I:Jo:7	
9. When the	ne Israelites lost against the inhabitants of Ai their hearts became
like	what (Josh. 7:5)?
A.	Water
В.	Stone
C.	Butter
D.	Sand
A:I:Jo:7	
10. When	the Israelites were routed by the inhabitants of Ai Joshua

- 10. When the Israelites were routed by the inhabitants of Ai Joshua responded in all of the following ways EXCEPT (Josh. 7:6)?
 - A. He tore his clothes
 - B. He fell on his face
 - C. He sprinkled dust on his head
 - D. He put ashes on his forehead

D:I:Jo:7

(Jo A. B. C. D.	Israel was defeated at Ai where did Joshua fall face down sh. 7:6)? Outside the camp In his tent Before the ark of the LORD Before the people
C:I:Jo:7	
wh A. B.	Staying on the other side of the Jordan Taking Jericho
(Jo A. B. C.	sh. 7:7) Jebusites Amalekites Edomites Amorites
	the defeat of Ai, Joshua said that the Canaanites would surround m and wipe out their (Josh. 7:9) Name Children Families Nation
to . A. B. C.	the defeat of Ai and Joshua's prayer what was God initial response Joshua (Josh. 7:10)? Put on dust and ashes Stand up Hide his face in fear Take off his sandals

16.	viola A. B. C.	ne defeat at Ai, the LORD told Joshua that Israel had sinned by ting (Josh. 7:11) His holiness His commands His righteousness
C:I	:Jo:7	His righteousness
17.		ne defeat at Ai, God said he would not unless they
		oyed the devoted things (Josh. 7:12)
		Be their deliverer
		Be their king
		Be their rock
D.I.		Be with them
D:I	:Jo:7	
18.		ne defeat at Ai, God told Joshua to present the people in the order of the following EXCEPT (Josh. 7:14)
	A.	Tribes
		Platoons
		Clans
		Families
B:I:	:Jo:7	
19.	After th	ne defeat at Ai, God ordered the person caught with the devoted
	thing	s be destroyed by (Josh. 7:15)
	A.	Stoning
		Hanging on a tree
	C.	Fire
	D.	The sword
C:I:	:Jo:7	
20.	After th	ne defeat of Ai, what tribe was selected in determining who had
		the devoted things (Josh. 7:15)
	A.	Judah
	В.	Simeon
	C.	Reuben
	D.	Ephraim
A:A	A:Jo:7	1

21.	Achan	was from what family in Judah (Josh. 7:17)?
	A.	Jeshurun
	B.	Zimri
	C.	Kohath
		Merari
B:A	:Jo:7	
22.	Achan	was the son of (Josh. 7:18)
	A.	Abimelech
	B.	Zerah
	C.	Carmi
	D.	Dedan
C:A	:Jo:7	
23.		confessed that he had taken all of the following EXCEPT (a. 7:21)
	`	A Babylonian robe
		Silver shekels
		Wedge of gold
	D.	
D:B	B:Jo:7	A neckrace of precious stones
24.	Where	had Achan put the plunder that he had stolen from Jericho
		1. 7:21)?
	A.	•
		In the ground under his tent
		In the valley of Achor
		In the wall behind his tent
B:B	3:Jo:7	
25.	How w	as Achan killed by the Israelites (Josh. 7:25)?
	A.	By fire
	B.	By drowning
	C.	By stoning
	D.	By hanging
C:B	3:Jo:7	

- 26. The place where Achan was killed was called the valley of _____ meaning disaster until this day (Josh. 7:26)
 - A. Achor
 - B. Qelt
 - C. Salt
 - D. Negev

A:I:Jo:7

- 27. All of the following were burned in the destruction of Achan EXCEPT (Josh. 7:26)?
 - A. His children
 - B. His parents
 - C. His cattle
 - D. His donkeys

B:I:Jo:7

Joshua 8 Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. The LORD commanded Joshua to take how much of the army when they attacked Ai (Josh. 8:1)?
 - A. One third
 - B. One half
 - C. Two thirds
 - D. Whole

D:A:Jo:8

- 2. The LORD told Joshua that he would had delivered into Joshua's hands all of the following EXCEPT (Josh. 8:2)
 - A. The King of Ai
 - B. The storehouses of the King of Ai
 - C. The people of the King of Ai
 - D. The land of the King of Ai

B:A:Jo:8

- 3. Joshua was told to do to Ai as they had done to Jericho with one exception (Josh. 8:2)
 - A. The Israelites got to carry off the plunder
 - B. The Israelites did not have to destroy the city itself
 - C. The Israelites were not to burn the city
- D. The Israelites were to pursue the soldiers of Ai to the Great Sea A:B:Jo:8
- 4. What did Joshua do with 30,000 of his men in the engagement at Ai (Josh. 8:3)?
 - A. He set them to attack the city of Ai straight on from the desert
 - B. He told them to flee when the men of Ai attacked
 - C. He told them to set an ambush for the town of Ai
 - D. He left them to guard their families at Jericho

5.	After Jos	hua's men had taken the city, what were they to do (Josh. 8:8)?
	A.	Break down the walls and gates
	B.	Drive all the people out of the town
	C.	Send a red cord as a signal to Joshua that they had taken the town
	D.	Set it on fire
D:	I:Jo:8	
6.		lying in ambush against the town of Ai lay in wait
	(Josh.	, and the second
	A.	Between Bethel and Ai
		Between Jericho and Ai
		Between Gibeon and Ai
		Between Ramah and Ai
A:	A:Jo:8	
7.		n troops set up camp on the of the town of Ai
		8:11)
	A.	North
		South
	C.	
		West
A:	A:Jo:8	
8.		ny of Joshua's troops were set in ambush behind the town of Ai
	`	8:12)?
	A.	Three thousand
	В.	Five thousand
	C.	Ten thousand
_	D.	Thirty thousand
В:	I:Jo:8	
9.	The men	in ambush camped to the of Ai (Josh. 8:13)
	A.	North
	В.	South
	C.	East
	D.	West
D:	I:Jo:8	

- 10. The battle with the king of Ai took place in a valley overlooking (Josh. 8:14)
 - A. The city of Jerusalem
 - B. The Negev
 - C. The Arabah
 - D. The plains of Moab

C:I:Jo:8

- 11. When Joshua's men purposely fled from the king of Ai they fled to the (Josh. 8:15)
 - A. Valley of Jericho
 - B. The stone quarries
 - C. Cliffs of Suwenit
 - D. The desert

D:I:Jo:8

- 12. What city sent troops to participate in the battle against Joshua at Ai (Josh. 8:17)?
 - A. Bethel
 - B. Ramah
 - C. Shechem
 - D. Gibeon

A:A:Jo:8

- 13. What did the LORD instruct Joshua to do to signal the men lying in ambush to take the city (Josh. 8:13)
 - A. He took off his sandals
 - B. He held up his javelin
 - C. He shot a fiery arrow into the sky
 - D. He waved a flag
 - E. He sounded the trumpet

B:B:Jo:8

- 14. How many men and women were killed in the battle of Ai (Josh. 8:25)?
 - A. Five thousand
 - B. Ten thousand
 - C. Twenty-five thousand
 - D. Thirty thousand

C:A:Jo:8

- 15. What did Joshua do to the town of Ai (Josh. 8:28)?
 - A. He scattered all its stones
 - B. He set up an altar to the LORD from the stones of the town
 - C. He tore down its walls and gates
 - D. He made it a permanent heap

D:B:Jo:8

- 16. What did Joshua put on Mount Ebal (Josh. 8:30)?
 - A. A memorial heap of stones celebrating the victory over Ai
 - B. An altar of uncut stones
 - C. The tabernacle and the ark
 - D. The tribe of Levi

B:B:Jo:8

- 17. What type of tools were not used on the altar that Joshua built on Mount Ebal (Josh. 8:31)?
 - A. No bronze tools
 - B. No flint tools
 - C. No iron tools
 - D. No steel tools

C:A:Jo:8

- 18. What did Joshua do on the stones on Mount Ebal (Josh. 8:32)?
 - A. Copied the law of Moses on them
 - B. Made a memorial for the twelve tribes
 - C. Killed the king of Ai
 - D. Built an altar of carefully crafted stones

A:B:Jo:8

- 19. What happened to the king of Ai (Josh. 8:29)?
 - A. He was burned inside the city
 - B. He was slain with the sword
 - C. He fell from a cliff and was killed as he fled from Israel
 - D. He was hung on a tree until evening

D:I:Jo:8

- 20. The elders and judges were divided with half of them standing before Mount Ebal and the others before Mount _____ as Moses had instructed (Josh. 8:33)
 - A. Tabor
 - B. Gerizim
 - C. Nebo
 - D. Gilboa

B:B:Jo:8

- 21. What specific words did Joshua read to Israel as they were gathered at Mount Ebal and Mount Gerizim (Josh. 8:34)?
 - A. The decrees of the LORD
 - B. The commandments of the LORD
 - C. The blessings and cursings
 - D. The covenant with Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

C:B:Jo:8

- 22. Joshua read from what book when he was before Mount Ebal (Josh. 8:34)
 - A. The Book of the Law
 - B. The Book of Life
 - C. The Book of the Covenant
 - D. The Book of the Wars of the LORD

A:B:Jo:8

- 23. All of the following were explicitly listed as hearing the Book of the Law that Joshua read to the people EXCEPT (Josh. 8:35)
 - A. Women
 - B. Levites
 - C. Children
 - D. Aliens

B:A:Jo:8

Joshua 9 Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. All of the following are listed as regions in the land west of Jordan who heard of Joshua's victories EXCEPT (Josh. 9:1)
 - A. Western foothills
 - B. Mountains of Gilead
 - C. Hill country
 - D. Coast of the Great Sea

B:B:Jo:9

- 2. All of the following were listed as people groups in the promised land with kings EXCEPT (Josh. 9:1)
 - A. Jebusites
 - B. Amorites
 - C. Hittites
 - D. Philistines
 - E. Canaanites

D:B:Jo:9

- 3. What was the response of the people of the land when they heard of the things Joshua had done (Josh. 9:2)?
 - A. They came together to make war
 - B. They united and offered a covenant of peace
 - C. They cried out to their gods
 - D. They locked and barred their city gates

A:I:Jo:9

- 4. The people of what town heard of Joshua's defeat of Ai and Jericho and resorted to a ruse (Josh. 9:3)?
 - A. Hebron
 - B. Gibeon
 - C. Shechem
 - D. Shiloh

B:B:Jo:9

5.		of Gibeon used all of the following to convince Israel they were a far country EXCEPT (Josh. 9:4)
	A.	Old wineskins
		Patched sandals
		Moldy bread
	D.	•
D:	B:Jo:9	
6.	Where d	did the people of Gibeon come to meet with Joshua in order
	to ma	ake a treaty with him (Josh. 9:6)?
	A.	Ai
		Jericho
	C.	Gilgal
	D.	Shiloh
C:	I:Jo:9	
7.	The peop	ple of Gibeon said they were from a far country and wanted to
	make	e a with Israel (Josh. 9:6)
	A.	Pact
	В.	Alliance
	C.	Truce
	D.	Treaty
D:	B:Jo:9	
8.	The peop	ple of Gibeon were from what people group (Josh. 9:7)?
		Jebusites
	B.	Amorites
	C.	Hivites
	D.	Perizzites
C:	A:Jo:9	
9.	The Gib	eonites said that they came to Joshua because of (Josh. 9:9)
	A.	The fear of Joshua
	В.	The fame of the LORD
	C.	The respect for Israel's might
	D.	The need for trade
B:	I:Jo:9	

- 10. The Gibeonites had heard of all of the following great acts of God EXCEPT (Josh. 9:9f)
 - A. How he had provided them with food in the desert
 - B. What they had done to Og king of Bashan
 - C. What they had done to Sihon king of Heshbon
 - D. All that he did in Egypt

A:I:Jo:9

- 11. When the Gibeonites presented their goods to Israel, what did the Israelites not do (Josh. 9:14)?
 - A. Accept their gifts
 - B. Inquire of the LORD
 - C. Seek the counsel of the elders
 - D. Ask Joshua for direction

B:B:Jo:9

- 12. Who ratified the treaty of peace Joshua made with the Gibeonites (Josh. 9:15)
 - A. The priests
 - B. The Levites
 - C. The leaders of the assembly
 - D. The tribe of Judah

C:A:Jo:9

- 13. How many days later did the Israelites find out that the Gibeonites were really near neighbors (Josh. 9:16)?
 - A. One day
 - B. Three days
 - C. Seven days
 - D. Ten days

B:A:Jo:9

- 14. All of the following were listed as cities of the Gibeonites EXCEPT (Josh. 9:17)
 - A. Ramah
 - B. Gibeon
 - C. Beeroth
 - D. Kiriath Jearim
 - E. Kephirah

A:A:Jo:9

- 15. The leaders of the assembly proposed that the Gibeonites not be killed but that what penalty be placed on them (Josh. 9:21)?
 - A. They would be slaves in their fields
 - B. They would be servants of the LORD at the tabernacle
 - C. They would be shepherds and herdsmen
 - D. They would be woodcutters and water carriers

D:B:Jo:9

- 16. Who are woodcutters and water carriers for Israel "to this day" (Josh. 9:27)?
 - A. Jebusites
 - B. Gibeonites
 - C. Shechemites
 - D. Hittites

B:I:Jo:9

- 17. What command of Moses had the Gibeonites heard of (Josh. 9:24)?
 - A. To wipe out the inhabitants of the land
 - B. To make an offer of peace
 - C. To divide all the promised land among the tribes of Israel
 - D. To burn all the cities to the ground

A:B:Jo:9

Joshua 10 Multiple Choice Questions

1. After Joshua had taken Ai, who was king of Jerusalem (Josh. 10:1)

A.	Jashar	
B.	Hoham	
C.	Piram	
D.	Adoni-zedek	
D:A:Jo:10		
2. Who hea	rd what Joshua had done to Ai and Jericho and their kings	
(Josh	. 10:1)?	
A.	The king of Jerusalem	
B.	The kings of the south	
C.	The king of Lachish	
D.	The people of Megiddo	
A:A:Jo:10		
	was an important city like one of the (Josh. 10:2)	
A.	Walled fortresses	
В.	Cities of refuge	
C.	Royal cities	
D.	Cities of Egypt	
C:I:Jo:10		
4 3371 4	. 1 1 1	
	as noted about the people of Gibeon (Josh. 10:2)?	
A.	They had fortified their city with thick walls	
B.	Their men were all good fighters	
C.	Their were giants in their midst	
D.	They offered their children in sacrifice	
B:I:Jo:10		
5 Who was	s king of Hebron during the time of Joshua (Josh. 10:3)?	
A.	Hoham	
В.	Piram	
Б. С.		
C. D.	Japhia Debir	
D. A:A:Jo:10	DCUII	
A.A.JU.1U		

6. All of the following were kings who went to attack Gibeon because they		
had made an alliance with Israel EXCEPT (Josh. 10:3)		
A.	Hoham	
B.	Piram	
C.	Raphael	
D.	Debir	
E.	Adoni-zedek	
C:A:Jo:10		
7. The five	kings that opposed Joshua at Gibeon were (Josh. 10:5)	
A.	Perizzites	
B.	Hivites	
C.	Jebusites	
D.	Amorites	
D:I:Jo:10		
	eonites, under attack, sent a request for help to Joshua who camped at (Josh. 10:6)	
A.	Jericho	
B.	Gilgal	
C.	Ai	
D.	Bethel	
B:B:Jo:10		
9. Joshua's	men arrived to help the Gibeonites after (Josh. 10:9)	
A.	Praying to the LORD	
B.	Casting the Urim and Thumim	
C.	An all night march	
D.	Preparing their horses and chariots	
C:B:Jo:10		
10. After defeating the Amorite kings, Joshua chased them down the road to (Josh. 10:10)		
A.	Hebron	
B.	Jerusalem	
C.	Bethel	
D.	Beth Horon	
D:I:Jo:10		

11.		pursued the Amorite kings who had attacked Gibeon all the to Makkedah and (Josh. 10:10)
	A.	
		Lachish
		Beersheba
		Azekah
D:A	\:Jo:10	1 IZCINGIT
12.		Amorite kings who had attacked Gibeon were fleeing how did
	the L	ORD kill many that fled (Josh. 10:11)?
	A.	Hailstones from the sky
	B.	The ground opened up
	C.	The walls fell on top of them
	D.	The sun smote them
A:B	3:Jo:10	
13.	At the	battle against the Amorite kings who attacked Gibeon, Joshua
	praye	ed that the stand still over Gibeon (Josh. 10:12)
	A.	Sun
	В.	Moon
	C.	Stars
	D.	Wind
A:B	3:Jo:10	
14.	At the	battle against the Amorite kings who attacked Gibeon, Joshua
	praye	ed that the moon stand still over (Josh. 10:12)
	A.	Gibeon
	В.	Jerusalem
	C.	Aijalon
	D.	Azekah
C:A	:Jo:10	
15.	The sur	n and moon stood still as recorded where (Josh. 10:13)
	A.	On the rocks Joshua set up at Gibeon
	B.	In the book of Jashar
	C.	On the scrolls of the kings of Judah
	D.	On the gates of Gibeon
B:B	:Jo:10	

- 16. What was unique about the day the sun stood still (Josh. 10:14)?
 - A. Israel totally routed its enemies
 - B. God showed his might and power
 - C. Even the Gibeonites worshipped the Lord
 - D. God listened to the voice of a man

D:B:Jo:10

- 17. At the battle over Gibeon who fought for Israel (Josh. 10:15)?
 - A. The locusts
 - B. The Lord
 - C. The beasts of the field
 - D. The heaven and earth

B:B:Jo:10

- 18. Where had the five kings hidden after the battle at Gibeon (Josh. 10:16)
 - A. In a cave at Makkedah
 - B. On the top of Azekah
 - C. In the swamps of the plains
 - D. In the city of Lachish

A:I:Jo:10

- 19. While the Amorite kings were sealed in a cave Joshua told his men to continue the pursuit so that the enemies would not (Josh. 10:19)
 - A. Re-gather together to oppose them
 - B. Escape into the mountains
 - C. Reach their cities
 - D. Circle behind them

C:A:Jo:10

- 20. When Joshua pulled the five Amorite kings from the cave of Makkedah what did he have his commanders do before they killed them (Josh. 10:24)?
 - A. Put their heads in a stocks
 - B. Whip them with forty lashes
 - C. Take off their sandals and spit on them
 - D. Put their feet on their necks

D:I:Jo:10

- 21. What fate did the five Amorite kings face after their deaths (Josh. 10:26)?
 - A. Their bodies were sent back to their cities
 - B. Their bodies were hung on a trees until evening
 - C. They were covered with a pile of rocks
 - D. They were cast into a ditch like dogs

B:B:Jo:10

- 22. Joshua did to the king of Makkedah as he had done to the king of _____ (Josh. 10:28)
 - A. Bethel
 - B. Jerusalem
 - C. Jericho
 - D. Heshbon

C:A:Jo:10

- 23. From Makkedah what was the next city to be taken by Joshua (Josh. 10:29)?
 - A. Bethel
 - B. Libnah
 - C. Hebron
 - D. Heshbon

B:A:Jo:10

24. From Libnah what was the next city to be taken by Joshua

(Josh. 10:31)?

- A. Lachish
- B. Jerusalem
- C. Makkedah
- D. Heshbon

A:A:Jo:10

- 25. Horam king of what city came to help Lachish fight against Israel (Josh. 10:33)?
 - A. Azekah
 - B. Beit-sur
 - C. Gezer
 - D. Gerar

C:A:Jo:10

26.	26. Which city was taken and its villages (Josh. 10:36)?	
	A.	Bethel
	B.	Jerusalem
	C.	Ai
	D.	Hebron
D:A	\:Jo:10	
27.		e battle for Gibeon, Joshua took all the following areas
		EPT (Josh. 10:40)
		The Negev
		The western foothills
		Galilee
		Hill country
C:B	:Jo:10	
28. When Joshua defeated the cities of the hill country he left no (Josh, 10:40)		oshua defeated the cities of the hill country he left no (Josh. 10:40)
	A.	Walls unbroken
	B.	Survivors
	C.	Gates unopened
	D.	Idols
B:I:	Jo:10	
29.	Joshua	subdued the area from Kadesh Barnea to
	(Josh.	. 10:41)
	A.	Gaza
	В.	Beersheba
	C.	Azekah
	D.	Megiddo
A:A	\:Jo:10	
30.	After Jo	oshua finished taking the hill country, he returned to his camp
	in	(Josh. 10:43)
	A.	Jerusalem
	B.	Gibeon
	C.	Gilgal
	D.	Shiloh
C:B	:Jo:10	

Joshua 11 Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. Who gathered the northern kings against Israel (Josh. 11:1)?
 - A. Jobab king of Madon
 - B. Adoni-zedek king of Debir
 - C. Halak king of Mizpah
 - D. Jabin king of Hazor

D:B:Jo:11

- 2. The Hivites that Jabin gathered were in the region of Mizpah below what mountain (Josh. 11:3)?
 - A. Tabor
 - B. Hermon
 - C. Gilboa
 - D. Carmel

B:A:Jo:11

- 3. Jabin's troops had what military advantage over Israel (Josh. 11:4)?
 - A. Horses and chariots
 - B. Iron swords
 - C. Bow and arrows
 - D. Cities walled to the heavens

A:B:Jo:11

- 4. Where did the northern kings, the forces of Jabin of Hazor, camp (Josh. 11:5)?
 - A. Top of Carmel
 - B. Valley of Armageddon
 - C. Waters of Merom
 - D. By the sea of Galilee

C:I:Jo:11

- 5. Jabin was king of what famous northern city (Josh. 11:1)
 - A. Nazareth
 - B. Megiddo
 - C. Hazor
 - D. Tiberius

C:B:Jo:11

- 6. Joshua pursued the forces of Jabin until (Josh. 11:8) He had driven them out of the north B. There were no survivors C. They had captured the five kings They had captured all their wells D. B:I:Jo:11 7. What did Joshua do to Jabin's horses and chariots (Josh. 11:9)? Hamstrung the horses and burned the chariots A. В. Set the horses free and ground the chariots to dust C. Killed the horses and shattered the chariots Took the horses and chariots as plunder for the armies of Israel D. A:B:Jo:11 8. What did Israel not do to the royal cities of the north (Josh. 11:13)? Destroy their walls A. B. Kill their inhabitants C. Take the plunder of the cities Burn their city mounds D. D:I:Jo:11 9. Joshua did everything that _____ had commanded him to do and left nothing undone (Josh. 11:15) A. The LORD В. Aaron C. Moses The angel of the LORD D. C:B:Jo:11 10. Mount Halak rises toward what region (Josh. 11:17)? The Negev A. B. Seir
 - C. The Valley of Lebanon
 - D. Pisgah

B:A:Jo:11

11.		ley of Lebanon is below what mountain (Josh. 11:17)
	A.	
		Hermon
		Gilboa
D.I.		Carmel
Б.1.	Jo:11	
12.	Joshua	was described as having captured all of the following regions
	EXC	EPT (Josh. 11:16)?
	A.	All the Negev
	В.	The Western foothills
	C.	The Arabah
	D.	The whole region of Goshen
	E.	The plains of Sidon
E:I:	Jo:11	
12	The onl	y city Joshua did not take was (Josh. 11:19)
15.	A.	
		Hazor
		Gibeon
$C \cdot \mathbf{R}$	ט. 3:Jo:11	Jerusalem
C.D	0.JO.11	
14.	What no	orthern city did Joshua burn (Josh. 11:13)?
	A.	Megiddo
	В.	Hazor
	C.	Gibeon
	D.	Nazareth
B:B	:Jo:11	
15	What no	eople group lived in the city of Gibeon (Josh. 11:19)?
10.	A.	The Hivites
		The Perizzites
		The Jebusites
		The Termites
A:A	\:Jo:11	

- 16. What people group did Joshua destroy from Hebron, Debir and Anab (Josh. 11:21)?
 - A. The Perizzites
 - B. The Anakites
 - C. The Nephalim
 - D. The Hivvites

B:A:Jo:11

- 17. The Anakites still remained in all of the following cities EXCEPT (Josh. 11:22)
 - A. Gaza
 - B. Gath
 - C. Ashdod
 - D. Azekah

D:A:Jo:11

- 18. Who was the only city to make a treaty of peace with Israel (Josh. 11:19)
 - A. Jerusalem
 - B. Shiloh
 - C. Gibeon
 - D. Azekah

C:B:Jo:11

- 19. From the northern cities what did the Israelites get to keep for themselves (Josh. 11:14)?
 - A. The plunder and livestock
 - B. The horses and chariots
 - C. The women and children
 - D. The walls and gates

A:B:Jo:11

- 20. What did the LORD do so that they waged war against Israel (Josh. 11:20)?
 - A. He made them jealous
 - B. He hardened their hearts
 - C. He put fear into them
 - D. He destroyed their gods

B:B:Jo:11

Joshua 12 Multiple Choice Questions

1.	1. Israel took the territory east of Jordan from (Josh. 12:1)		
	A.	Arnon Gorge to Mount Hermon	
	B.	Jabbok River to Mount Halak	
	C.	Bashan plains to the dome of Gilead	
	D.	Tekoah ridge to Kinnereth Sea	
A:	I:Jo:12		
2	Sihon w	as king of what people (Josh. 12:2)?	
		Moabites	
		Edomites	
		Amorites	
		Jebusites	
\mathbf{C}^{\cdot}	B:Jo:12	Country	
.	D.00.12		
3.	Who reig	gned in Heshbon before Israel defeated him (Jos	h. 12:2)?
	A.	Og	
	B.	Sihon	
	C.	Adoni-zedek	
	D.	Jabin	
B:	B:Jo:12		
4.	What to	wn is on the rim of the Arnon Gorge (Josh. 12:2)?
	A.	Debir	
	B.	Arad	
	C.	Taanach	
	D.	Aroer	
D:	I:Jo:12		
5	What wa	as the border between Sihon and the Ammonites	(Josh 12:2)?
٠.	A.	The Jordan River	(30511. 12.2).
	В.	The Jabbok River	
	C.	The Litani River	
	D.	The Kishon River	
B٠	I:Jo:12	THE PROBLEM TO	
٠.	1.50.12		

- 6. Sihon's territory had as its boundaries in the north and south the
 - A. Kishon River and the Zered canyon
 - B. Jordan River and the Salt Sea
 - C. Jabbok River and Arnon Gorge
 - D. Galilee and the Negev

C:I:Jo:12

- 7. Sihon ruled over the territory north of the Sea of the Arabah which is also called (Josh. 12:3)
 - A. Kinnereth
 - B. The Salt Sea
 - C. The Red Sea
 - D. The Great Sea

B:B:Jo:12

- 8. Sihon ruled the territory east of what two seas (Josh. 12:3)?
 - A. The Kinnereth and Arabah Sea
 - B. The Red Sea and Mediterranean Sea
 - C. The Salt Sea and the Black Sea
 - D. The Red Sea and the Negev

A:B:Jo:12

- 9. What king ruled Bashan and was defeated by Moses (Josh. 12:4)?
 - A. Og
 - B. Sihon
 - C. Adoni-zedek
 - D. Jabin

A:B:Jo:12

- 10. Og ruled over what region east of Jordan (Josh. 12:3)
 - A. Negev
 - B. Plains of Pisgah
 - C. The Arnon Gorge
 - D. Bashan

A:B:Jo:12

11.	Og was	the last of the (Josh. 12:4)
	_	Shilonites
	B.	Horonites
	C.	Rephaites
	D.	Moabites
C:I:	Jo:12	
12.	Og reig	ned from what two towns (Josh. 12:4)?
	A.	Hormah and Heshbon
	B.	Ashtaroth and Edrei
	C.	Hepher and Aphek
	D.	Tirzah and Aroer
B:A	:Jo:12	
13.	Over w	hat northern mountain did Og rule (Josh. 12:5)?
	A.	Tabor
	B.	Gilboa
	C.	Hermon
	D.	Carmel
C:I:	Jo:12	
14.	Moses g	gave the land east of the Jordan was given to all of the following
	tribes	EXCEPT (Josh. 12:6)
		Reuben
	В.	
		Manasseh
	D.	Simeon
D:B	3:Jo:12	
15.	Joshua	in the west side of the Jordan captured all the territory from
	<u>A.</u>	The Valley of Lebanon to Mount Halak

The Valley of Armageddon to the Negev

The Arnon Gorge to the hills of Shiloh

The Nazareth ridge to Maktesh Gadol

B.

C.

D.

A:A:Jo:12

- 16. Mount Halak rises toward what region (Josh. 12:7)?
 - A. Ammon
 - B. Seir
 - C. Goshen
 - D. Negev

B:A:Jo:12

- 17. Joshua gave as an inheritance to the tribes land from all of the following regions EXCEPT (Josh. 12:8)
 - A. The hill country
 - B. The Negev
 - C. The Dome of Gilead
 - D. The Arabah
 - E. The western foothills

C:A:Jo:12

- 18. Joshua gave to the tribes of Israel lands from all of the following peoples EXCEPT (Josh. 12:8)
 - A. Canaanites
 - B. Hivites
 - C. Amorites
 - D. Edomites
 - E. Jebusites

D:B:Jo:12

- 19. Joshua defeated kings from all of the following towns EXCEPT (Josh. 12:9ff)
 - A. Jericho
 - B. Ai
 - C. Hazor
 - D. Lachish
 - E. Heshbon

E:B:Jo:12

- 20. What town is near Ai (Josh. 12:9)?
 - A. Bethel
 - B. Jericho
 - C. Gilgal
 - D. Aphek
 - E. Hazor

A:I:Jo:12

- 21. How many kings did Joshua defeat (Josh. 12:24)?
 - A. Twenty-four
 - B. Thirty-one
 - C. Forty-three
 - D. Fifty-two

B:A:Jo:12

Joshua 13 Multiple Choice Questions

		e following are counted as the five Philistine cities which
	A.	a did not take over EXCEPT (Josh. 13:3) Ekron
	B.	Gaza
	C.	
	D.	
	E.	Lachish
E:B:Jo	0:13	
2. Jos	hua di	id not take over the territory from the River
	east o	f Egypt to the territory of Ekron on the north (Josh. 13:2)
	A.	Jordan
	B.	Litani
	C.	Jabbok
	D.	Shihor
D:I:Jo	:13	
3. Jos	hua di	id not take over the territory of Lebanon from Baal Gad to
	Moun	to Lebo Hamath (Josh. 13:5)
	A.	Tabor
	B.	Hermon
	C.	Gilboa
	D.	Carmel
B:I:Jo	:13	
4. Ho	w mai	ny tribes did Joshua need to divide the captured territory on the
		of the Jordan (Josh. 13:7)
	A.	Nine and one half
	B.	Ten and one half
	D.	Seven
A:B:Jo		

5. What tribe received one half on the east of the Jordan and one half on the west (Josh. 13:7)?	
A.	Ephraim
В.	•
	Manasseh
	Reuben
C:B:Jo:13	Reuben
6. All of the	e following three tribes received inheritance on the other side of
the Jo	ordan EXCEPT (Josh. 13:8)
A.	Reuben
B.	Simeon
C.	Gad
D.	Manasseh
B:B:Jo:13	
7. Aroer is	a town located on the rim of the Gorge (Josh. 13:9).
A.	Jabbok
B.	Zered
C.	Kidron
D.	Arnon
D:I:Jo:13	
8. The region	on on the other side of the Jordan contained the plateau of as far as Dibon (Josh. 13:9)
A.	Medaba
B.	Aroer
C.	Gilead
D.	Bashan
A:A:Jo:13	
9. Sihon wa	as king of what group of people (Josh. 13:10)?
A.	Ammonites
B.	Edomites
C.	Amorites
D.	Anakites
C:B:Jo:13	

10.	A. B. C.	led in Heshbon before Israel defeated him (Josh. 13:10)? Og Sihon Adoni-zedek Jabin
В:В	:Jo:13	
11.	Who ru	led in Bashan before Israel defeated him (Josh. 13:12)?
	A.	Og
		Sihon
		Adoni-zedek
		Jabin
A:B	:Jo:13	
12.	Og reig	ned from the towns of and (Josh. 13:12)
	A.	Gilead and Pisgah
	B.	Bashan and Geshur
	C.	Ashtaroth and Edrei
	D.	Medeba and Dibon
C:A	:Jo:13	
13.	On the	other side of the Jordan Israel did not drive out what the
	peopl	e of what two areas (Josh. 13:13)?
	A.	Gilead and Medeba
	B.	Geshur and Maacah
	C.	Lebo Hamath and Negev
	D.	Jabbok and Bashan
B:A	:Jo:13	
14.	Og was	one of the last survivors of what group of people (Josh. 13:12)?
	A.	Ammonites
	B.	Edomites
	C.	Hivites
	D.	Rephaites
D:I:	Jo:13	

15. Which	tribe received no land inheritance (Josh. 13:14)?
A.	Simeon
В.	Dan
C.	Levi
D.	Asher
C:B:Jo:13	
16. What is	nheritance did Levi receive (Josh. 13:14)?
A.	
В.	
C.	Shiloh where the Tent of Meeting was put
D.	The region around Jericho
A:B:Jo:13	
_	ot the territory from Aroer on the rim of the Arnon Gorge
	e plateau of Medaba and Heshbon (Josh. 13:16)?
A.	
	Reuben
	Manasseh
	Levi
B:A:Jo:13	
18. Which	tribe got the slopes of Pisgah (Josh. 13:20)?
A.	Gad
В.	
C.	Asher
D.	Reuben
D:A:Jo:13	
19. When I	Moses defeated Sihon he also defeated the chiefs
Evi,	Rekem, Zur, Hur and Reba (Josh. 13:21)?
A.	Ammonite
В.	
C.	
D.	Nabatean
C:A:Jo:13	

- 20. Who practiced divination and was put to the sword by Israel when they defeated the Midianite chiefs (Josh. 13:22)?
 - A. Og
 - B. Sihon
 - C. Balak
 - D. Balaam

D:B:Jo:13

- 21. Which tribe received the territory of Gilead and the Ammonite territory near Rabbah (Josh. 13:25)?
 - A. Gad
 - B. Reuben
 - C. Manasseh
 - D. Levi

A:A:Jo:13

- 22. Which tribe received the territory up to the south end of the Sea of Kinnereth (Josh. 13:28)
 - A. Reuben
 - B. Manasseh
 - C. Gad
 - D. Dan

C:A:Jo:13

- 23. Which tribe received the area of Bashan along with the towns ruled by Og of Ashtaroth and Edrei (Josh. 13:30)
 - A. Reuben
 - B. Manasseh
 - C. Gad
 - D. Dan

B:A:Jo:13

- 24. What inheritance did Levi receive (Josh. 13:33)?
 - A. The Lord was their inheritance
 - B. They received the cities of refuge
 - C. They received the best land in each tribe
 - D. They received the area around Shiloh

A:B:Jo:13

Joshua 14 Multiple Choice Questions

1.		e following were involved in allotting the tribes their
		ories EXCEPT (Josh. 14:1)
	A.	Eleazar the priest
		Joshua
		The Levites
C:	ט. I:Jo:14	The heads of the tribal clans
2	Who wo	the high priest when the land inheritance was divided among
۷.		s the high priest when the land inheritance was divided among libes (Josh. 14:1)?
		Eleazar
		Caleb
		Sadok
		Acsah
A:	B:Jo:14	
3.	Joshua w	vas the son of (Josh. 14:1)
	A.	Moses
	B.	Nun
	C.	Arba
	D.	Beor
B:	B:Jo:14	
4.	Who did	Moses not grant an inheritance among the tribes (Josh. 14:3)?
	A.	Ephraim
	B.	Judah
	C.	Levi
	D.	Simeon
C:	B:Jo:14	
5.	Who had	his descendants become two tribes (Josh. 14:4)?
	A.	Reuben
	В.	Manasseh
	C.	Joseph
	D.	Levi
C:	B:Jo:14	

- 6. Joseph's two sons became the two tribes of (Josh. 14:4)
 - A. Benjamin and Simeon
 - B. Edom and Moab
 - C. Calebites and Kohathites
 - D. Ephraim and Manasseh

D:I:Jo:14

- 7. What did the Levites receive in the inheritance with the tribes (Josh. 14:4)?
 - A. The mountain tops
 - B. Towns and their pasturelands
 - C. Shiloh and Jerusalem
 - D. The tabernacle and the area around it

B:B:Jo:14

- 8. Where was Joshua when Caleb came to ask for his inheritance
 - (Josh. 14:6)?
 - A. Bethel
 - B. Jerusalem
 - C. Gilgal
 - D. Shiloh

C:A:Jo:14

- 9. Caleb was from what tribe (Josh. 14:6)?
 - A. Judah
 - B. Levi
 - C. Simeon
 - D. Dan

A:I:Jo:14

- 10. Caleb was of what group of people (Josh. 14:6)?
 - A. Kohathite
 - B. Merarite
 - C. Kenizzite
 - D. Amalekite

C:A:Jo:14

11.	Moses l	nad sent out Caleb to explore the land from
	(Josh.	14:7)
	A.	Gilgal
		Pisgah
		Sinai
	D.	Kadesh Barnea
D:B	:Jo:14	
12.	How old	d was Caleb when Moses sent him out to explore the land
		14:7)
	A.	30
	В.	
	C.	40
	D.	50
C:A	:Jo:14	
13.	Caleb sa	aid that he had followed the LORD (Josh. 14:8)
	A.	Wholeheartedly
	B.	Reverently
	C.	Truly
	D.	Faithfully
A:A	:Jo:14	
14.	How ole	d was Caleb when he came to Joshua with the request for his
	inheri	tance (Josh. 14:10)?
	A.	75
	B.	80
	C.	85
	D.	90
C:A	:Jo:14	
15.	Caleb sa	aid that he was just as in his old age as when Moses
	sent h	im out to explore the land (Josh. 14:12)
	A.	Wise
	B.	Strong
	C.	Holy
	D.	Faithful
B:I:	Jo:14	

A. The western foothills B. The Arabah C. The Negev D. The hill country D:A:Jo:14 17. Who lived in the territory that Caleb requested (Josh. 14:12)? A. Edomites B. Jebusites C. Anakites D. Amalekites C:A:Jo:14 18. What city did Joshua give Caleb for his inheritance (Josh. 14:13)? A. Jerusalem B. Bethelehem C. Shechem D. Hebron D:I:Jo:14 19. The city formerly called Kiriath Arba was in Joshua's time called	16. What territory did Caleb ask for (Josh. 14:12)?		
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D:I:Jo:14 19. The city formerly called Kiriath Arba was in Joshua's time called (Josh. 14:15) A. Jerusalem B. Hebron C. Bethelehem D. Shechem B:I:Jo:14 20. Who was the greatest man among the Anakites (Josh. 14:15)? A. Shalosh B. Hamesh C. Arba	C.	Shechem	
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B. Hebron C. Bethelehem D. Shechem B:I:Jo:14 20. Who was the greatest man among the Anakites (Josh. 14:15)? A. Shalosh B. Hamesh C. Arba			
C. Bethelehem D. Shechem B:I:Jo:14 20. Who was the greatest man among the Anakites (Josh. 14:15)? A. Shalosh B. Hamesh C. Arba	A.	Jerusalem	
D. Shechem B:I:Jo:14 20. Who was the greatest man among the Anakites (Josh. 14:15)? A. Shalosh B. Hamesh C. Arba	В.	Hebron	
B:I:Jo:14 20. Who was the greatest man among the Anakites (Josh. 14:15)? A. Shalosh B. Hamesh C. Arba	C.	Bethelehem	
20. Who was the greatest man among the Anakites (Josh. 14:15)? A. Shalosh B. Hamesh C. Arba	D.	Shechem	
A. ShaloshB. HameshC. Arba	B:I:Jo:14		
B. Hamesh C. Arba	20. Who was the greatest man among the Anakites (Josh. 14:15)?		
C. Arba	A.	Shalosh	
	B.	Hamesh	
D. Sesh	C.	Arba	
2. 00011	D.	Sesh	
C:A:Jo:14			

Joshua 15 Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. The territory of Judah was assigned (Josh. 15:1)
 - A. Person by person
 - B. Family by family
 - C. Clan by clan
 - D. Tribe by tribe

C:I:Jo:15

- 2. The territory extended down to the boundary with what other people (Josh. 15:1)?
 - A. Moab
 - B. Edom
 - C. Ammon
 - D. Hivites

B:I:Jo:15

- 3. Which desert bounded Judah on the extreme south (Josh. 15:1)
 - A. The Desert of Zin
 - B. The Desert of Ram
 - C. The Desert of Damascus
 - D. The Desert of Arabia

A:I:Jo:15

- 4. What pass did the southern border of Judah come up through (Josh. 15:2)?
 - A. The Adumim Pass
 - B. The Snake Pass
 - C. The Scorpion Pass
 - D. The Bohan Pass

C:A:Jo:15

- 5. The border of Judah extended south to what town where Moses had originally sent out the spies in to the promised land (Josh. 15:2)?
 - A. Heshbon
 - B. Maktesh Ramon
 - C. Slopes of Pisgah
 - D. Kadesh Barnea

D:B:Jo:15

- 6. The southern boundary of Judah started by the bay at the south end of what sea (Josh. 15:2)?
 - A. The Great Sea
 - B. The Kinnereth Sea
 - C. The Salt Sea
 - D. The Bitter Sea

C:B:Jo:15

- 7. The northern border of Judah began in the east at the (Josh. 15:5)
 - A. Mouth of the Jordan
 - B. Jericho
 - C. Gorge of Arnon
 - D. Waters of En Shemesh

A:A:Jo:15

- 8. The eastern boundary for Judah was (Josh. 15:5)
 - A. The Salt Sea
 - B. The Negev desert
 - C. The Great Sea
 - D. Hebron

A:B:Jo:15

- 9. The northern boundary of Judah continued to the Stone of
 - A. Beth Pelet
 - B. Ephron the Jebusite
 - C. Moriah
 - D. Bohan son of Reuben

D:A:Jo:15

- 10. The town of Gilgal faces what mountain pass on the west (Josh. 15:7)?
 - A. Pass of Bohan
 - B. Pass of the Salt Sea
 - C. Pass of Adummim
 - D. Pass of Kiriath Arba

C:I:Jo:15

11. The northern boundary of Judah passed what two water sources

(Josh. 15:7)?

- A. En Misphah and Beeroth
- B. En Rogel and En Shemesh
- C. En Beersheba and En Gedi
- D. En Harod and En Baalah

B:I:Jo:15

12. What valley runs along the southern side of the town of

Jerusalem (Josh. 15:8)?

- A. The Valley of Kidron
- B. The Cheesemakers Valley
- C. Valley of Rephaim
- D. The Hinnom Valley

D:I:Jo:15

13. Who owned Jerusalem at the time the tribal boundaries were established (Josh. 15:8)?

- A. Amorites
- B. Perizzites
- C. Jebusites
- D. Hivites

C:B:Jo:15

14. The northern boundary of Judah went by Baalah which is

(Josh. 15:9)

- A. Kiriath Jearim
- B. Kiriath Arba
- C. Kiriath Shemesh
- D. Gibeon

A:A:Jo:15

- 15. What was the western boundary of Judah (Josh. 15:12)?
 - A. The western foothills
 - B. The Great Sea
 - C. The Scorpion Pass
 - D. Kadesh Barnea

B:I:Jo:15

16.	What to	own did Caleb receive as an inheritance (Josh. 15:13)?
	A.	Kiriath Jearim
	В.	Kiriath Arba
	C.	Kiriath Shemesh
	D.	Gibeon
B:A	x:Jo:15	
17.	Who wa	as the forefather of Anak (Josh. 15:13)?
	A.	Og
		Othniel
	C.	Arba
	D.	Sepher
C:A	x:Jo:15	
18.	Hebron	was formerly called (Josh. 15:13)
	A.	Kiriath Jearim
	В.	Kiriath Arba
	C.	Kiriath Shemesh
	D.	Gibeon
B:I:	Jo:15	
19.	Debir w	vas formerly called (Josh. 15:15)
	A.	Kiriath Jearim
	В.	Kiriath Arba
	C.	Kiriath Shemesh
	D.	Kiriath Sepher
D:A	\dagger 15.	
20.	What di	id Caleb promise to the one who captured Kiriath Sepher
	(Josh	. 15:16)?
	A.	His daughter
	B.	The fields around Hebron
	C.	His cattle
	D.	The head of the king of Debir
A:B	3:Jo:15	

- 21. Who was Caleb's daughter (Josh. 15:16)?
 - A. Michal
 - B. Zipporah
 - C. Acsah
 - D. Deborah

C:I:Jo:15

- 22. Who captured the town of Kiriath Sepher and won Caleb's daughter (Josh. 15:17)?
 - A. Eleazar
 - B. Othniel
 - C. Gideon
 - D. Jephthah

B:I:Jo:15

- 23. Caleb's daughter asked that she be given what in the Negev (Josh. 15:19)?
 - A. The fields around the town
 - B. The tower of the Negev
 - C. The towns of the Amalekites
 - D. The springs

D:A:Jo:15

- 24. How many towns were in the southern region of the Negev of Judah (Josh. 15:31)?
 - A. Twenty-two
 - B. Twenty-six
 - C. Twenty-nine
 - D. Thirty-five

C:A:Jo:15

- 25. All of the following towns were in the western foothills of Judah EXCEPT (Josh. 15:33)
 - A. Eshtaol
 - B. Azekah
 - C. Adullam
 - D. En Gedi
 - E. Lachish

D:A:Jo:15

26.	. The town of Gaza and its surrounding villages was given to Juda	
		as (Josh. 15:47) The Wedi of Fount
	A.	The Wadi of Egypt Paorshaba
		Beersheba Maala Adumina
		Maale Adumim
A:A	ט. 3:Jo:15	Kiriath Arba
27	Which t	eaven was in the desart of Judah by the Salt San (Josh 15:62)?
21.		sown was in the desert of Judah by the Salt Sea (Josh. 15:62)?
		Eshtaol
		Adultor
		Adullam
		En Gedi
ът		Lachish
D:I:	Jo:15	
28.	All of th	ne following were in the hill country of Judah EXCEPT
	(Josh.	15:48ff)?
	A.	Maon
	B.	Gibeon
	C.	Carmel
	D.	Hebron
B:A	:Jo:15	
29.	Judah co	ould not dislodge the Jebusites from what town (Josh. 15:63)?
		Bethelehem
	B.	Tekoah
		Jerusalem
	D.	Beth Zur
C:B	:Jo:15	
30	Othniel	was what relation to Caleb (Josh. 15:17)?
50.	A.	Brother
	В.	Uncle
	— ·	Nephew
		Father
A:A	:Jo:15	1 auto

- 31. Whose descendants did Caleb defeat at Hebron (Josh. 15:14)?
 - A. Edom
 - B. Moab
 - C. Anak
 - D. Amalek

C:A:Jo:15

Joshua 16 Multiple Choice Questions

1.	The two	tribes that came from Joseph were	(Josh. 16:1)
	A.	Ephraim and Manasseh	
	B.	Simeon and Reuben	
	C.	Dan and Asher	
	D.	Zebulun and Simeon	
A :	B:Jo:16		
2.		tment for Joseph's tribes started at the Jordan n	ear what
		(Josh. 16:1)?	
		Jerusalem	
		Shechem	
		Shiloh	
		Jericho	
D:	A:Jo:16		
3	After on	ing through the desert the boundary for Joseph	's tribes came to
•		own of (Josh. 16:2)	
		Megiddo	
		Shiloh	
		Bethel	
		Bethlehem	
C:	A:Jo:16	Betmenent	
- 12	210 011 0		
4.	What to	wn was formerly called Luz (Josh. 16:2)?	
	A.	Megiddo	
	В.	Shiloh	
	C.	Bethel	
	D.	Bethlehem	
C:]	I:Jo:16		
5	The bour	ndary for Joseph's tribes descended westward i	near the region
•		ower (Josh. 16:3)	iour the region
	A.	Beth Horon	
		Azekah	
		Beth Shemesh	
		Socoh	
Α:	I:Jo:16		

in the A. B. C.	vn did the boundary of the Joseph tribes pass just before it ended sea (Josh. 16:3)? Kiriath Jearim Gezer Shiloh Beth Shemesh
Uppe A. B. C.	ory of Ephraim's boundary went up from the western sea to r (Josh. 16:5) Beth Horon Azekah Beth Shemesh Socoh
8. After pas (Josh A. B. C.	ssing Janoah the boundary of Ephraim went down to 16:7) Bethel and Ai Bethlehem and Tekoah Ataroth and Naarah Hoglah and Milcah
A.	ler of Ephraim ended in the east at what location (Josh. 16:7)? Mount Hermon The Salt Sea The plains of Pisgah The Jordan
A. B.	ere the Ephraimites not able to dislodge (Josh. 16:10)? Jebusites Canaanites Philistines Hittites

- 11. What town were the Ephraimites not able to dislodge the Canaanites (Josh. 16:10)?
 - A. Shiloh
 - B. Azekah
 - C. Gezer
 - D. Beth Shemesh

C:A:Jo:16

- 12. What did the Ephraimites require of the inhabitants of Gezer (Josh. 16:10)?
 - A. They did forced labor
 - B. They drew water and shepherded their cattle
 - C. They became craftsman in gold and silver
 - D. They became traders along the Via Maris

A:I:Jo:16

Joshua 17 Multiple Choice Questions

1.	Who was	s Joseph's firstborn (Josh. 17:1)?
	A.	Manasseh
		Ephraim
	C.	Asher
	D.	Simeon
A:	I:Jo:17	
2.	Who was	s Manasseh's firstborn (Josh. 17:1)?
	A.	Hoglah
	В.	Milcah
	C.	Makir
	D.	Eleazar
C:	A:Jo:17	
3.	Who we	re great soldiers among the tribe of Manasseh (Josh. 17:1)
		Shechemites
	В.	Abiezerites
	C.	Helekites
	D.	Makirites
D:	A:Jo:17	
4.	All of the	e following were clans of Manasseh EXCEPT (Josh. 17:2)?
	A.	_
	B.	Arkites
	C.	Helek
		Hepher
B:	A:Jo:17	1
5.	The Man	hassehite clan of Makir received the territories of
		. 17:1)
	À.	Edom and Moab
	В.	Gilead and Bashan
		Jezreel Valley and Galilee
		Mount Hermon and the hill country
B:	A:Jo:17	

6.	Who had	only daughters in Manasseh (Josh. 17:3)
	A.	Abiezer
		Helek
	C.	Zelophehad
	D.	Makir
C	B:Jo:17	
7.	The daug	ghters of Zelophehad went to all of the following to request
	a lanc	l inheritance EXCEPT (Josh. 17:4)
	A.	Eleazar the priest
	B.	Joshua
	C.	The leaders
		The Judges
D	:I:Jo:17	
8.	The daug	ghters of Zelophehad received territory (Josh. 17:6)
	Α.	•
	B.	In the hill country
		By the coast of the Great Sea
	D.	In the valley of Armageddon
Α	:A:Jo:17	in the valley of i imageddon
1.		
9.	What tov	wn was on the boundary between Manasseh and Ephraim
	(Josh	. 17:8)?
	À.	Shechem
	B.	Tappuah
	C.	
	D.	Bethel
В	A:Jo:17	
1.0) The bes	andone of Monocock reso on the north side of what revine that
1(andary of Manasseh was on the north side of what ravine that
		ered Ephraim (Josh. 17:9)?
	A.	Arnon
	B.	Kidron
	C.	
~	D.	Qelt
\mathbf{C}	:A:Jo:17	

- 11. What tribe did Manasseh border on the north (Josh. 17:11)?
 - A. Dan
 - B. Issachar
 - C. Benjamin
 - D. Asher

D:A:Jo:17

12. All of the following famous towns were in Issachar and Asher but owned by Manasseh EXCEPT

(Josh. 17:11)

- A. Bethel
- B. Beth Shan
- C. Megiddo
- D. Endor
- E. Taanach

A:I:Jo:17

- 13. What was Manasseh not able to do in their inheriting of the land (Josh. 17:12)
 - A. They were not able to occupy some of the towns
 - B. They were not able to build cities in the plains
 - C. They were not able to dig wells
 - D. They were not able to destroy the giants in the land

A:I:Jo:17

- 14. As Manasseh grew stronger how did they subject the Canaanites (Josh. 17:13)?
 - A. They took their chariots and horses
 - B. They pulled down the walls of their cities
 - C. They subjected them to forced labor
 - D. They burned their cities

C:B:Jo:17

- 15. The people of Joseph wanted more land because they said (Josh. 17:14)
 - A. They were a people faithful to the LORD
 - B. They were a numerous people
 - C. They were mighty warriors
 - D. They were surrounded by the peoples of the land

B:B:Jo:17

16. Joshua	told the descendants of Joseph if their allotment was too small
they	should (Josh. 17:15)
A.	Take the cities of the plains
B.	Dig wells in the valleys
C.	Plow on the mountain terraces
D.	Clear the forests
D:I:Jo:17	
17. The peo	ople of Joseph complained that they were not able to conquer the
Cana	anites because they had (Josh. 17:16)
A.	Bronze shields
B.	Iron chariots
C.	Fast horses
D.	Flaming arrows
B:B:Jo:17	
18. Those v	with iron chariots were found at Beth Shan and in the valley
of	(Josh. 17:16)
A.	Jezreel
B.	Hinnom
C.	Arnon
D.	Kanah
A:B:Jo:17	

Joshua 18 Multiple Choice Questions

land A.	
	Shechem Hebron
D.	Shiloh
D:B:Jo:18	
A 1111	
	hey set up the Tent of Meeting and gathered, how many tribes had
	not received their territories (Josh. 18:2)?
A.	Five
	Six Seven
C:A:Jo:18	Eight
C.A.J0.16	
3. When J	oshua went to make a survey of the land how many people from
	n tribe did he send out (Josh. 18:4)?
A.	Two
B.	Three
C.	Four
D.	Seven
B:A:Jo:18	
4. Joshua	sent out people from each tribe to make a survey of the land and
to _	(Josh. 18:4).
A.	Write a description of it
В.	Tell him the best way to take what remained
C.	Tell all Israel about the land God was giving them
D.	Capture and bring back to him people who lived in the land
A:B:Jo:18	
5 Who or	armed the harly of the termiteurs of Israel in the court (Isah 19.5)?
3. WIIO 0	wned the bulk of the territory of Israel in the south (Josh. 18:5)? Simeon
A. B.	
В. С.	Benjamin Judah
C. D.	Joseph
C:B:Jo:18	зовори
C.D.JU.10	

- 6. Who owned the bulk of the territory of Israel in the north (Josh. 18:5)?
 - A. Simeon
 - B. Benjamin
 - C. Judah
 - D. Joseph

D:B:Jo:18

- 7. How did Joshua propose to divide the last seven remaining parts of the land (Josh. 18:6)?
 - A. By lot
 - B. According to the needs of each tribe
 - C. As the LORD directed Moses
 - D. According to the number of each tribe

A:B:Jo:18

- 8. What did Joshua need to be brought to him before he cast lots to decide how the seven remaining parts of the land would be distributed (Josh. 18:6)?
 - A. A lamb from each tribe
 - B. Seven straws for drawing
 - C. Written descriptions of each area
 - D. A captive from each area

C:I:Jo:18

- 9. Who did not get a portion of the land (Josh. 18:7)?
 - A. Danites
 - B. Levites
 - C. Simeonites
 - D. Asherites

B:B:Jo:18

- 10. What was the inheritance of the tribe of Levi (Josh. 18:7)?
 - A. The tabernacle and its surroundings
 - B. Shiloh and Jerusalem
 - C. One tenth of the land from each tribe
 - D. The priestly service of the LORD

D:B:Jo:18

11.		he following tribes received their inheritance east of Jordan EPT (Josh. 18:7)
	A.	
		Gad
		Ephraim
		Manasseh
$C \cdot \mathbf{P}$	ъ. 3:Jo:18	Manassen
C.D	0.JU.10	
12.	The sur	eveyors were to return to Joshua at where he
	woul	d cast lots for the final tribes inheritance (Josh. 18:10).
	A.	Jerusalem
	В.	Shiloh
	C.	Gilgal
	D.	Bethel
B:B	3:Jo:18	
13.	The tril	be of Benjamin got the territory between what two tribes
	(Josh	. 18:11)?
	À.	
	B.	Simeon and Asher
		Reuben and Gad
		Dan and Judah
A:I:	:Jo:18	
14	The ho	undary of Benjamin started at the Jordan and went by the slopes
1		nat city before ascending into the desert of Beth Aven
		. 18:12)?
		Shiloh
	В.	Bethel
	C.	
	D.	
D:A	\:Jo:18	School
	FD1 1	
15.		undary of Benjamin passed by the southern slope of the city of
		which is (Josh. 18:13).
	A.	Shiloh
	В.	
	C.	
	D.	Beth Shemesh
B:I:	Jo:18	

	south A. B. C. D.	Indary of Benjamin descended down to Ataroth Adar on the side of the hill of Lower (Josh. 18:13). Lachish Shechem Beth Horon Ramah
C:1:	Jo:18	
17.		andary of Benjamin went by Kiriath Baal which is
	,	18:14).
		Kiriath Jearim
		Kiriath Sepher Beth Horon
		Beth Shemesh
A:A	ט. ג:Jo:18	Deur Stiemesti
18.		andary of Benjamin went west by the spring of
	`	18:15).
		Waters of Shemesh
		Waters of Nephtoah
		Waters of Siloam
D . Λ	.:Jo:18	Waters of Beersheba
D.A	JU.10	
19.	near t	thern boundary of Benjamin when down what valley that was he Jebusite city (Jerusalem) (Josh. 18:16)?
		Valley of Kidron
		Valley of Armageddon
	C.	Valley of the Cheesemakers
ъ.	D.	Valley of Hinnom
D:I:	Jo:18	
19.	The sou	thern boundary of Benjamin went down by what pass
	(Josh.	18:17)?
	A.	Ataroth
	B.	Scorpion
	C.	Adummim
	D.	Nephtoah
C:I:	Jo:18	

- 20. The southern boundary of Benjamin ran by what stone (Josh. 18:17)? Bohan son of Reuben A. Lehem son of Benjamin В. Qelt son of Judah C. Naharaim son of Dan D. A:A:Jo:18 21. The southern border of Benjamin came out on the east by the mouth of the Jordan River in the bay of the (Josh. 18:19) A. Kinnereth Sea The Great Sea В. C. The Salt Sea D. The Bitter Sea C:B:Jo:18 22. What formed the eastern boundary of Benjamin (Josh. 18:20)? The desert of Zin A. B. The Arabah C. Mount Pisgah D. The Jordan D:B:Jo:18 23. All of the following cities were part of Benjamin's inheritance EXCEPT (Josh. 18:21ff) Jericho Α. B. Hebron C. Bethel D. Gibeon E. Ramah B:B:Jo:18 24. What city was known as the Jebusite city in the inheritance of Benjamin (Josh. 18:28)?
- - Α. Gibeah
 - B. Jerusalem
 - C. Bethel
 - D. Jericho

B:B:Jo:18

Joshua 19 Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. The tribe of Simeon's territory was taken from what other tribe's inheritance (Josh. 19:1)?
 - A. Ephraim
 - B. Reuben
 - C. Benjamin
 - D. Judah

D:I:Jo:19

- 2. The tribe of Simeon's territory was in the south and included all of the following cities EXCEPT (Josh. 19:2ff)?
 - A. Hebron
 - B. Beersheba
 - C. Ziklag
 - D. Hormah
 - E. Sharuhen

A:I:Jo:19

- 3. Why was the tribal inheritance of Simeon taken from within Judah (Josh. 19:9)?
 - A. Because Judah had sinned
 - B. Because Judah had more than they needed
 - C. Because Judah and Simeon had made an alliance
 - D. Because of Jacob's curse on Simeon

B:I:Jo:19

- 4. The tribal inheritance of Zebulun extended to the ravine near what town (Josh. 19:11)?
 - A. Beth Shan
 - B. Shiloh
 - C. Jokneam
 - D. Hazor

C:A:Jo:19

5.	A.	Valley did the boundary of Zebulun end (Josh. 19:14)? Armageddon Hinnom
		Arnon
		Iphtah El
D:	A:Jo:19	-p
6.		ndary of Zebulun turned eastward from Sarid toward the se of Kisloth (Josh. 19:12).
	A.	Tabor
	В.	Ramoth
		Naalaim
		Jearim
A:	A:Jo:19	
7.	_	the second allotment in the casting of lots for the tribal itance (Josh. 19:1)
	A.	Dan
	B.	Asher
	C.	Simeon
	D.	Zebulun
C:	I:Jo:19	
8.	The inhe	ritance of Issachar included which famous town (Josh. 19:18)?
	A.	Bethlehem
	В.	Nazareth
	C.	Hebron
	D.	Jezreel
D:	A:Jo:19	
9.	The bour	ndary of Issachar touched (Josh. 19:22).
	A.	Jerusalem
	В.	Tabor
	C.	Lower Beth Horon ridge
	D.	Hazor
B:	A:Jo:19	

10.	Which t	tribe got the fifth allotment (Josh. 19:24)?
	A.	Dan
		Asher
	C.	Simeon
	D.	Zebulun
B:A	:Jo:19	
11.	The wes	stern boundary of Asher touched what place (Josh. 19:26)?
	A.	Carmel
	B.	Tabor
	C.	Gilboa
	D.	Gerizim
A:A	:Jo:19	
12.		andary of Asher touched the tribe of and the
		y of Iphtah El (Josh. 19:27)?
	A.	
		Asher
		Simeon
D.I.		Zebulun
D:1:	Jo:19	
13.		andaries of Asher went toward the Greater Sidon and the
		ed city of (Josh. 19:29).
	A.	Beth Shan
		Chorazin
	C.	
	D.	Capernaum
C:I:	Jo:19	
14.	The trib	be of Naphtali was identified by boundary marker at the large in Zaaninnim (Josh. 19:33).
	A.	Stone
	B.	Tree
	C.	Mountain
	D.	Ravine
B:A	:Jo:19	

15.	(Josh. A. B. C.	be of Naphtali touched what tribe to the west of them 19:34)? Dan Asher Simeon Zebulun
B:I:	Jo:19	
16.	(Josh. A. B. C.	tribe was the seventh and final one to receive its inheritance 19:40)? Dan Asher Simeon Zebulun
A:A	\.Jo:19	
	which A. B.	the territory assigned to Dan faced the area ofa was a port city (Josh. 19:46). Gath Beersheba Jericho Joppa
		nites did not get the territory Joshua assigned to them by lot se (Josh. 19:47) They had cattle and needed grazing fields They were wanted more sources of water They were not able to take possession of the territory They were too large for the assigned territory
	What to A. B. C. D. :Jo:19	own did Dan defeat and take as their inheritance (Josh. 19:47)? Leshem Beth Shemesh Megiddo Kiriath Jearim

20. The tov	vn of Leshem was renamed (Josh. 19:47).
A.	Nazareth
B.	Dan
C.	Hazaroth Hazor
D.	Beeroth
B:B:Jo:19	
21. What in	nheritance did Joshua get (Josh. 19:49)?
A.	A mountain
B.	A field
C.	A town
D.	A well in a valley
C:I:Jo:19	·
22. Joshua r	received as his inheritance the town of
	. 19:50)
	Hebron
	Gibeah
	Azekah Ramoth
D.	Timnath Serah
D:I:Jo:19	
	tribe was the last to receive its inheritance by Joshua's casting of
`	Josh. 19:40)?
A.	
	Asher
	Simeon
	Zebulun
A:A:Jo:19	
24. In what	tribe was the town Timnah Serah that Joshua requested as his
	inheritance (Josh. 19:49)?
A.	Zebulun
B.	Judah
C.	Ephraim
D.	Asher
C:I:Jo:19	

- 25. Who helped Joshua divide up the land by lots at Shiloh (Josh. 19:51)?
 - A. Nun the son of Joshua
 - B. Eleazar the priest
 - C. Caleb, his friend
 - D. Nathan the prophet

B:B:Jo:19

Joshua 20 Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. The cities of refuge were for what kinds of people (Josh. 20:2)?
 - A. The poor and abandoned
 - B. Those with no families
 - C. Those who killed someone accidentally
 - D. Those who owed money to their neighbor

C:B:Jo:20

- 2. The cities of refuge were to protect the one fleeing there from the _____ (Josh. 20:2)
 - A. Avenger of blood
 - B. Sergeant at arms
 - C. The chief of the hosts of Israel
 - D. The high priest

A:B:Jo:20

- 3. When a person entered the city of refuge they were to stand where and make their case (Josh. 20:4)?
 - A. Outside the city wall
 - B. The home of the priest
 - C. By the well of the city
 - D. The city gate

D:B:Jo:20

- 4. Before whom was a person seeking asylum in a city of refuge to make their case (Josh. 20:4)?
 - A. The priest
 - B. The city elders
 - C. The prophet
 - D. The messenger of the Lord

B:I:Jo:20

5.		finding asylum in a city of refuge was not to be turned over to venger of blood because he killed his neighbor without
		1. 20:5)
	A.	
		Anger
		Malice aforethought
		Wickedness
C:	I:Jo:20	vi Teliconiess
6.	The pers	son seeking asylum in a city of refuge was allowed to leave
	the c	ity after a trial by the assembly and (Josh. 20:6)
	A.	
	B.	A pardon by the elders
	C.	The victim's family's forgiveness
	D.	The year of Jubilee
A:	I:Jo:20	
7.	All of th	e following were cities of refuge on the western side of the
	Jorda	nn EXCEPT (Josh. 20:7)
	A.	Kedesh in Galilee
		Shechem in Ephraim
	C.	Kiriath Arba in Judah
	D.	Gibeon in Benjamin
D:	A:Jo:20	
8.	The tow	n of Kiriath Araba was a city of refuge which is better known by
	its na	me (Josh. 20:7)
	A.	Bethlehem
	В.	Megiddo
	C.	Hebron
	D.	Gaza
C:	I:Jo:20	
9.		astern side of the Jordan all of the following were cities of refuge
	EXC	EPT (Josh. 20:8)
	A.	Bezer in Reuben
	В.	Ammon in Pisgah of Reuben
	C.	Ramoth in Gilead
	D.	Golan in Bashan of Manasseh

B:A:Jo:20

10.	(Josh. A. B. C.	n was a city of refuge in the hill country of what tribe 20:7)? Benjamin Zebulun Asher Ephraim
D:I	:Jo:20	1
	what in A. B. C. D.	was a city of refuge on the eastern side of the Jordan was in region of Gad (Josh. 20:8)? Golan Gilead Plains of Moab Edom
B:A	:Jo:20	
	(Josh. A. B. C.	vas a city of refuge in the region of in Manasseh 20:9) Golan Gilead Plains of Moab Edom
	(Josh. A. B. C.	was a city of refuge in the hill country of what tribe 20:7)? Benjamin Judah Asher Ephraim
	How ma A. B. C. D.	any cities of refuge were there west of the Jordan (Josh. 20:7f)? Two Three Six Twelve

15.	How	many	cities	of refuge	were	there	east	of the	Jordan	(Josh.	20:8)?)
	A	T										

- A. Two
- B. Three
- C. Six
- D. Twelve

B:I:Jo:20

- 16. How many cities of refuge were there in Israel total (Josh. 20:7ff)
 - A. Two
 - B. Three
 - C. Six
 - D. Twelve

C:B:Jo:20

Joshua 21 Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. The heads of the Levites approached all of the following with a request that they be given towns EXCEPT (Josh. 21:1)
 - A. Joshua son of Nun
 - B. Caleb son of Jephuneh
 - C. Eleazar the priest
 - D. The heads of the other tribal families

B:I:Jo:21

- 2. The LORD had directed through Moses that the Levites be given towns with _____ (Josh. 21:2)
 - A. High places
 - B. Threshing floors
 - C. Gates and walls
 - D. Pasturelands

D:I:Jo:21

- 3. Where was Joshua when the Levites brought their request for their inheritance (Josh. 21:2)?
 - A. Jerusalem
 - B. Shechem
 - C. Shiloh
 - D. Gilgal

C:A:Jo:21

- 4. All of the following are major groups within the tribe of Levi EXCEPT (Josh. 21:4, 6, 7)
 - A. Libnahites
 - B. Kohathites
 - C. Gershonites
 - D. Merarites

A:B:Jo:21

	(Josh. A. B. C. D.	ree major subdivisions of Levi who received the first lot 21:4)? Libnahites Kohathites Gershonites Merarites
В:	A:Jo:21	
	EXCI A. B. C.	athites received thirteen towns in all of the following tribes EPT (Josh. 21:4) Judah Simeon Benjamin Reuben
υ.	11.30.21	
	towns A. B. C.	tajor division of the Levites received its inheritance from the sof Issachar, Asher and Naphtali (Josh. 21:6)? Libnahites Kohathites Gershonites Merarites
	towns A. B. C.	najor division of the Levites received its inheritance from the s of Reuben, Gad and Zebulun (Josh. 21:7)? Libnahites Kohathites Gershonites Merarites
	A. B. C.	n of Kiriath Arba is also called (Josh. 21:11) Hebron Hormah Arad Beersheba

10.	A.	was the forefather of (Josh. 21:11) Moab Anak
	C.	Sihon
B:I:	D. Jo:21	Jabin
11.	The cit	y of Hebron is also a city of (Josh. 21:13)
		Walls and gates
		Springs of water
		Refuge
	D.	The Edomites
C:I:	Jo:21	
12.	To who	om had the city of Hebron already been given (Josh. 21:12)?
	A.	Joshua
	B.	Caleb
	C.	Eleazar
	D.	The daughters of Zelophehad
B:B	3:Jo:21	
13.		he following cities of Benjamin were given to the Kohathites were Levites EXCEPT (Josh. 21:17)
	A.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	B.	Gibeon
		Geba
	D.	Shechem
D:I	:Jo:21	
14.	All of t	he following cities of Ephraim were given to the Kohathites
		evitical cities EXCEPT (Josh. 21:21f)
	A.	Hazor
	B.	Shechem
	C.	Gezer
	D.	Beth Horon
A:I	:Jo:21	

- 15. Which city from Ephraim that was given as a levitical city was also a city of refuge (Josh. 21:21)?
 - A. Hazor
 - B. Shechem
 - C. Gezer
 - D. Beth Horon

B:I:Jo:21

- 16. The Gershonites were a levitical group that was given what city in Bashan that was a city of refuge (Josh. 21:27)?
 - A. Heshbon
 - B. Ammon
 - C. Golan
 - D. Jericho

C:A:Jo:21

- 17. The Gershonites who were Levites were given what city in Naphtali in Galilee that was also a city of refuge (Josh. 21:32)?
 - A. Hazor
 - B. Shiloh
 - C. Bethlehem
 - D. Kedesh

D:A:Jo:21

- 18. The Merarites from the Levites were given what city in Gad that was a city of refuge (Josh. 21:38)?
 - A. Ramoth in Gilead
 - B. Kedesh in Galilee
 - C. Hebron in the hill country
 - D. Gezer on the plains

A:A:Jo:21

- 19. How many levitical cities were there in total (Josh. 21:41)?
 - A. 24
 - B. 32
 - C. 48
 - D. 64

C:B:Jo:21

20.	After th	e land was divided, what did the LORD give them on every side
	(Josh.	21:44)?
	A.	Rest
	В.	Blessing
	C.	Rain
	D.	Success
A:B	:Jo:21	
21.	Joshua 1	reflects after dividing the land that all God's were
	fulfill	ed (Josh. 21:44f)
	A.	Covenants
	В.	Oaths
	C.	Commandments
	D.	Promises

D:B:Jo:21

Joshua 22 Multiple Choice Questions

1.	When Jo	shua sent the trans-jordan tribes home he called Moses by the
	title _	(Josh. 22:1)
	A.	The prophet of the LORD
	B.	The man of God
	C.	The master of Israel
	D.	The servant of the LORD
D:	I:Jo:22	
2.	The three	e trans-jordan tribes had not their brothers
	(Josh	. 22:3)
	A.	Rejected
	B.	Deserted
	C.	Cursed
	D.	Pursued
B:	B:Jo:22	
	God I on A. B.	three tribes had seen their brothers find rest in the land had promised them they were free to return to the land (Josh. 22:4) The plains of Moab The dome of Gilead The other side of Jordan The heights of Golan
4.	that N	nstructed the trans-jordan tribes not to forsake the commandment Moses had given them listing all of the following EXCEPT . 22:5)
	A.	Listen to his voice
	B.	Walking in all his ways
	C.	Love the LORD you God
	D.	Obey his commands
	E.	Serve him with all your heart
A:	I:Jo:22	

- 5. Which of the trans-jordan tribes received the land of Bashan (Josh. 22:6)?
 - A. Reuben
 - B. Gad
 - C. One half of Manasseh
 - D. Judah

C:A:Jo:22

- 6. When Joshua sent the trans-jordan tribes home what did do (Josh. 22:7)?
 - A. He built an altar for them
 - B. He blessed them
 - C. He made a covenant with them
 - D. He gave them a copy of the books of the law

B:B:Jo:22

- 7. When Joshua mentioned the plunder gained by the trans-jordan tribes he included all of the following EXCEPT (Josh. 22:8)
 - A. Livestock
 - B. Bronze
 - C. Iron
 - D. Clothing
 - E. Jewels

E:A:Jo:22

- 8. Where was Joshua when he sent the trans-jordan tribes home (Josh. 22:9)?
 - A. Jerusalem
 - B. Shechem
 - C. Shiloh
 - D. Timnah Serah

C:I:Jo:22

- 9. When the trans-jordan tribes arrived at Geliloth near the Jordan what did they do (Josh. 22:10)?
 - A. They read a copy of the law
 - B. They set up twelve stones
 - C. They set up a pillar to the LORD
 - D. They built a large altar

D:B:Jo:22

- 10. When the other tribes heard that the trans-jordan tribes had built an altar at Geliloth what was their initial response (Josh. 22:12)?
 - A. They gathered to go to war against them
 - B. They sent offerings and sacrifices
 - C. They blessed them
 - D. They burned two of their towns to the ground

A:B:Jo:22

- 11. Who did Joshua send to find out about why the trans-jordan tribes had built the altar at Geliloth (Josh. 22:13)?
 - A. Eleazar the high priest
 - B. Phinehas the son of Eleazar
 - C. Jazer the son of Joshua
 - D. Manoah the son of Eleazar

B:A:Jo:22

- 12. How many heads of the tribes went with Phinehas to find out why the trans-jordan tribes had built the altar at Geliloth (Josh. 22:14)?
 - A. Twelve
 - B. Eleven
 - C. Ten
 - D. Nine

C:A:Jo:22

- 13. What did Phinehas asked the trans-jordan tribe in Gilead (Josh. 22:16)?
 - A. How could they offer their children in the fires of sacrifice?
 - B. How could they reject the laws of Moses the servant of the LORD?
 - C. How could they offer up the blood of bulls and goats?
 - D. How could they turn away from the LORD and build an altar?

D:I:Jo:22

- 14. Phinehas reminded and accused the trans-jordan tribes of what particular sinful event in Israel's past that was similar to their building an altar (Josh. 22:17)?
 - A. The golden calf
 - B. The sin of Peor
 - C. The sin of Korah
 - D. The sin of complaining because their was no water

B:A:Jo:22

15.	becau previo A. B. C.	as argued that the trans-jordan tribes should not build an altar use the whole community was punished for sin busly (Josh. 22:20) Balaam's Aaron's Achan's Moses'
C:B	Jo:22	
16.		
A:A	:Jo:22	THE LORD
	it (Jos A. B. C.	ns-jordan tribes said they had not built the altar to do what with sh. 22:23)? Offer their children upon it Offer burnt offerings or grain offerings Anoint it with oil Shed blood for their sins
		a of the LORD's atlar at Geliloth (Josh. 22:28)? If the their children ever went after other gods If the tribes on the west of the Jordan ever left the LORD If the other tribes ever said they had no share in the LORD If the other tribes ever made war on them
	The alta A. B. C. D. Jo:22	witness Sign of the covenant Oath Memorial

- 20. What name did the Reubenites and Gadites give to the altar they built at Geliloth (Josh. 22:34)?
 - A. A witness between us that the LORD is God
 - B. A sign that there is one God and the LORD is his name
 - C. A blessing that God is king of the world
 - D. A promise that both sides of Jordan served the LORD

A:I:Jo:22

Joshua 23 Multiple Choice Questions

1.	After a l	ong time the LORD gave Israel rest from all their
	(Josh	1. 23:1)
	A.	Enemies
	В.	Troubles
	C.	Weariness
	D.	Journies
A:	B:Jo:23	
2.		oshua was old he summon all of the following EXCEPT to hear
	his fi	nal farewell (Josh. 23:2)?
	A.	Elders
	В.	
		Judges
	D.	Priests
	E.	Officials
D:	A:Jo:23	
3.	Joshua t	old the leaders that had fought for them (Josh. 23:3)
	A.	
		The Levites
		The LORD
	D.	The hosts of heaven
C:	B:Jo:23	
4.		aid he had conquered the nations between what two boundary
		ers (Josh. 23:4)?
	A.	The Salt Sea and the Great Sea
	В.	
	C.	7 1
	D.	The Negev and Galilee
B:	B:Jo:23	

		Remember the promises of God
6.		aid that the law of Moses was in (Josh. 23:6)
	A.	The ark
		Their hearts
		A book The mouths of their children
C.	D. I:Jo:23	The mouths of their children
C:	1:30:23	
7.	Joshua w	varned the leaders of Israel that they should not do all of the
		ving in regard to foreign gods EXCEPT (Josh. 23:7)
	A.	
	B.	Swear by them
	C.	Serve them
	D.	Follow their ways
	E.	Invoke their names
D:	I:Jo:23	
R	What did	I the LORD drive out before Israel (Josh. 23:9)?
0.	A.	The chariots of iron
	В.	
		Giants and mighty men
	D.	Horses and warriors
B:	I:Jo:23	
9.		the LORD fought for them one Israelite routed
	`	. 23:10)
	A.	Ten
	В.	
		A thousand
~		Ten thousand
C:	I:Jo:23	

- 10. Joshua told the leaders of Israel they were not to do any of the following with the survivors of the nations EXCEPT (Josh. 23:12)
 - A. Share their food with them
 - B. Intermarry with them
 - C. Ally themselves with them
 - D. Associate with them

A:B:Jo:23

- 11. Joshua warned the leaders the nations left in the land would become all of the following EXCEPT (Josh. 23:13)
 - A. Snares and traps
 - B. Whips on their backs
 - C. Arrows in their sides
 - D. Thorns in their eyes

C:A:Jo:23

- 12. If Israel allied themselves with the nations who survived they would _____ (Josh. 23:13)
 - A. Perish from the good land God had given them
 - B. Wander in the desert until they repented
 - C. Seek God but not find him
 - D. Watch their children reject the LORD

A:B:Jo:23

- 13. In Joshua's farewell speech he said he was going the way of _____ (Josh. 23:14)
 - A. His fathers
 - B. All the earth
 - C. All mankind
 - D. Moses

B:I:Jo:23

- 14. Joshua in his farewell speech told the leaders they knew what with all their heart and soul (Josh. 23:14)?
 - A. That the Lord was their God and He was one
 - B. That they should worship the Lord
 - C. Not one of the good promises God gave them had failed
 - D. That God had given them the land

C:I:Jo:23

- 15. Joshua, in his farewell speech, warned the leaders that if they did what God would bring evil upon them (Josh. 23:16)?
 - A. Violated the covenant
 - B. Turned their backs on the LORD
 - C. Forgot the commandments of the LORD
 - D. Said that they had conquered the land

A:B:Jo:23

- 16. Joshua, in his farewell speech, warned the leaders that God's anger would burn against them if they did what (Josh. 23:16)?
 - A. Became proud
 - B. Did not follow the ways of the LORD
 - C. Served other gods
 - D. Turned aside after dishonest gain

C:B:Jo:23

- 17. Joshua, in his farewell speech, warned the leaders that God's anger would express itself in _____ (Josh. 23:16)
 - A. He would not listen to their prayers
 - B. The nations driving them out of the land
 - C. Droughts and plagues like they had seen in Egypt
 - D. Israel's perishing from the good land

D:B:Jo:23

Joshua 24 Multiple Choice Questions

- 1. Where did Joshua summon all the tribes to renew the covenant (Josh. 24:1)?
 - A. Shiloh
 - B. Bethel
 - C. Jerusalem
 - D. Shechem

D:B:Jo:24

- 2. At the end of Joshua's life what did the elders and judges of Israel do at Shechem (Josh. 24:1)
 - A. Worshipped the LORD
 - B. Presented themselves before God
 - C. Built an altar to the LORD
 - D. Sent out messengers to all the tribes

B:I:Jo:24

- 3. All of the following were leaders of Israel that were listed as gathered with Joshua at Shechem EXCEPT (Josh. 24:1)
 - A. Judges
 - B. Elders
 - C. Officials
 - D. Priests
 - E. Leaders

D:A:Jo:24

- 4. Joshua, in narrating Israel's history at Shechem, said what two individuals had lived beyond the river (Josh. 24:2)
 - A. Terah and Nahor
 - B. Abraham and Isaac
 - C. Jacob and Laban
 - D. Joseph and Judah

A:A:Jo:24

- 5. Joshua speaking for the LORD, in narrating Israel's history at Shechem, said that the forefathers had done what when they lived beyond the river (Josh. 24:2)?
 - A. Left their homes to follow the LORD
 - B. Went the way of all flesh
 - C. Served other gods
 - D. Worshipped the LORD

C:B:Jo:24

- 6. Where did God say he had taken Abraham from (Josh. 24:3)?
 - A. On the other side of the sea
 - B. Beyond the River
 - C. From Ur
 - D. From the desert of his sojourn

B:I:Jo:24

- 7. The phrase "beyond the River" refers to what river as the home of the forefathers (Josh. 24:3)?
 - A. Jordan
 - B. Litani
 - C. Nile
 - D. Euphrates

D:B:Jo:24

- 8. God said he gave Abraham all of the following descendants EXCEPT (Josh. 24:3)
 - A. Isaac
 - B. Lot
 - C. Jacob
 - D. Esau

B:I:Jo:24

- 9. Esau received what land inheritance from the LORD (Josh. 24:4)?
 - A. The hill country of Seir
 - B. The plains of Moab
 - C. The mountains of Pisgah
 - D. Gilead

A:B:Jo:24

- 10. When Esau received his land inheritance in Seir what happened to Jacob and his descendants (Josh. 24:4)?
 - A. They went to Haran and worked for Laban
 - B. They went to meet God at Bethel
 - C. They went down to Egypt
 - D. They wandered in the desert

C:B:Jo:24

- 11. Who did God say he sent to bring the Israelites out of Egypt (Josh. 24:5)?
 - A. Moses and Jethro
 - B. Moses and Aaron
 - C. Moses and Miriam
 - D. Moses and Joshua

B:B:Jo:24

- 12. With what did the Egyptians pursue the Israelites as far as the Red Sea (Josh. 24:6)?
 - A. Horses
 - B. Bows and arrows
 - C. Chariots
 - D. An innumerable host

C:B:Jo:24

- 13. When Israel cried for help what did the LORD put between Israel and the Egyptians (Josh. 24:7)?
 - A. Fire
 - B. Water
 - C. Darkness
 - D. Sand

C:I:Jo:24

- 14. What group of people fought against Israel on the eastern side of the Jordan (Josh. 24:8)?
 - A. Amorites
 - B. Edomites
 - C. Hittites
 - D. Jebusites

A:A:Jo:24

- 15. After Israel destroyed the Amorites on the eastern side of the Jordan, what did they do (Josh. 24:8)?
 - A. Ran after other gods
 - B. Plundered their cities
 - C. Built an altar to the LORD their God
 - D. Took possession of their land

D:I:Jo:24

- 16. Who sent for Balaam to put a curse on Israel (Josh. 24:9)?
 - A. Og king of Bashan
 - B. Sihon king of Heshbon
 - C. Balak son of Zippor
 - D. Hobab son of Eliezer

C:I:Jo:24

- 17. Balak sent for whom to put a curse on Israel (Josh. 24:9)?
 - A. Balaam son of Beor
 - B. Achan son of Carmi
 - C. Sihon son of Heshbon
 - D. Eglon son of Moab

A:B:Jo:24

- 18. What was God's response to Balaam's request to put a curse on Israel (Josh. 24:10)?
 - A. He refused Balaam's request
 - B. He would not listen to him
 - C. He gave him leprosy instead
 - D. He cursed Balak instead of Israel

B:I:Jo:24

- 19. After Israel crossed the Jordan what was the first city that fought against them (Josh. 24:11)?
 - A. Gilgal
 - B. Ai
 - C. Jericho
 - D. Bethel

C:B:Jo:24

- 20. When the Israelites crossed the Jordan all of the following peoples fought against them EXCEPT (Josh. 24:11) **Amorites** A. B. Hittites C. Canaanites **Jebusites** D. E. **Edomites** E:A:Jo:24 21. What did God send ahead of them to drive out the inhabitants of the land before them (Josh. 24:12)? **Vultures** A. B. A locust C. A serpent D. A hornet D:A:Jo:24 22. Israel had not taken the land with what instruments of war (Josh. 24:12)? Bow and arrows Α. B. Sword and bow C. Spear and sword Horse and chariot D. B:I:Jo:24 23. Joshua admonished the people to fear the LORD and serve him with all (Josh. 24:14) Humility A. В. Their hearts C. Faithfulness D. Righteousness
- 24. Joshua admonished the people to throw what away (Josh. 24:14)?
 - A. The gods their forefathers worshiped beyond the River
 - B. The gods of the people they had conquered
 - C. The gods of Egypt
 - D. The plunder of the inhabitants of the land

A:B:Jo:24

C:I:Jo:24

- 25. Joshua said "But as for me and my household, we will _____ the LORD (Josh. 24:15)
 - A. Follow
 - B. Worship
 - C. Fear
 - D. Serve

D:B:Jo:24

- 26. The people said they chose to follow the LORD because he had done all of the following for them EXCEPT (Josh. 24:16)
 - A. Protected them in their entire journey among the nations
 - B. Brought their forefathers out of Egypt from the land of slavery
 - C. Toppled the walls of Jericho
 - D. Performed great signs before their eyes

C:A:Jo:24

- 27. Joshua told the people they were not able to serve the LORD because of what two qualities in God (Josh. 24:19)
 - A. He was a righteous and awesome God
 - B. He was a holy and jealous God
 - C. He was a pure and holy God
 - D. He was perfect and righteous

B:I:Jo:24

- 28. When the people acknowledged that they were witnesses against themselves, Joshua told them to throw what away (Josh. 24:23)?
 - A. Their foreign gods
 - B. The plunder of the Canaanites
 - C. The evil practices of Egypt
 - D. Their clothes that they had worn in the desert

A:B:Jo:24

- 29. Where did Joshua make a covenant for the people drawing up laws and decrees (Josh. 24:25)?
 - A. Gilgal
 - B. Bethel
 - C. Shechem
 - D. Jerusalem

C:B:Jo:24

ma A. B. C. D.	In the Book of the Law On a plastered rock he set up On the doorframes of their houses
B:B:Jo:2	4
at A. B. C.	t did Joshua set up under an oak near the holy place of the LORD Shechem as a witness against the Israelites (Josh. 24:27)? A pillar A heap of stones A stone An altar
C.D.J0.2	†
A. B. C.	old was Joshua when he died (Josh. 24:29)? Ninety-five One hundred and ten One hundred and fifty One hundred and eighty 4
A. B.	ua was buried in his inheritance at (Josh. 24:30) Timnah Serah Beth Horon Taanach Hazor
34. Josh A. B. C. D. B:B:Jo:2	ua was buried in the hill country of what tribe (Josh. 24:30)? Reuben Ephraim Judah Benjamin

- 35. Whose bones did the Israelites bury at Shechem (Josh. 24:32)? Jacob's A. B. Abraham's C. Joseph's D. Joshua's C:B:Jo:24 36. Joseph was buried on the plot of land that Jacob bought from _ (Josh. 24:32) Hamor the son of Shechem A. Sheshai the son of Shiloh В. Rizpah the son of Bayit C. Caleb the son of the Negev D. A:A:Jo:24 37. Who was the son of Aaron who died and was buried in Gibeah (Josh. 24:33)? Kohath A. В. Eleazar C. Phineas D. **Zippor** B:A:Jo:24 38. Who was Eleazar's son who had been allotted territory in Ephraim (Josh. 24:33)? A. Kohath
- - Caleb В.
 - C. Phineas
 - D. **Zippor**

C:I:Jo:24