Deuteronomy Multiple Choice Questions

(B=Beg; I=Intermediate; A=Advanced)
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Deuteronomy 1 Multiple Choice Questions

1. Deuteronomy records the words Moses spoke to all Israel

 when they were (Deut. 1:1)

 A. In the desert east of the Jordan

 B. Camped at Kadesh Barnea

 C. Arrived at Mount Hor

 D. Wandered in the wilderness

A:B:Dt:1

2. How many days does it take to go from Horeb to Kadesh Barnea

 (Deut. 1:2)?

 A. Seven days

 B. Eleven days

 C. Fourteen days

 D. Twenty-one days

B:A:Dt:1

3. What road does one take to go from Horeb to Kadesh Barnea (Deut. 1:2)?

 A. The Kadesh road

 B. The Via Maris

 C. The Negev road

 D. The Mount Seir road

D:A:Dt:1

4. What year did Moses proclaim the message of Deuteronomy which the

 LORD had commanded him (Deut. 1:3)?

 A. Third year the first day of the tenth month

 B. The twentieth year the first day of the second month

 C. The fortieth year the first day of the eleventh month

 D. The fortieth year the fourteenth day of the first month

C:I:Dt:1

5. In the Arabah, what did Moses proclaim to the Israelites (Deut. 1:3)?

 A. All the journey where they had gone

 B. All that the LORD had commanded him

 C. All the statutes and decrees of the LORD

 D. All that he had seen on Mount Horeb

B:B:Dt:1

6. What two Amorite kings had Israel defeated prior to the proclamation

of Deuteronomy (Deut. 1:4)?

 A. Og and Sihon

 B. Balak and Baalam

 C. Jabin and Sisera

 D. Abimelech and Jobab

A:B:Dt:1

7. Og was the Amorite king who ruled over (Deut. 1:4)

 A. Heshbon

 B. Eschol

 C. Bashan

 D. Edrei

C:I:Dt:1

8. Sihon was the Amorite king who ruled (Deut. 1:4)

 A. Heshbon

 B. Eschol

 C. Bashan

 D. Edrei

A:I:Dt:1

9. Moses expounded the law east of the Jordan in the territory of

 (Deut. 1:5)

 A. Canaan

 B. Ammon

 C. Edom

 D. Moab

D:B:Dt:1

10. When God told Israel to break camp from Horeb, he told them to

 go into the hill country of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 1:7)

 A. Edomites

 B. Ammonites

 C. Amorites

 D. Moabites

C:A:Dt:1

11. When God told Israel to break camp from Horeb, he told them to

 go as far as what river (Deut. 1:7)?

 A. The Euphrates

 B. Jordan

 C. Litani

 D. The river of Egypt

A:A:Dt:1

12. When God told Israel to break camp from Horeb, what did he tell them

he would give them (Deut. 1:7)?

 A. The cattle on a thousand hills

 B. The land he swore to Abraham

 C. The victory over the Philistines

 D. The gold shields and silver trumpets

B:B:Dt:1

13. In the desert east of the Jordan, Moses said God had increased the

numbers of the Israelites so that they were as many as (Deut. 1:10)

 A. The sand of the sea shore

 B. Drops in the sea

 C. The stars in the sky

 D. Dust of the earth

C:I:Dt:1

14. Because Israel was so numerous, what was Moses unable to do by

 himself (Deut. 1:12)?

 A. Handle the articles of the tabernacle

 B. Make all the sacrifices to the LORD that were needed

 C. Speak the law of the LORD to all the people

 D. Handle Israel's burden, problems and disputes

D:I:Dt:1

15. Moses gave all of the following requirements for choosing the leaders

who were to have authority over the Israelites EXCEPT

(Deut. 1:13f)

 A. Courageous

 B. Wise

 C. Understanding

 D. Respected

A:I:Dt:1

16. When Moses originally selected the judges of Israel, he commanded

them that they not show partiality to (Deut. 1:17)

A. Rich or poor

B. Great or small

C. Young or old

D. Friend or foe

B:B:Dt:1

17. Moses explained that the judges should not show partiality because

 (Deut. 1:17)

 A. That was what the law commanded

 B. They were made in the image of God

 C. They were to judge as Moses himself would judge

 D. Judgment was the LORD's

D:I:Dt:1

18. Moses said the judges could bring what kind of cases to him to

 judge (Deut. 1:17f)?

 A. Cases involving aliens or foreigners

 B. Cases involving the leaders of Israel

 C. Cases that were too hard for them

 D. Cases involving thousands of people

C:B:Dt:1

19. Moses said when they left Horeb they set out for the hill country

 of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 1:19)

 A. Canaanites

 B. Amorites

 C. Edomites

 D. Moabites

B:I:Dt:1

20. From what location did Moses tell the Israelites to go up and take

 the promised land (Deut. 1:19f)?

 A. Kadesh Barnea

 B. Hazeroth

 C. Elath

 D. Pi Hahiroth

A:B:Dt:1

21. Why were the spies sent out from Kadesh Barnea (Deut. 1:22f)?

 A. To see if there were giants there

 B. To request permission to enter the land from the Amorites

 C. To report on the route and towns they would come to

 D. To determine how the land should be divided

C:B:Dt:1

22. From what valley did the spies bring back fruit to the Israelites

camped at Kadesh Barnea (Deut. 1:24)?

 A. Hebron

 B. Arabah

 C. Paran

 D. Eschol

D:I:Dt:1

23. After the spies returned, what did the Israelites conclude concerning

God (Deut. 1:27)?

 A. He hated them and was delivering them over to the Amorites

 B. He was powerless to bring them into the promise land

 C. He had forsaken them at Mount Horeb

 D. He was a God of the desert not of the hills

A:B:Dt:1

24. All of the following were used as excuses for not going up and taking

the promised land EXCEPT (Deut. 1:28)

 A. The inhabitants are taller and stronger than the Israelites were

 B. They had chariots of iron

 C. The cities were walled up to the sky

 D. The Anakites were there

B:I:Dt:1

25. Moses, after the spies' report, argued that Israel should go up and take

the land because (Deut. 1:30f)

 A. God was a mighty king and victorious over his enemies

 B. God had given them water and manna and now he would give

them the victory

 C. God would fight for them as they had seen him do in Egypt

 D. God was a great warrior

C:B:Dt:1

26. Moses, after the spies' report, said God had carried Israel like

(Deut. 1:31)

 A. A mother bird carries food to her young

 B. A bear carries her cubs

 C. A camel carries the weary

 D. A father carries his son

D:I:Dt:1

27. God traveled ahead of Israel in a fire at night and a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

by day (Deut. 1:33)

 A. Cloud

 B. Deep darkness

 C. Light

 D. Star

A:B:Dt:1

28. After Israel failed to trust God refusing to take the promised land, God

swore (Deut. 1:35)

 A. They would all be bitten by snakes in the desert

 B. None of them would see the land he swore to give to their

fathers

 C. None of them would ever find the rest he had promised to

 their forefathers

 D. Their children would perish in the desert

B:B:Dt:1

30. Who was the only one of the wilderness generation who would see the

promised land (Deut. 1:36)

 A. Gideon

 B. Aaron

 C. Eleazar

 D. Caleb

D:B:Dt:1

31. What quality did Caleb have that God honored (Deut. 1:36)?

 A. He obeyed the commandment of the LORD

 B. He was a humble servant of the LORD

 C. He followed the LORD wholeheartedly

 D. He trusted the LORD

C:I:Dt:1

32. Moses, in Deuteronomy, said that the LORD became angry at him

 because (Deut. 1:37)

 A. Of the Israelites

 B. He struck the rock

 C. He too did not trust the LORD

 D. He had rebelled against the LORD

A:I:Dt:1

33. Who was Moses' assistant who was to lead Israel into the

promised land (Deut. 1:38)?

A. Eleazar

B. Caleb

C. Achan

D. Joshua

D:B:Dt:1

34. God said he would give the promised land to the little ones that the

Israelites said would (Deut. 1:39)

 A. Be destroyed by Amorite chariots

 B. Be taken captive

 C. Be killed with the sword

 D. Be fatherless because of war

B:I:Dt:1

35. After God announced judgment because the Israelites refused to trust

him by going up and taking the promised land, the Israelites did all of

the following EXCEPT (Deut. 1:41)

 A. They put on their weapons

 B. They trusted the LORD's command

 C. They confessed that they had sinned

 D. They marched up to fight the Amorites

B:B:Dt:1

36. After the Israelites refused to take the land, when they did

 try to go up they would loose because (Deut. 1:42)

 A. God would not be with them

 B. God would fight against them

 C. Their enemies were stronger than they were

 D. God would use the sword of the Amorites to slay them

A:I:Dt:1

37. The Amorites chased Israel like a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 1:44)

 A. Pack of wolves

 B. Swarm of locusts

 C. Swarm of bees

 D. Hail storm

C:I:Dt:1

38. After Israel was defeated and came back to the LORD weeping, what

 was his response (Deut. 1:45)?

 A. He turned and had compassion on them

 B. He forgave them their sins

 C. He told Moses to offer sacrifices for them

 D. He paid no attention to them

D:I:Dt:1

Deuteronomy 2 Multiple Choice Questions

1. After leaving Kadesh Barnea, the Israelites set out along the route

 to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 2:1)

 A. Negev

 B. Desert of Sin

 C. Jordan River

 D. Red Sea

D:A:Dt:2

2. What country did Israel purposely make their way around (Deut. 2:1f)?

 A. The hill country of Seir

 B. The fields of the Amorites

 C. The valley of the Canaanites

 D. The cities of the Anakim

A:I:Dt:2

3. Why did Israel take such care to go around the hill country of Seir

(Deut. 2:4)?

 A. Seir was given to the descendants of Moabites

 B. Seir was given to the descendants of Esau

 C. Seir was given to the descendants of Ishmael

 D. Seir was given to the descendants of the Ammonites

B:I:Dt:2

4. Esau's descendants settled in the hill country of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 2:4)

 A. Negev

 B. Gilead

 C. Seir

 D. Ephraim

C:B:Dt:2

5. Who had given Esau the hill country of Seir (Deut. 2:5)?

 A. The LORD

 B. The Horites

 C. The Moabites

 D. Chemosh

A:B:Dt:2

6. How were the Israelites to obtain food and water when traveling around

 Seir (Deut. 2:6)?

 A. They were to dig their own wells and eat manna

 B. They were to ride camels and take meat from their flocks

 C. God would provide water from a rock and food from the sky

 D. They were to buy their food and water with silver

D:I:Dt:2

7. The Arabah road comes up toward the Salt Sea from what two

 cities (Deut. 2:8)?

 A. Eziongeber and Elath

 B. Aqaba and Beersheba

 C. Arad and Avdat

 D. Shivta and Kadesh

A:I:Dt:2

8. The Israelites were not to provoke the Moabites into war because they

 were the descendants of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 2:9)

 A. Ishmael

 B. Esau

 C. Lot

 D. Keturah

C:B:Dt:2

9. Who used to live in Ar where the Moabites lived during Moses' day

(Deut. 2:10)?

 A. Rephaites

 B. Horites

 C. Anakites

 D. Emites

D:A:Dt:2

10. Who did Esau's descendants in Seir drive out so they could settle

 there (Deut. 2:12)?

 A. Rephaites

 B. Horites

 C. Anakites

 D. Emites

B:A:Dt:2

11. The Emites and Anakites were both tall and considered to be

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 2:11)

 A. Rephaites

 B. Horites

 C. Anakites

 D. Emites

A:A:Dt:2

12. What valley on the south-east corner of the Salt Sea did Israel cross

 thirty-eight years after leaving Kadesh (Deut. 2:13f)

 A. The Arnon

 B. The Zered

 C. The Jabbok

 D. The Kidron

B:A:Dt:2

13. The region of Moab is located at \_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 2:18)

 A. Gilead

 B. Bashan

 C. Ar

 D. Negev

C:A:Dt:2

14. Who died as Israel went by Moab and Edom (Deut. 2:14)?

 A. Those that had complained of no food in the desert

 B. Those that had complained of no water in the desert

 C. Those who followed Korah opposing Moses and Aaron

 D. The entire former generation of fighting men

D:B:Dt:2

15. Israel did not fight against the Ammonites because they were

 the descendants of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 2:19)

 A. Ishmael

 B. Esau

 C. Lot

 D. Keturah

C:B:Dt:2

16. Who gave the Ammonites their land (Deut. 2:19)?

 A. The LORD

 B. The Horites

 C. The Moabites

 D. Chemosh

A:B:Dt:2

17. Who did the Ammonites have to defeat in order to receive the

 land the LORD gave them (Deut. 2:20)?

 A. Emites

 B. Horites

 C. Anakites

 D. Zamzummites

D:A:Dt:2

18. Who had formerly lived in villages as far as Gaza (Deut. 2:23)?

 A. Rephaites

 B. Horites

 C. Avvites

 D. Emites

C:A:Dt:2

19. Who destroyed the Avvites out of the villages as far as Gaza

(Deut. 2:23)?

 A. Rephaites

 B. Caphtorites

 C. Horites

 D. Emites

B:A:Dt:2

20. Just before facing Sihon, what gorge did Israel pass over (Deut. 2:24)?

 A. The Arnon

 B. The Zered

 C. The Jabbok

 D. The Kidron

A:I:Dt:2

21. Who was the king of Heshbon in the time of Moses (Deut. 2:24)?

 A. Og

 B. Balak

 C. Sihon

 D. Hermon

C:B:Dt:2

22. Both Sihon and Og were from what tribal group (Deut. 2:24)?

 A. Edomites

 B. Amorites

 C. Moabites

 D. Amalekites

B:B:Dt:2

23. Before passing through Sihon's territory, Moses sent an offering of

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 2:26)

 A. War

 B. Truce

 C. Surrender

 D. Peace

D:B:Dt:2

24. What did God do to Sihon that resulted in his defeat (Deut. 2:30)?

 A. Split the Jordan River

 B. Rained down hail on him

 C. Made his spirit stubborn

 D. Made him afraid of Israel

C:I:Dt:2

25. Where did Israel go to battle against Sihon, king of Heshbon

(Deut. 2:32)?

 A. Jahaz

 B. Heshbon

 C. Ar

 D. Medaba

A:A:Dt:2

26. When Israel took Sihon's towns how did they do it (Deut. 2:34)?

 A. They spared only the women and children and took the plunder

for themselves

 B. They left no survivors but took the plunder for themselves

 C. They took no plunder and left no survivors

 D. They burned them to the ground keeping only the animals to

offer sacrifices to the LORD

B:B:Dt:2

27. What city sits on the rim of the Arnon Gorge (Deut. 2:36)?

 A. Hesbon

 B. Medaba

 C. Aroer

 D. Ephrath

C:A:Dt:2

28. Israel captured the land of Sihon from the Arnon Gorge to the

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ valley (Deut. 2:37)

 A. The Arnon

 B. The Zered

 C. The Jabbok

 D. The Kidron

C:I:Dt:2

29. Israel captured the land of Sihon from the Arnon Gorge even unto

 the region of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 2:36)

 A. Negev

 B. Shephelah

 C. Arabah

 D. Gilead

D:I:Dt:2

Deuteronomy 3 Multiple Choice Questions

1. What region was king Og from (Deut. 3:1)?

 A. Gilead

 B. Mispeh

 C. Arabah

 D. Bashan

D:I:Dt:3

2. Og and Israel did battle at \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 3:1)

 A. Medaba

 B. Heshbon

 C. Edrei

 D. Jahaz

C:A:Dt:3

3. How many cities did Israel take when they were victorious over

 Og (Deut. 3:4)?

 A. 40

 B. 60

 C. 75

 D. 80

B:A:Dt:3

4. The cities taken from Og were walled with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 3:5)

 A. Gates and bars

 B. Moats and water

 C. Archers and rock throwers

 D. Rock and mortar

A:I:Dt:3

5. What did Israel carry off from the cities of Og (Deut. 3:7)?

 A. Women and children

 B. Weapons and supplies

 C. Livestock and plunder

 D. Their gods and storehouses

C:I:Dt:3

6. Israel completely destroyed the cities of Og which meant that

 (Deut. 3:6)

 A. All the men were slain

 B. All the men, women and children were slain

 C. All the people and cattle were slain

 D. The whole city was burned to the ground

B:B:Dt:3

7. After defeating Og, the boundaries in trans-jordan were set from

the Arnon Gorge to (Deut. 3:8)

 A. Mount Hor

 B. Mount Tabor

 C. Mount Gilboa

 D. Mount Hermon

D:I:Dt:3

8. Mount Hermon is called \_\_\_\_\_\_ by the Sidonians (Deut. 3:9)

 A. Sirion

 B. Senir

 C. Shivta

 D. Sheba

A:A:Dt:3

9. Mount Hermon is called \_\_\_\_\_\_ by the Amorites (Deut. 3:9)

 A. Sirion

 B. Senir

 C. Shivta

 D. Sheba

B:A:Dt:3

10. Og was the only one left of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 3:11)

 A. Anakites

 B. Hemanites

 C. Amalekites

 D. Rephaites

D:I:Dt:3

11. Og's bed was (Deut. 3:11)

 A. Made of brass and 9 feet by 6 feet

 B. Made of silver and 10 feet by 4 feet

 C. Made of iron and 13 feet by 6 feet

 D. Made silk and silver and 15 feet by 7 feet

C:I:Dt:3

12. The Reubenites and Gadites got the territory in trans-jordan

 (Deut. 3:12)

 A. From the Arnon Gorge to half of the hill country of Gilead

 B. From the Arnon Gorge to the valley of Zered

 C. From Mount Hermon to the Jabbok gorge

 D. All the region on the other side of Jordan

A:I:Dt:3

13. The bed of Og was taken to what location after the Israelites defeated

 him (Deut. 3:11)?

 A. Medaba of the Moabites

 B. Rabbah of the Ammonites

 C. Selah of the Edomites

 D. Ar of the Moabites

B:A:Dt:3

14. The rest of Gilead and Bashan was given to (Deut. 3:13)

 A. The Reubenites

 B. The Gadites

 C. The Danites

 D. Half the tribe of Manasseh

D:B:Dt:3

15. Who took the whole region of Argob (Deut. 3:14)?

 A. Caleb

 B. Jair

 C. Zelophehad

 D. Azzan

B:A:Dt:3

16. Argob is on the border of what two tribal regions (Deut. 3:14)?

 A. Moabites and Edomites

 B. Amalekites and Amorites

 C. Gershurites and Maacathites

 D. Rephaites and Anakites

C:A:Dt:3

17. What place was named after Jair "to this day" (Deut. 3:14)?

 A. Havvoth Jair

 B. Shemoth Jair

 C. Mizpeh Jair

 D. Ramon Jair

A:A:Dt:3

18. What river was a border with the Ammonites (Deut. 3:16)?

 A. Jordan river

 B. Jabbok river

 C. Litani river

 D. River of Egypt

B:I:Dt:3

19. The Jordan river lies in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 3:17)

 A. Maktesh

 B. Pisgah

 C. Mizpeh

 D. Arabah

D:B:Dt:3

20. The western tribal border for Reuben and Gad followed the Jordan

 River from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the Salt Sea (Deut. 3:17)

 A. Red Sea

 B. Panion

 C. Kinnereth

 D. Ram

C:I:Dt:3

21. The trans-jordan tribes had to supply Israel with all their \_\_\_\_\_\_

(Deut. 3:18)

 A. Supplies

 B. Able-bodied men

 C. Priest and Levites

 D. Weapons and plunder

B:I:Dt:3

22. Who was able to stay behind and not cross over the Jordan from

 the tribes of Reuben, Gad and half of Manasseh (Deut. 3:19)?

 A. Their women, children and cattle

 B. Their women and children

 C. Their women and children and one tenth of the men

 D. Their women, children and shepherds

A:I:Dt:3

23. When could those of Reuben and Gad return home (Deut. 3:20)?

 A. When the tabernacle rested in Shiloh

 B. When Israel defeated their enemies on the other side of Jordan

 C. When the LORD gave their brothers rest and their own land

 D. When the LORD gave them the command

C:I:Dt:3

24. Joshua was told not to be afraid of the kingdoms on the other side of

 Jordan because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 3:22)

 A. The LORD would bless wherever he walked

 B. The LORD would supply all their needs

 C. The LORD would terrify their enemies

 D. The LORD would fight for him

D:B:Dt:3

25. The Moses encouraged Joshua saying (Deut. 3:21f)

 A. As God had done to the two kings he would do the same for

Joshua

 B. As the LORD had been with Moses now he would be with Joshua

 C. As the LORD had defeated Pharaoh in Egypt so he would do

 the same in Canaan

 D. As the LORD put plagues on Israel in the wilderness now he

 would put these plagues on the Canaanites

A:I:Dt:3

26. What request of Moses did God deny (Deut. 3:24ff)?

 A. His request to stay with tribe of Reuben

 B. His request to cross the Jordan

 C. His request to continue the manna

 D. His request to forgive him for striking the rock

B:B:Dt:3

27. God ordered Moses to climb what mountain in order to see the

land God was giving Israel (Deut. 3:27)?

 A. Horeb

 B. Senir

 C. Pisgah

 D. Gilboa

C:B:Dt:3

28. Moses was commanded to do all of the following to Joshua EXCEPT

 (Deut. 3:28)

 A. Commision him

 B. Encourage him

 C. Strengthen him

 D. Train him

D:B:Dt:3

29. When Moses was commanded to climb Pisgah, Israel was camped in

 the valley near \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 3:29)

 A. Ar

 B. Beth-Peor

 C. Beth-Aven

 D. Shechem

B:A:Dt:3

Deuteronomy 4 Multiple Choice Questions

1. What did Moses command the Israelites to hear (Deut. 4:1)

 A. The ten commandments from the tablets of stone

 B. The laws and decrees he was about to teach them

 C. The words of God which he spoke

 D. The voice of God from the pillar of cloud over the tabernacle

B:B:Dt:4

2. The Israelites were to follow the laws and decrees so that

 (Deut. 4:1)

 A. They would go in and take possession of the land

 B. They would have no more plagues

 C. They would be holy and righteous before God

 D. They would offer sacrifices that were acceptable to God

A:B:Dt:4

3. Who was giving Israel the land (Deut. 4:1)

 A. God Almighty

 B. The LORD of hosts

 C. The God of your fathers

 D. The LORD of Sinai

C:B:Dt:4

4. The Israelites were not to do what to the commands of the LORD God

that Moses was giving them (Deut. 4:2)?

A. Reject them

B. Hide them in their tents

C. Give them to the nations they were fighting

D. Add to or subtract from them

D:B:Dt:4

5. What had the Israelites seen God do at Baal Peor (Deut. 4:3)?

 A. Destroyed the Midianites

 B. Destroy anyone who followed Baal Peor

 C. Destroyed Baalam who Balak had hired to curse them

 D. Destroyed those that had opposed them

B:I:Dt:4

6. Who did Moses say was still alive "this day" (Deut. 4:1)?

 A. Those that held fast to the LORD

 B. Those that worshipped God

 C. Those that did not touch the unclean thing at Peor

 D. Those that saw God's mighty hand at Sinai

A:I:Dt:4

7. Moses taught them the decrees and laws that the LORD God commanded

 him so that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 4:5)

 A. They would not be enticed by the peoples of the land

 B. They would worship God in spirit and truth

 C. They would follow them in the land they were entering

 D. They would listen to the voice of the LORD their God

C:B:Dt:4

8. Observing the decrees and laws would show what two qualities to the

 nations (Deut. 4:6)?

 A. Faithfulness and obedience

 B. Justice and compassion

 C. Holiness and righteousness

 D. Wisdom and understanding

D:B:Dt:4

9. Moses asked what other nation had God so near whenever they

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as Israel did (Deut. 4:7)

 A. Worshipped

 B. Prayed

 C. Walked

 D. Were in trouble

B:I:Dt:4

10. Moses asked what other nations had such \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ decrees as

 the body of laws he was setting before them (Deut. 4:8)

 A. Just

 B. Holy

 C. Righteous

 D. Good

C:I:Dt:4

11. Moses warned Israel not to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the things their eyes had seen

 (Deut. 4:9)

 A. Forget

 B. Disobey

 C. Reject

 D. Dismiss

A:B:Dt:4

12. In order that the things they had seen not be forgotten, the Israelites

 were to (Deut. 4:9)

 A. Each write them down

 B. Teach them to their children

 C. Read about them every day

 D. Talk to each other about them

B:B:Dt:4

13. God assembled the Israelites at Horeb so they would hear his words

 and learn to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ him (Deut. 4:10)

 A. Obey

 B. Follow

 C. Listen to

 D. Revere

D:B:Dt:4

14. From Horeb God spoke to his people from (Deut. 4:12)

 A. The Tent of Meeting

 B. A pillar of cloud

 C. A fire

 D. Mighty wind

C:B:Dt:4

15. While Israel heard God's voice at Horeb they did not (Deut. 4:13)

 A. Understand what he said

 B. See his form

 C. Listen to his words

 D. Draw near to touch him

B:B:Dt:4

16. God declared his covenant to the Israelites at Horeb called (Deut. 4:13)

 A. The ten commandments

 B. The law of the LORD

 C. The covenant of circumcision

 D. The covenant of Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

A:B:Dt:4

17. God wrote the ten commandments on (Deut. 4:13)

 A. Their hearts

 B. The pages of a book

 C. Two tablets of stone

 D. The side of the mountain

C:B:Dt:4

18. The laws and decrees God directed Moses to teach were to be

 followed (Deut. 4:14)

 A. In the desert in which they were traveling

 B. In the land they were crossing Jordan to possess

 C. Always

 D. As they conquered the other nations

B:I:Dt:4

19. Israel was not to make an idol of any shape of a person or animal

 because (Deut. 4:15)

 A. Animals were God's creation and not to be worshipped

 B. All idols were to be destroyed

 C. God is not like a rock image which cannot speak or act

 D. They saw no form when God spoke to them at Horeb

D:B:Dt:4

20. What should Israel not be enticed to worship (Deut. 4:19)?

 A. Sun, moon and stars

 B. Animals that move and crawl

 C. Kings and priests

 D. Rocks and trees

A:B:Dt:4

21. God brought Israel out of the iron-smelting \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of Egypt

(Deut. 4:20)

 A. Idolatry

 B. Chains

 C. Furnace

 D. Mines

C:B:Dt:4

22. God brought Israel out of Egypt to be a people of his \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 (Deut. 4:20)

 A. Covenant

 B. Inheritance

 C. Priesthood

 D. Law

B:B:Dt:4

23. Moses said the LORD was angry at him because (Deut. 4:21)

 A. He struck the rock

 B. He had not obeyed fully

 C. He did not listen to the voice of the LORD

 D. Of them (the Israelites)

D:B:Dt:4

24. Moses said the LORD was giving them the good land as a(n)

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 4:21)

 A. Sign

 B. Down payment

 C. Inheritance

 D. Treasure

C:B:Dt:4

25. Israel was to be careful not to forget \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 4:23)

 A. The covenant

 B. The miracles of the LORD

 C. Moses

 D. What God did to Korah

A:B:Dt:4

26. Moses said God was a consuming fire and a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ God (Deut. 4:24)

 A. Zealous

 B. Angry

 C. Jealous

 D. Holy

C:B:Dt:4

27. Who did Moses call as witnesses that if Israel made idols they would

 perish (Deut. 4:26)?

 A. Joshua and Caleb

 B. Heaven and earth

 C. The altar and the ark

 D. The trees and rocks

B:I:Dt:4

28. If Israel pursued idols all of the following would happen to them

 EXCEPT (Deut. 4:27)

 A. They would be scattered

 B. Only a few would survive

 C. They would worship man-made gods

 D. Their children would die before they would

D:I:Dt:4

29. The scattered Israelites would find God if they (Deut. 4:29)

 A. Looked for him with all their heart and soul

 B. Confessed their sins and destroy their idols

 C. Returned to Horeb and remember the laws

 D. Humbled themselves and prayed

A:B:Dt:4

30. Moses said gods of wood and stone could not do any of the following

 EXCEPT (Deut. 4:28)

 A. See

 B. Hear

 C. Touch

 D. Smell

C:A:Dt:4

31. When distress comes on the Israelites in the latter days they were to

 (Deut. 4:29)

 A. Repent and confess

 B. Return and obey

 C. Worship and cleanse

 D. Draw near and come back to the land

B:I:Dt:4

32. Because God is a merciful God, Moses said he would do all of the

following EXCEPT (Deut. 4:31)

 A. Not abandon them

 B. Not destroy them

 C. Forget the covenant

 D. Not harden his heart

D:I:Dt:4

33. Moses said that no other nation or people since the creation had ever

 (Deut. 4:33)

 A. Heard the voice of God speaking out of a fire and lived

 B. Saw God face to face and lived

 C. Saw their gods split the sea and rescue them

 D. Walked in the desert with God feeding them from a rock

A:B:Dt:4

34. Moses said that no other god had taken nation out of another nation by

all of the following EXCEPT (Deut. 4:34)

 A. A mighty hand and outstretched arm

 B. The great and awesome deeds

 C. Walls of water and chariots of fire

 D. Miraculous signs and wonders

C:B:Dt:4

35. God had shown Israel his mighty hand in the awesome signs bringing

them out of Egypt so that they would know (Deut. 4:35)

 A. He keeps his word forever

 B. The LORD is God there is no other

 C. His commandments forever

 D. The glory of the LORD fills the whole earth

B:B:Dt:4

36. God brought them out of Egypt because he loved \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 4:37)

 A. Them

 B. The whole world

 C. His chosen ones

 D. Their forefathers

D:I:Dt:4

37. Moses advised them to keep the commandments for all of the following

 reasons EXCEPT (Deut. 4:40)

 A. So that the world would know God's laws

 B. So that it will go well with them

 C. So that they may live long in the land

 D. So that it will go well with their children

A:B:Dt:4

38. All of the following were cities of refuge on the other side of the

 Jordan EXCEPT (Deut. 4:43)

 A. Bezer in the desert

 B. Ramoth in Gilead

 C. Ar in Moab

 D. Golan in Bashan

C:A:Dt:4

39. How many cities of refuge did Moses assign on the other side of the

 Jordan (Deut. 4:41)

 A. 3

 B. 6

 C. 12

 D. 24

A:A:Dt:4

40. The cities of refuge were for someone who had killed someone

 (Deut. 4:42)

 A. In war

 B. Without malice aforethought

 C. By means of a sword

 D. Who had murdered their brother

B:B:Dt:4

41. Moses gave Israel all of the following in the valley near Beth Peor

EXCEPT (Deut. 4:46)

A. Stipulations

B. Laws

C. Covenants

D. Decrees

C:I:Dt:4

42. The territory Moses captured from Og and Sihon extended from

 Ar on the rim of the Arnon Gorge to (Deut. 4:48)

 A. Gilead

 B. Bashan

 C. Mount Tabor

 D. Mount Siyon

D:I:Dt:4

42. Mount Siyon is another name for what mountain (Deut. 4:48)?

 A. Tabor

 B. Olives

 C. Hermon

 D. Horeb

C:A:Dt:4

43. The territory Moses captured from Og and Sihon extended from

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to Mount Siyon (Deut. 4:48)

 A. The Jabbok river

 B. The Arnon Gorge

 C. The valley of Zered

 D. The plains of Jericho

B:I:Dt:4

Deuteronomy 5 Multiple Choice Questions

1. What did God make with Israel at Horeb (Deut. 5:2)

 A. An alliance

 B. A truce

 C. A covenant

 D. An agreement

C:B:Dt:5

2. At Horeb, Moses said God did not make a covenant with whom

(Deut. 5:3)?

A. Their fathers

B. Their enemies

C. Their neighbors

D. The birds of the sky

A:I:Dt:5

3. How did God speak to Israel out of the fire on Mount Horeb (Deut. 5:4)?

 A. Mouth to mouth

 B. Face to face

 C. In a dark cloud

 D. From between the cherubim

B:I:Dt:5

4. Where did Moses stand when God spoke from the fire at Horeb

 (Deut. 5:5)?

 A. Between the fire and the LORD

 B. Between the mountain and the LORD

 C. Between the LORD and Israel

 D. Between the LORD and the tabernacle

C:B:Dt:5

5. Why did Moses stand between God and Israel at Horeb (Deut. 5:5)?

 A. Because Israel was shamed by their sin

 B. Because Israel feared a plague

 C. Because Israel wanted Moses to present their requests

 D. Because Israel was afraid of the fire

D:B:Dt:5

6. God identified himself as the LORD your God who brought you out of

 Egypt (Deut. 5:6)

 A. Out of the land of slavery

 B. Out of the pits for making bricks

 C. Out of the idolatry of Egypt

 D. Out from under Pharaoh's hand

A:B:Dt:5

7. God said they should have no other \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 5:7)

 A. Idols before me

 B. Gods before me

 C. Things before me

 D. Loyalties before me

B:B:Dt:5

8. God commanded that they should not make (Deut. 5:8)

 A. Injustice

 B. People into slaves

 C. An idol

 D. Rebellion

C:B:Dt:5

9. God said they should not make idols because he was a(n)

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ God (Deut. 5:9)

 A. Almighty

 B. Holy

 C. Righteous

 D. Jealous

D:B:Dt:5

10. God punished the children for (Deut. 5:9)

 A. The sin of the fathers

 B. The sin of the elders

 C. The sin of the priests

 D. Their own sin

A:I:Dt:5

11. God punishes to the fourth generation of those that (Deut. 5:10)

 A. Reject him

 B. Murmur against him

 C. Hate him

 D. Do not believe in him

C:I:Dt:5

12. What should the Israelites not be misuse (Deut. 5:11)

 A. The glory of the LORD

 B. The name of the LORD God

 C. Their children

 D. Their slaves

B:B:Dt:5

13. God would not hold anyone guiltless who \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 5:11)

 A. Misuses his name

 B. Dishonors their parents

 C. Worships idols

 D. Commits murder

A:I:Dt:5

14. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was to be observed by keeping it holy (Deut. 5:12)

 A. Priesthood

 B. Law

 C. Word of the LORD

 D. Sabbath

D:B:Dt:5

15. How long were the Israelites to labor and work (Deut. 5:13)

 A. Five days a week

 B. Six days a week

 C. Seven days a week

 D. Eight days a week

B:B:Dt:5

16. Deut. 5:15 says Israel should observe the Sabbath because

 A. God created the world in six days

 B. They were slaves in Egypt and God brought them out

 C. Life is not for work alone

 D. Israel was to find rest in the promised land

B:I:Dt:5

17. Who did God command to be honored (Deut. 5:16)?

 A. The elders

 B. The priests

 C. Father and mother

 D. God

C:B:Dt:5

18. All of the following were part of the "You shall not" commandments

 EXCEPT (Deut. 5:17ff)

 A. You shall not prophesy falsely

 B. You shall not murder

 C. You shall not commit adultery

 D. You shall not steal

 E. You shall not give a false testimony

A:B:Dt:5

19. All of the following were listed as things that were not to be coveted

from one's neighbor EXCEPT (Deut. 5:21)

A. House

B. Clothes

C. Wife

D. Land

B:B:Dt:5

20. God gave his commandments from Horeb in all of the following

 EXCEPT (Deut. 5:22)

 A. Fire

 B. Deep darkness

 C. Fine mist

 D. Cloud

C:I:Dt:5

21. God wrote his commandments on (Deut. 5:22)

 A. A scroll

 B. A skin of leather

 C. On the side of the mountain

 D. Two stone tablets

D:B:Dt:5

22. The elders came to Moses and said they realized that a man can live

even if \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 5:24)

A. God speaks to him

B. God's fire burns within him

C. He saw God face to face

D. The mountains shook

A:I:Dt:5

23. At Horeb what did the Israelite leaders fear (Deut. 5:25)?

 A. They would disobey the voice of the LORD

 B. The fire would consume them

 C. The ground would open up and swallow them

 D. The cloud would come down on them

B:B:Dt:5

24. What did God wish for at Horeb (Deut. 5:29)?

 A. That they would honor him and listen to his words

 B. That they would destroy all their idols and despise Egypt

 C. That they would fear him and keep his commandments always

 D. That they would worship him in spirit and in truth

C:B:Dt:5

25. What were the Israelites to do so that they would live and prosper and

 prolong their days (Deut. 5:33)

 A. Walk in the way the LORD had commanded

 B. Listen to the words of the LORD their God

 C. Worship the LORD in the spirit of holiness

 D. Sing to the LORD a new song

A:B:Dt:5

26. God shows his love to thousands of those who (Deut. 5:10)

 A. Walk in his ways

 B. Fear him and walk in his ways

 C. Trust him and walk righteously

 D. Love him and keep his commandments

D:B:Dt:5

Deuteronomy 6 Multiple Choice Questions

1. Moses taught Israel all of the following EXCEPT (Deut. 6:1)

 A. Laws

 B. Decrees

 C. Regulations

 D. Commands

C:I:Dt:6

2. Moses taught them to observe the laws so that their children would

 (Deut. 6:2)

 A. Fear God

 B. Listen to the voice of the LORD

 C. Trust God

 D. Walk in God's ways

A:I:Dt:6

3. Keeping the commandments would lead to (Deut. 6:2)

 A. A holy life

 B. A long life

 C. A joyful life

 D. A happy life

B:B:Dt:6

4. If Israel was careful to obey (Deut. 6:3)

 A. They would defeat all their enemies

 B. They would have food on their tables

 C. Their wells would give them water and their fields grain

 D. Their numbers would increase as the LORD had promised

D:I:Dt:6

5. "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, O Israel, the LORD our God, the LORD is one" (Deut. 6:4)

 A. Obey

 B. Trust

 C. Hear

 D. Remember

C:B:Dt:6

6. Moses said that the LORD God was to be loved with all of the following

EXCEPT (Deut. 6:5)

A. Heart

B. Soul

C. Strength

D. Mind

D:I:Dt:6

7. The commandments that Moses was giving them should be upon

 their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 6:6)

 A. Minds

 B. Hearts

 C. Souls

 D. Hands

B:B:Dt:6

8. The commandments were to be impressed upon (Deut. 6:7)

 A. The elders

 B. The whole assembly

 C. The children

 D. The priests

C:B:Dt:6

9. Moses said the commandments were to be talked about at all of the

 following times EXCEPT (Deut. 6:7)

 A. When you work in the fields

 B. When you sit at home

 C. When you lie down

 D. When you get up

 E. When you walk along the road

A:I:Dt:6

10. The commandments were to be tied as symbols on their (Deut. 6:8)

 A. Feet

 B. Fingers

 C. Hearts

 D. Foreheads

D:B:Dt:6

11. The commandments were to be written on their (Deut. 6:9)

 A. Windows

 B. Doorframes

 C. Doors

 D. Walls

B:I:Dt:6

12. The land God was bringing them into had large flourishing

 (Deut. 6:10)

 A. Vines

 B. Highways

 C. Cities

 D. Trees

C:B:Dt:6

13. The land God was bringing them into had what two types of

 plants they did not plant (Deut. 6:11)

 A. Vineyards and olive groves

 B. Fig trees and vineyards

 C. Wheat fields and almond trees

 D. Fig trees and barley fields

A:B:Dt:6

16. When in particular did Moses warn them not to forget the LORD

 (Deut. 6:12)

 A. When they had settled into their houses

 B. When their cities were walled

 C. When their enemies had been defeated

 D. When they had eaten and were satisfied

D:I:Dt:6

17. The Israelites were not to follow other gods because the LORD their

 God was a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ God (Deut. 6:15)

 A. Merciful

 B. Jealous

 C. Righteous

 D. Holy

B:I:Dt:6

18. At Massah the Israelites had (Deut. 6:16)

 A. Grumbled against the LORD

 B. Not trusted God

 C. Tested God

 D. Rebelled against the LORD

C:I:Dt:6

19. The land was a good land that God had \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ oath to their

 forefathers (Deut. 6:19)

 A. Promised on

 B. Guaranteed with an

 C. Blessed with

 D. Commanded with an

A:B:Dt:6

20. The Israelites needed to do what was right in God's sight so that

 (Deut. 6:19)

 A. They would have wells of water

 B. They would have no plagues against them

 C. They would have cities of plenty

 D. They would go in and take over the land

D:B:Dt:6

21. In the future who would ask "What is the meaning of the stipulations?"

 (Deut. 6:20)

 A. The priests

 B. Their son

 C. Their enemies

 D. The aliens among them

B:B:Dt:6

22. If the Israelites obeyed all God's law, that would be their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 (Deut. 6:25)

 A. Holiness

 B. Light

 C. Righteousness

 D. Goodness

C:I:Dt:6

23. The Israelites were to tell their children of the miraculous signs and

 wonders God put upon Pharaoh which were described as (Deut. 6:22)

 A. Great and terrible

 B. Awesome and powerful

 C. Incredible and unimaginable

 D. Great and mighty

A:I:Dt:6

Deuteronomy 7 Multiple Choice Questions

1. The LORD their God was going to bring them into the land and

 do what else (Deut. 7:1)

 A. Tear down the walls of their enemies

 B. Break the gates of the nations living there

 C. Drive out before them many nations

 D. Shoot his arrows against their foes

C:B:Dt:7

2. The LORD was going to drive out all of the following nations including

the Girgashites, Perizzites, Hivites, Canaanites and all of the

following EXCEPT (Deut. 7:1)

 A. Hittites

 B. Amorites

 C. Jebusites

 D. Moabites

D:I:Dt:7

3. When God had delivered over the nations to Israel, they were responsible

 to do all of the following EXCEPT (Deut. 7:2)

 A. Make no treaty with them

 B. Tear down the walls of their cities

 C. Destroy them totally

 D. Show them no mercy

B:A:Dt:7

4. Why was Israel not to intermarry with the inhabitants of the land

 (Deut. 7:4)

 A. They would turn their children to serve other gods

 B. They would lead Israel to eat unclean animals

 C. They would cause their children to disobey the law of God

 D. They would not inherit the land that they had been promised

A:B:Dt:7

5. Moses warned that if Israel went after other gods what would happen

 (Deut. 7:4)

 A. The LORD would break down their altars and destroy their

cities

 B. The LORD's jealousy would make him their enemy

 C. The LORD's anger would burn and he would destroy them

 D. The LORD's holy fire would consume them

C:I:Dt:7

6. What were the Israelites to cut down when they entered the promised

 land (Deut. 7:5)

 A. The groves where idols were worshipped

 B. The Asherah poles

 C. The towers of Baal

 D. The threshing floors of Chemosh

B:I:Dt:7

7. Israel was to do all of the following against the gods of the inhabitants

when they entered the land EXCEPT (Deut. 7:5)

 A. Smash their sacred stones

 B. Break down their altars

 C. Burn their idols with fire

 D. Torch their temples with fire

D:B:Dt:7

8. On what basis was Israel to destroy the gods of the inhabitants of the land

 (Deut. 7:6)

 A. They were a holy people specially chosen by God

 B. They were a righteous people who followed God's laws

 C. They were a sinful people who had rebelled against the LORD

 D. They were an upright people that served only the LORD

A:I:Dt:7

9. God considered Israel his \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 7:6)

 A. Promised people

 B. Special servants

 C. Treasured possession

 D. Crown jewel among the nations

C:B:Dt:7

10. What was given as not a reason why God chose Israel (Deut. 7:7)?

 A. Because they followed the LORD with a whole heart

 B. Because they were more numerous than other peoples

 C. Because they were more holy than other peoples

 D. Because they listened to the voice of God

B:I:Dt:7

11. Why did God bring Israel out of the slavery of Egypt (Deut. 7:8)?

 A. Because he is a righteous God punishing oppressors

 B. Because Pharaoh had hardened his heart against God

 C. Because he wanted Israel to worship him at Horeb

 D. Because he kept his oath he swore to their forefathers

D:B:Dt:7

12. God had \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Israel from the land of slavery in Egypt (Deut. 7:8)

 A. Redeemed

 B. Delivered

 C. Rescued

 D. Reconciled

A:B:Dt:7

13. God is a faithful God keeping his \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to a thousand generations

 (Deut. 7:9)

 A. Sworn word

 B. Oath of holiness

 C. Decrees and commandments

 D. Covenant of love

D:B:Dt:7

14. To whom will God not be slow to repay with destruction to their face

(Deut. 7:10)

 A. Those who rebel against him

 B. Those that hate him

 C. Those that turn away from him

 D. Those that misuse his name

B:I:Dt:7

15. What condition was put on God's covenant of love being kept with

 Israel (Deut. 7:12)

 A. There was none as God's love is unconditional

 B. They must trust him with all their hearts

 C. They must be careful to follow his laws

 D. They must destroy evil from their midst

C:I:Dt:7

16. All of the following blessings are listed for those who pay attention

 to the laws EXCEPT (Deut. 7:13f)

 A. Their numbers would increase

 B. God would multiply their horses

 C. None of them would be childless

 D. They would not be inflicted with horrible diseases

B:I:Dt:7

17. God said he would bless all of the following types of crops if Israel

 followed his laws EXCEPT (Deut. 7:13)

 A. Figs

 B. New wine

 C. Grain

 D. Oil

A:A:Dt:7

18. How was Israel not to treat those God gave over to them (Deut. 7:16)

 A. With hospitality

 B. With pity

 C. With justice

 D. With wisdom

B:I:Dt:7

19. When Israel thought that nations in the land were stronger than they

were, God said they should think about (Deut. 7:18)

 A. Og and Sihon whom they had defeated

 B. God's promise to their forefathers

 C. Pharaoh in Egypt

 D. Who made the sun, moon and stars

C:B:Dt:7

20. Israel was not to feel \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because of the strength of the nations

 they were driving out (Deut. 7:18)

 A. Small

 B. Rejected

 C. Humiliated

 D. Afraid

D:B:Dt:7

21. What will God use to go after the survivors that had hidden from

 Israel (Deut. 7:20)?

 A. His chariot

 B. The hornet

 C. A serpent

 D. The locusts

B:I:Dt:7

22. God who was among the Israelites was a great and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 God (Deut. 7:21)

 A. Mighty

 B. Righteous

 C. Awesome

 D. Holy

C:B:Dt:7

23. Why would God drive out the nations of the land little by little
 (Deut. 7:22)

 A. So the wild animals would not multiply

 B. So they would have a chance to repent

 C. So that Israel would have time to fill their cities

 D. So that the crops would not fail

A:I:Dt:7

24. What was Israel to burn in the fire from the inhabitants of the land

 (Deut. 7:25)

 A. Their cities

 B. Their cattle

 C. Their gold and silver

 D. Images of their gods

D:I:Dt:7

25. When destroying the images of foreign gods, what was Israel not

 to covet (Deut. 7:25)?

 A. The wood and poles

 B. The incense and fire

 C. The silver and gold

 D. The crowns and jewels

C:I:Dt:7

26. Why should the detestable thing not be brought into their homes

 (Deut. 7:26)?

 A. Because it was the LORD's

 B. Because it was set apart for destruction

 C. Because it would bring judgment upon them

 D. Because it would destroy their sons and daughters

B:I:Dt:7

Deuteronomy 8 Multiple Choice Questions

1. Moses said Israel was to follow the commands he was giving

 them so that all of the following would happen EXCEPT (Deut. 8:1)

 A. They may live

 B. They may increase

 C. They may possess the land

 D. They may become a great nation

D:I:Dt:8

2. Moses labeled the land that they were about to enter as the land that

(Deut. 8:1)

A. The LORD promised on oath to your forefathers

B. Where Abraham, Isaac and Jacob had journeyed

C. Would become their homes forever

D. God had chosen specially for them

A:B:Dt:8

3. Moses told Israel to remember how the LORD had \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ them

 through the desert for forty years (Deut. 8:2)

 A. Judged

 B. Led

 C. Carried

 D. Instructed them

B:I:Dt:8

4. Why did God lead Israel in the desert for forty years (Deut. 8:2)

 A. To help and instruct them

 B. To purify and know them

 C. To humble and test them

 D. To teach them his law and dwell among them

C:I:Dt:8

5. What had their fathers not known (Deut. 8:3)?

 A. The desert

 B. The law of God

 C. The pillar of fire

 D. The manna

D:I:Dt:8

6. The manna was given to teach the Israelites what lesson

 (Deut. 8:3)?

 A. God is the giver of all good gifts

 B. Man does not live by bread alone

 C. Even the desert responds to the hand of God

 D. Man must thank God for his daily provision of food

B:B:Dt:8

7. Man does not live by bread but does live by what (Deut. 8:3)?

 A. The decrees and laws of the LORD

 B. The promises of God given to their forefathers

 C. The manna of the LORD

 D. Every word that comes from the mouth of the LORD

D:B:Dt:8

8. What did not swell in the desert for forty years (Deut. 8:5)

 A. Their feet

 B. Their hands

 C. Their heads

 D. Their legs

A:I:Dt:8

9. The LORD God disciplined Israel as (Deut. 8:5)

 A. A mother bear disciplines her cubs

 B. A father disciplines a son

 C. A king disciplines his people

 D. A lion disciplines its cubs

B:B:Dt:8

10. Moses said that the land that God was bringing them into had all of the

following water sources EXCEPT (Deut. 8:7)

 A. Streams

 B. Pools

 C. Rivers

 D. Springs

C:I:Dt:8

11. Moses lists the fruit of the land as all of the following EXCEPT

(Deut. 8:8)

A. Wheat

B. Barley

C. Fig trees

D. Pomegranates

E. Cucumbers

E:B:Dt:8

12. What two metals did Moses say could be dug out of the hills in

 the land (Deut. 8:9)?

 A. Iron and bronze

 B. Gold and silver

 C. Silver and copper

 D. Iron and copper

D:A:Dt:8

13. What was Israel to do when they had eaten and were satisfied in the

 land (Deut. 8:10)?

 A. Praise God for the good land he had given them

 B. Worship the LORD in spirit and truth

 C. Rejoice to the LORD with all of their hearts

 D. Give thanks and bow down

A:B:Dt:8

14. Moses warned them that after they built houses and their flocks grew

 the would forget the LORD because (Deut. 8:14)

 A. Their hearts would become hard

 B. Their hearts would become proud

 C. They would not remember the desert

 D. They would think they delivered themselves form Egypt

B:I:Dt:8

15. Moses describes the desert through which they passed as being all of

the following EXCEPT (Deut. 8:15)

 A. Vast and dreadful

 B. Thirsty and waterless

 C. Hard and empty

 D. Having snakes and scorpions

C:I:Dt:8

16. Besides the manna, what does Moses point to something God gave them

 uniquely in the desert (Deut. 8:15)?

 A. Victory over their enemies

 B. Water out of a rock

 C. Meat from the sky

 D. Their daily bread

B:B:Dt:8

17. When Israel would say "The strength of my hands have produced this

 wealth for me," Moses said they should remember \_\_\_\_\_\_

(Deut. 8:18)

 A. The LORD had given them everything they had

 B. The LORD had promised them all those good things

 C. To honor the LORD with the first fruits of their wealth

 D. The LORD gave them the ability to produce wealth

D:I:Dt:8

18. When would Moses testify against them (Deut. 8:19)?

 A. If they broke the commandments

 B. If they grumbled after receiving the promised land

 C. If they followed other gods

 D. If they became proud

C:I:Dt:8

19. If the Israelites did not obey the LORD when they were in the land,

 how would God respond (Deut. 8:20)?

 A. He would destroy them like the nations before them

 B. He would discipline them as a father his child

 C. He would send them his prophets to call them to repentance

 D. He would pursue them as a mother a lost child

A:B:Dt:8

Deuteronomy 9 Multiple Choice Questions

1. Israel was about the cross the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ river (Deut. 9:1)

 A. Jabbok

 B. Jordan

 C. Kishon

 D. Litani

B:B:Dt:9

2. Moses said the Israelites were going to dispossess nations greater

 and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than they were (Deut. 9:1)

 A. More righteous

 B. Wiser

 C. Stronger

 D. Larger

C:B:Dt:9

3. The people of the land they were going to take were tall and strong

 especially the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 9:2)

 A. Moabites

 B. Amalekites

 C. Hivvites

 D. Anakites

D:B:Dt:9

4. God was going ahead of them as they entered the land as a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 (Deut. 9:3)

 A. Fire

 B. Flood

 C. Mighty wind

 D. Hornet

A:I:Dt:9

5. After God had driven out the inhabitants of the land, the Israelites

 were not to say "The LORD brought me here because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(Deut. 9:4)

 A. He delights in us"

 B. He swore on oath to our forefathers"

 C. of my righteousness"

 D. of my holiness"

C:I:Dt:9

6. What was the reason the LORD was driving out the nations before

 Israel (Deut. 9:5)?

 A. His holiness

 B. Their wickedness

 C. They rebelled against the LORD

 D. They were stiff-necked

B:I:Dt:9

7. God was driving out the nations before Israel to accomplish

 (Deut. 9:5)

 A. What he swore to their fathers

 B. Making Israel into a great nation

 C. Giving the land to them as a gift

 D. His own good pleasure

A:B:Dt:9

8. Moses accused Israel of being a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people from the day they

 left Egypt until they arrived on the plains of Moab (Deut. 9:7)

 A. Wicked

 B. Bitter

 C. Grumbling

 D. Rebellious

D:B:Dt:9

9. How long was Moses on mount Horeb when he received the ten

 commandments (Deut. 9:9)?

 A. Seven days and nights

 B. Fourteen days and nights

 C. Thirty days and nights

 D. Forty days and nights

D:B:Dt:9

10. The two stone tablets were inscribed (Deut. 9:10)

 A. By the sword of the LORD

 B. By the word of the God

 C. By the finger of God

 D. By the fire of God

C:B:Dt:9

11. From where did God proclaim the commands after recording them

 on the tablets (Deut. 9:10)

 A. Out of the pillar of cloud

 B. Out of the fire

 C. Out of heaven

 D. Out of the Tent of Meeting

B:I:Dt:9

12. When the Israelites built the calf god at Horeb, God said he wanted

to do all of the following EXCEPT (Deut. 9:13)

 A. Destroy them

 B. Blot out their name from under heaven

 C. Swallow them alive into the grave

 D. Be left alone

 E. Make Moses into a greater nation than they

C:I:Dt:9

13. What did Moses do after seeing the calf god the people had made at

Horeb (Deut. 9:17)?

 A. Threw the tablets down breaking them into pieces

 B. He carried them into the Tent of Meeting

 C. He read them to Aaron so he could instruct the people

 D. He smashed the calf with the tablets

A:B:Dt:9

14. Israel's evil at Horeb had provoked God \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 9:18)

 A. To judgment

 B. To jealousy

 C. To regret

 D. To anger

D:B:Dt:9

15. Why did the LORD not destroy the Israelites at Horeb (Deut. 9:19)?

 A. His love overcame his anger

 B. He listened to Moses

 C. He remembered his covenant with Abraham

 D. He decided to send a plague instead

B:I:Dt:9

16. Moses did all of the following to the calf god EXCEPT (Deut. 9:21)

 A. Burned it with fire

 B. Ground it to powder

 C. Trampled it into the dust

 D. Cast it into a stream

C:I:Dt:9

17. At Horeb who did Moses pray for by name (Deut. 9:20)?

 A. Miriam

 B. Aaron

 C. Korah

 D. Hobab

B:B:Dt:9

18. What did the LORD tell Israel to do at Kadesh Barnea (Deut. 9:23)?

 A. Get water from a rock

 B. Receive manna from the sky

 C. Put a serpent on a pole

 D. Go up and take the land

D:B:Dt:9

19. Moses prayed after the Kadesh Barnea incident that God overlook all

 of the following EXCEPT (Deut. 9:27)?

 A. Their rebellion

 B. Their wickedness

 C. They stubborness

 D. Their sin

A:I:Dt:9

20. Moses argued that if God destroyed them in the desert the

Egyptians would say (Deut. 9:28)

 A. He could only do plagues and curses and not bless

 B. He was a god of the desert not of the moutains

 C. He hated them so he put them to death in the desert

 D. He forgot about his covenant with Abraham

C:I:Dt:9

21. Moses told God, Israel was his people and his \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 9:29)

 A. Chosen one

 B. Inheritance

 C. Nation

 D. Children

B:I:Dt:9

22. The cities in the promised land were described as walled (Deut. 9:1)

 A. 2 chariots thick

 B. To the sky

 C. As high as mountains

 D. To the tree tops

B:I:Dt:9

Deuteronomy 10 Multiple Choice Questions

1. After Moses broke the first set of tablets, what did God ask him to

 do in terms of the second set (Deut. 10:1)?

 A. Carry the second set down to the people

 B. Chisel out a second set and bring them up to God

 C. Write on them all the commands of the first set

 D. Have Aaron carry them down from the mountain

B:B:Dt:10

2. Where were the commandments to be placed (Deut. 10:2)

 A. In a wooden chest

 B. In a Tent of Meeting

 C. In a gold frame

 D. In the tents of the elders of Israel

A:B:Dt:10

3. The wooden chest Moses made for the tablets was made out of

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wood (Deut. 10:3)

 A. Oak

 B. Olive

 C. Acacia

 D. Cedar

C:I:Dt:10

4. The ten commandments were actually given three times in all of the

 following forms EXCEPT (Deut. 10:4)

 A. First set of stone tablets

 B. Proclaimed to Israel out of the fire

 C. Second set of stone tablets

 D. Written on the sides of the Tent of Meeting

D:I:Dt:10

5. Who succeeded Aaron as priest (Deut. 10:6)?

 A. Ithamar

 B. Eleazar

 C. Caleb

 D. Joshua

B:B:Dt:10

6. The tribe of Levi was set apart for all of the following purposes EXCEPT

 (Deut. 10:8)

 A. To teach the people the law of the LORD

 B. To carry the ark of the covenant

 C. To pronounce blessings in God's name

 D. To stand and minister before the LORD

A:I:Dt:10

7. Why do the Levites not have any inheritance in the land (Deut. 10:9)

 A. The Tent of Meeting was their inheritance

 B. The people of Israel were to share their inheritance with them

 C. The LORD is their inheritance

 D. The law was their inheritance

C:B:Dt:10

8. How long was Moses on the mountain for the second set of tablets

 with the ten commandments on them (Deut. 10:10)?

 A. Seven days

 B. Fourteen days

 C. Thirty days

 D. Forty days

D:B:Dt:10

9. After Moses received the second set of ten commandment tablets the

 LORD told him to do what (Deut. 10:11)?

 A. Build a tent of Meeting where God would meet with the people

 B. Lead the people so that they may enter and possess the land

 C. Instruct the people in the way of the LORD

 D. Bring the people to Kadesh Barnea where there was much water

B:I:Dt:10

10. All of the following are responses to Moses' question, what does the

LORD require of the you EXCEPT (Deut. 10:12)

 A. Humble themselves

 B. Fear the LORD

 C. Walk in all his ways

 D. To love and serve him

 E. To observe his commands

A:I:Dt:10

11. Moses said all of the following belonged to the LORD EXCEPT

(Deut. 10:14)

 A. The heaven

 B. The highest heaven

 C. The grave

 D. The earth

 E. Everything in the earth

C:I:Dt:10

12. Moses said God did all of the following towards their forefathers

 EXCEPT (Deut. 10:15)

 A. Loved them

 B. Chose them

 C. Set his affection on them

 D. Had compassion on them

D:I:Dt:10

13. Moses told the Israelites they needed to circumcise their (Deut. 10:16)

 A. Flesh

 B. Hearts

 C. Minds

 D. Souls

B:B:Dt:10

14. Moses told the Israelites not to be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ any longer (Deut. 10:16)

 A. Stiff-necked

 B. Hard hearted

 C. Rebellious

 D. Thick skulled

A:I:Dt:10

15. Moses described God as being all of the following EXCEPT

(Deut. 10:17)?

 A. God of gods

 B. Lord of Lords

 C. King of kings

 D. Great and awesome God

C:I:Dt:10

16. Whose cause does God defend (Deut. 10:18)?

 A. Poor and needy

 B. Humble and lowly

 C. His chosen

 D. The fatherless and widow

D:B:Dt:10

17. Who did Moses say God loved by specifically giving them food and

 clothing (Deut. 10:18f)?

 A. Orphans

 B. Widows

 C. Aliens

 D. The humble

C:I:Dt:10

18. What does God not accept (Deut. 10:17)?

 A. Offerings of sinners

 B. Bribes

 C. False prophets

 D. Unjust gain

B:I:Dt:10

19. Moses commanded the Israelites to love the aliens because

(Deut. 10:19)

 A. They were aliens in Egypt

 B. The LORD loves them

 C. They gave up so much to come with Israel

 D. They were to be a blessing to all nations

A:B:Dt:10

20. How was Israel to use God's name (Deut. 10:20)?

 A. When they ate food

 B. When they offered sacrifices

 C. When they took oaths

 D. When they went to bed in prayer

C:I:Dt:10

21. How many originally went down into Egypt (Deut. 10:22)?

 A. Thirty-five

 B. Seventy

 C. Ninety

 D. One-hundred and forty-four

B:B:Dt:10

22. Moses said the Israelites now numbered as many as (Deut. 10:22)

 A. The sand of the sea

 B. The dust of the earth

 C. The stars of the sky

 D. The waves of the sea

C:I:Dt:10

Deuteronomy 11 Multiple Choice Questions

1. Moses directed Israel to love God and keep all of the following

 EXCEPT (Deut. 11:1)

 A. His laws

 B. His decrees

 C. His sayings

 D. His commands

 E. His requirements

C:I:Dt:11

2. Moses reminded them that their children had not seen any of the

 following great acts of God EXCEPT (Deut. 11:2ff)?

 A. The signs he performed in the heart of Egypt

 B. How he overwhelmed the Egyptian army in the Red Sea

 C. How the earth opened and swallowed Dathan

 D. How he brought water out of a rock

D:I:Dt:11

3. Israel was to observe the commands so that (Deut. 11:8f)

 A. They would live long in the land

 B. They would receive the blessings of Abraham

 C. They would be able to worship the LORD

 D. They would be God's holy people

A:B:Dt:11

4. Egypt was described as not like the promised land because in

 Egypt \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 11:10)

 A. They had to fear beasts of the river

 B. They planted seeds and irrigated it by foot

 C. They made bricks of mud and straw for Pharaoh

 D. Their food came from the river

B:I:Dt:11

5. The promised land was described in contrast to Egypt as all of

 the following EXCEPT (Deut. 11:11)

 A. A land of mountains

 B. A land of valleys

 C. A land that drinks the rain of heaven

 D. A land of springs of life

D:B:Dt:11

6. What are continually on the promised land (Deut. 11:12)?

 A. The memorials to the LORD

 B. The mercies of the LORD

 C. The eyes of the LORD

 D. The rain of God

C:I:Dt:11

7. God was said to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_the promised land (Deut. 11:12)

 A. Care for

 B. Protect

 C. Rule

 D. Judge

A:I:Dt:11

8. God said if Israel obeyed he would send rain in what two particular

 seasons (Deut. 12:14)?

 A. Summer and winter

 B. Summer and fall

 C. Spring and fall

 D. Winter and spring

C:B:Dt:11

9. God said he would send rains so that all of the following crops could

 be gathered EXCEPT (Deut. 11:14)

 A. Grains

 B. Honey

 C. New wine

 D. Oil

B:A:Dt:11

10. What did God say he would provide for Israel's cattle (Deut. 11:15)

 A. Water in the streams

 B. Grain in their barns

 C. Shepherds

 D. Grass in the fields

D:I:Dt:11

11. If Israel bowed down to other gods after they were in the promised land,

what would happen in the heavens (Deut. 11:17)

 A. It would not rain

 B. Storms of hail would destroy their crops

 C. The sun would dry their wells

 D. Fire would come down

A:B:Dt:11

12. God's words were to be fixed in the Israelites in all of the following

 ways EXCEPT (Deut. 11:18)

 A. Fixed in their hearts and minds

 B. Wrapped around their feet

 C. Tied as symbols on their hands

 D. Bound on their foreheads

B:A:Dt:11

13. The children were to be taught God's word in the promised land at

 all of the following occasions (Deut. 11:19)

 A. When you walk along the road

 B. When you get up and lie down

 C. When you eat and sleep

 D. When you sit at home

C:I:Dt:11

14. Where on their homes were they to write God's word (Deut. 11:20)?

 A. Doorframes and gates

 B. Tables and chairs

 C. Windows and sills

 D. Beds and doors

A:B:Dt:11

15. Where were the Israelites to walk (Deut. 11:22)?

 A. On the highway to heaven

 B. In the road of righteousness

 C. On the holy highway

 D. In all God's ways

D:I:Dt:11

16. God said if they observed his commandments all the land would be

 theirs within all of the following boundaries EXCEPT (Deut. 11:24).

 A. The western sea

 B. The Euphrates

 C. The mountains of Syria

 D. Lebanon

C:A:Dt:11

17. What was the blessing Moses was setting before them dependent on

 (Deut. 11:26)?

 A. Their obedience

 B. The covenant God made with Abraham

 C. God's word from Horeb

 D. Their offering sacrifices for their sins

A:B:Dt:11

18. If Israel disobeyed, what would come upon them (Deut. 11:28)?

 A. The discipline of the LORD

 B. The curse

 C. Their enemies would destroy them

 D. The plagues of Egypt

B:B:Dt:11

19. The blessings were to be proclaimed on Mount \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when they got

into the promised land (Deut. 11:29)

 A. Gilboa

 B. Tabor

 C. Gerizim

 D. Ebal

C:B:Dt:11

20. The curses were to be proclaimed on Mount \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when they got

 into the promised land (Deut. 11:29)

 A. Gilboa

 B. Tabor

 C. Gerizim

 D. Ebal

D:B:Dt:11

Deuteronomy 12 Multiple Choice Questions

1. Israel was to destroy the places where the nations they were

dispossessing worshipped their gods which were \_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 12:2)

 A. On the high mountains and under trees

 B. On the high mountains and by the rivers

 C. By the rivers and in the valleys

 D. In the valleys and on their roof tops

A:I:Dt:12

2. Moses lists that Israel was to do all of the following against the gods of

the inhabitants of the land EXCEPT (Deut. 12:3)

A. Break down their altars

B. Smash their sacred stones

C. Burn their Asherah poles

D. Cast down the pillars of Baal

D:I:Dt:12

3. Israel was not to worship the LORD their God in what way (Deut. 12:4)?

 A. With hands raised to heaven

 B. In the way the nations they were driving out worshipped their

gods

 C. According to the commands and decrees of other gods

 D. By offering up unclean animals and drinking blood

B:I:Dt:12

4. To what place were the Israelites to bring their sacrifices (Deut. 12:5)?

 A. The mountain of his own choosing

 B. The place where the pillar of cloud would lead them

 C. The place God would put his name

 D. The Levitical cities

C:B:Dt:12

5. All of the following were to be brought to the place where God would put

his name EXCEPT (Deut. 12:6)

 A. Spice offerings

 B. Burnt offerings

 C. Tithes

 D. Freewill offerings

 E. Firstborn of their flocks

A:I:Dt:12

6. The Israelites and their families were to eat and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the

 presence of the LORD (Deut. 12:7)?

 A. Confess

 B. Repent

 C. Rest

 D. Rejoice

D:B:Dt:12

7. They were to be careful not to sacrifice their burnt offerings

 (Deut. 12:13)

 A. Outside the Tent of Meeting

 B. Anywhere they pleased

 C. On the mountain tops

 D. Under trees

B:I:Dt:12

8. Regular animals could be slaughtered and ate where (Deut. 12:15)?

 A. On the altar

 B. In the levitical cities

 C. In their towns

 D. In the place God would choose to put his name

C:I:Dt:12

9. What was not to be eaten in their towns (Deut. 12:16)?

 A. The blood

 B. The head

 C. The right thigh

 D. The rear quarter

A:B:Dt:12

10. What was to be done in their towns with the animals' blood

(Deut. 12:16)?

 A. It was to be buried outside the camp

 B. It was to be put in a separate jar

 C. It was to be burned outside the camp

 D. It was to be poured on the ground like water

D:I:Dt:12

11. Who had no inheritance or allotment of their own (Deut. 12:13)?

 A. The widows

 B. The Levites

 C. The aliens

 D. The orphans

B:B:Dt:12

12. What of the grain and new wine was not to be eaten in their towns

 (Deut. 12:17)

 A. That reaped on the Sabbath

 B. That reaped in the Sabbatical year

 C. The tithe

 D. The end of the harvest

C:I:Dt:12

13. The offerings and sacrifices were to be eaten in the presence of

 (Deut. 12:18)

 A. The LORD

 B. Moses

 C. The priest

 D. The family

A:B:Dt:12

14. Where was the blood of the animals that were brought to the

 place where God would choose to be poured (Deut. 27)?

 A. On the ground like water

 B. On the horns of the altar

 C. Into the basin in front of the Tent of Meeting

 D. Out beside the altar

D:A:Dt:12

15. What was a question Israel was not to ask (Deut. 12:30)?

 A. No question was a bad question

 B. "How do these nations serve their gods?"

 C. "How do we make an idol?"

 D. "Why did these nations build cities?"

B:I:Dt:12

16. The nations they had dispossessed even offered their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 to their gods (Deut. 12:31)

 A. Priests

 B. Camels

 C. Children

 D. Wives

C:B:Dt:12

Deuteronomy 13 Multiple Choice Questions

1. Moses warns them about what two types of people that would give

them a miraculous sign or wonder (Deut. 13:1)

 A. A priest and prophet

 B. A magician and dreamer

 C. A prophet and dreamer

 D. A wise man and magician

C:I:Dt:13

2. Which of the following statements would reveal to Israel that a

person was a false prophet (Deut. 13:2)

 A. "Let us not offer sacrifices to the LORD"

 B. "Let us follow other gods"

 C. "Let us not keep the LORD's commands"

 D. "The LORD has abandoned you"

B:B:Dt:13

3. God would use the false prophets and dreamers to \_\_\_\_\_\_ Israel

(Deut. 13:3)

A. Test

B. Judge

C. Strengthen

D. Tempt

A:B:Dt:13

4. What was to be done to the false prophet or dreamer (Deut. 13:5)?

 A. He was to be cut off from his people

 B. He was to be put in prison

 C. He was to be put outside the camp

 D. He was to be put to death

D:B:Dt:13

5. God had brought Israel out of Egypt and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ them from the land of

slavery (Deut. 12:5)

 A. Rescued

 B. Redeemed

 C. Reconciled

 D. Recovered

B:B:Dt:13

6. Israel was to actively \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ evil from among them (Deut. 13:5)

 A. Destroy

 B. Reject

 C. Purge

 D. Drive out

C:I:Dt:13

7. Moses lists all of the following as possible sources of enticement to

worship other gods EXCEPT (Deut. 13:6)

 A. Son or daughter

 B. Brother

 C. Friend

 D. Father

D:A:Dt:13

8. If a friend tried to lead them after other gods, they were not to shield

them or show them \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 13:8)

 A. Pity

 B. Justice

 C. Forgiveness

 D. Reconciliation

A:B:Dt:13

9. One trying to turn someone away from the LORD was to be put to

 death by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 13:10)

 A. Drowning

 B. The sword

 C. Stoning

 D. Fire

C:B:Dt:13

10. If a town goes after other gods, all the people of the town must be

 killed by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 13:15)

 A. Drowning

 B. The sword

 C. Stoning

 D. Fire

B:A:Dt:13

11. What was to be done with the plunder from a town that went after

 other gods (Deut. 13:16)

 A. It was to be scattered in the wind

 B. It was to be given to the priests and Levites

 C. It was to be given to those that rendered justice there

 D. It was to be burned in the public square

D:A:Dt:13

12. The town of those that went after other gods was to be left a \_\_\_\_\_\_

 forever (Deut. 13:16)

 A. Ruin

 B. Memorial

 C. Symbol

 D. Pile of rocks

A:I:Dt:13

13. If Israel followed the commandments, the LORD would turn from his

 fierce anger and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as he promised

 (Deut. 13:17)

 A. Redeem and make atonement

 B. Forgive and forget

 C. Have compassion and increase their numbers

 D. Have Mercy and give them the blessings

C:I:Dt:13

Deuteronomy 14 Multiple Choice Questions

1. What two things were the Israelites not to do for the dead (Deut. 14:1)?

 A. Cut themselves or shave their heads

 B. Tattoo themselves or pierce their lips

 C. Embalm them or bury them with gold

 D. Burn their bodies or tear their clothes

A:A:Dt:14

2. Out of all the people on the earth the LORD had chosen them as

 a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 14:2)

 A. First fruit of the nations

 B. Son

 C. People of the promise

 D. Treasured possession

D:I:Dt:14

3. Israel was able to eat all of the following clean animals EXCEPT

 (Deut. 14:4f)

 A. Ox

 B. Sheep

 C. Pig

 D. Goat

 E. Gazelle

C:B:Dt:14

4. What two requirements were there for clean land animals (Deut. 14:6)?

 A. Fur and move in herds

 B. Split the hoof and chew the cud

 C. Split the hoof and eat grains

 D. Eat grains and have fur

B:B:Dt:14

5. The rabbit and coney are not allowed to be eaten because they

 (Deut. 14:7)

 A. Don't split the hoof

 B. Don't chew the cud

 C. Don't eat grains

 D. Don't move in herds

A:I:Dt:14

6. The clean water animals had to have (Deut. 14:9)

 A. Fins and gills

 B. Gills and tails

 C. Tails and scales

 D. Fins and scales

D:B:Dt:14

7. All of the following birds were considered unclean EXCEPT

(Deut. 14:11f)?

 A. Eagle

 B. Pigeon

 C. Vulture

 D. Owl

 E. Bat

B:B:Dt:14

8. Of the insects all \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ insects were unclean (Deut. 14:19)

 A. Red

 B. Running

 C. Swarming

 D. Hoping

C:I:Dt:14

9. If they found an animal dead, they were not to eat it but could

 (Deut. 14:21)

 A. Offer it as a sacrifice

 B. Give it to the poor

 C. Give it to the priests

 D. Sell it to a foreigner

D:A:Dt:14

10. A young goat was not to be cooked in (Deut. 14:21)

 A. Its mother's milk

 B. Fat

 C. An open fire

 D. Oil

A:B:Dt:14

11. How much of their fields were they to tithe each year (Deut. 14:22)?

 A. A third

 B. An eighth

 C. A tenth

 D. A quarter

C:B:Dt:14

12. They were to tithe of all of the following products EXCEPT

 (Deut. 14:23)

 A. New wine

 B. Honey

 C. Grain

 D. Firstborn of their flocks

B:A:Dt:14

13. If the place the LORD was choosing was too far for them, what

could they do (Deut. 14:25)?

 A. Kill the animal and bring its blood to the priest at the place God

had chosen

 B. Have the priest and Levites transport the animal to the place

God had chosen

 C. Offer the animal as a sacrifice in their own towns

 D. Exchange their tithe for silver then go to the place and buy

animals a the place God had chosen

D:I:Dt:14

14. The Levites were not to be neglected because they (Deut. 14:27)

 A. Had no inheritance of their own

 B. Had no flocks and herds

 C. Carried the Tent of Meeting

 D. Were the LORD's special inheritance

A:B:Dt:14

15. Every third year the Israelites were to store their tithes in their own

 towns for all of the following EXCEPT (Deut. 14:28f)

 A. Aliens

 B. Fatherless

 C. Priests

 D. Widows

 E. Levites

C:I:Dt:14

16. The Israelites were a people \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the LORD their God

(Deut. 14:2)

 A. Righteous

 B. Holy

 C. Chosen

 D. Clean

B:B:Dt:14

Deuteronomy 15 Multiple Choice Questions

1. Debts were to be cancelled every \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ years (Deut. 15:1)

 A. Three

 B. Seven

 C. Fourteen

 D. Fifty

B:B:Dt:15

2. Who were the Israelites allowed to collect payments from on the

 seventh year (Deut. 15:3)?

 A. A slave

 B. A foreigner

 C. A ruler

 D. A judge

B:I:Dt:15

3. Because the LORD was going to richly bless them in the land, there

 would be no \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ among them (Deut. 15:4)

 A. Homeless

 B. Unclean

 C. Orphans

 D. Poor

D:I:Dt:15

4. Israel was told it would \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the nations (Deut. 15:6)

 A. Lend to

 B. Borrow from

 C. Conquer

 D. Reconcile

A:A:Dt:15

5. The Israelites were not to be any of the following to the poor EXCEPT

 (Deut. 15:7ff)

 A. Hardhearted

 B. Grudging heart

 C. Open handed

 D. Tightfisted

C:I:Dt:15

6. If Israel gave \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the poor, God would bless them in all their

 work (Deut. 15:10)

 A. Without others knowing

 B. Humbly

 C. Mercifully

 D. Generously

D:I:Dt:15

7. A Hebrew slave must be set free after how many years (Deut. 15:12)?

 A. Three

 B. Seven

 C. Fourteen

 D. Fifty

B:B:Dt:15

8. When a slave was freed he was not to be sent away \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(Deut. 15:13)

 A. Empty-handed

 B. With debt

 C. Permanently

 D. If he is physically unable to leave

A:I:Dt:15

9. As the Israelites freed their slaves they should remember \_\_\_\_\_\_

 (Deut. 15:15)

 A. God had cancelled their debts

 B. The good land provided them their wealth

 C. They were slaves in Egypt

 D. All men were created equal

C:B:Dt:15

10. If a slave wanted to stay with a family after the seven years, they were

 to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 15:17)

 A. Give him part of their inheritance

 B. Push an awl through his ear lobe

 C. Shave his head and burn the hair on the altar

 D. Put the family mark on his forehead

B:I:Dt:15

11. What animals from the flocks and herds were to be set apart to

 the LORD (Deut. 15:19)

 A. The firstborn males

 B. All those without blemish

 C. One out of every ten

 D. The one year old males

A:I:Dt:15

12. The sacrifices presented to the LORD were to be eaten

 (Deut. 15:20)

 A. In the Tent of Meeting

 B. In the presence of the LORD

 C. In their homes with the tunics tucked in

 D. By the altars on the mountain tops

B:I:Dt:15

13. All of the following animals were not to be offered to the LORD

 EXCEPT (Deut. 15:21)

 A. Defective

 B. Blind

 C. Spotted

 D. Lame

C:I:Dt:15

14. If an animal was defective, the Israelites could eat it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 (Deut. 15:22)

 A. In front of the Tent of Meeting

 B. Outside the camp

 C. In the presence of the LORD

 D. In their own towns

D:A:Dt:15

Deuteronomy 16 Multiple Choice Questions

1. What was to be celebrated in the month of Abib (Deut. 16:1)?

 A. Feast of Weeks

 B. Feast of Tabernacles

 C. Day of Atonement

 D. Passover

D:A:Dt:16

2. Where was the Passover to be sacrificed (Deut. 16:2)

 A. At the place the LORD will choose as a dwelling

 B. At the Tent of Meeting in the heart of the promised land

 C. On the threshing floor on the top of mount Pisgah

 D. Where Israel would gather to serve the LORD

A:B:Dt:16

3. At the feast of Unleavened Bread, bread without \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was to be

 eaten (Deut. 16:3)

 A. Water

 B. Yeast

 C. Olive oil

 D. Butter

B:B:Dt:16

4. For how many days was unleavened bread to be eaten (Deut. 16:4)?

 A. Three

 B. Four

 C. Seven

 D. Fourteen

C:I:Dt:16

5. Unleavened bread was called the bread of (Deut. 16:3)

 A. Slavery

 B. Remembrance

 C. The presence

 D. Affliction

D:A:Dt:16

6. Why was the bread unleavened (Deut. 16:3)?

 A. Because they left Egypt in haste

 B. Because it was hard like their slavery had been

 C. Because Pharaoh commanded no yeast be given to the Israelites

 D. Because the yeast in bread represented sin

A:B:Dt:16

7. At Passover, what were the Israelites not to leave till the morning

 (Deut. 16:4)?

 A. Any of the bitter herbs

 B. Any of the new wine

 C. Any of the meat that was sacrificed

 D. Any of the unleavened bread

C:I:Dt:16

8. The Feast of Weeks was to be seven weeks after (Deut. 16:9)

 A. The Feast of Tabernacles

 B. The sickle was put to standing grain

 C. The first day of the first month

 D. The first grape was harvested

B:A:Dt:16

9. At the Feast of Weeks a freewill offering was to be given (Deut. 16:9)

 A. As they thought about their sin

 B. Remembering their slavery in Egypt

 C. As required in the law

 D. In proportion to the blessing of the LORD

D:A:Dt:16

10. The Feast of Tabernacles was celebrated when they gathered

 their produce (Deut. 16:13)

 A. From the winepress

 B. From their fields

 C. From their herds

 D. From their storehouses

A:A:Dt:16

11. At the Feast of Tabernacles, the LORD would bless their harvest

 so (Deut. 16:15)

 A. Their ways would be holy

 B. They would observe the commands of the LORD

 C. Their joy would be complete

 D. They would remember their sins

C:I:Dt:16

12. All Israel was to gather three times a year at all of the following times

 EXCEPT (Deut. 16:16)

 A. Feast of Weeks

 B. Feast of Trumpets

 C. Feast of Unleavened Bread

 D. Feast of Tabernacles

B:B:Dt:16

13. No one was to appear before the LORD three times a year in what

 manner (Deut. 16:16)

 A. With bitterness

 B. Carelessly

 C. With yeast

 D. Empty-handed

D:I:Dt:16

14. At the feast, a person was to bring a gift (Deut. 16:17)

 A. In proportion to how the LORD had blessed them

 B. As the LORD commanded Moses

 C. For each person in their household

 D. Because the LORD is a holy God

A:I:Dt:16

15. Judges were to be appointed in every \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 16:18)

 A. House

 B. Clan

 C. Town

 D. District

C:B:Dt:16

16. The judge was explicitly commanded not to do any of the following

EXCEPT (Deut. 16:19)

 A. Pervert justice

 B. Accept a sacrifice

 C. Accept a bribe

 D. Show partiality

B:B:Dt:16

17. What does a bribe do to a judge (Deut. 16:19)?

 A. Leads them down to the grave

 B. Hurts the fatherless and widow

 C. Stops the ears of justice

 D. Blinds the eyes of the wise

D:I:Dt:16

18. What sole guide was the judge to follow (Deut. 16:20)?

 A. Justice

 B. Righteousness

 C. Holiness

 D. Integrity

A:B:Dt:16

19. The Israelites were not to set up a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ pole beside the altar

 (Deut. 16:21)

 A. Molech

 B. Baal

 C. Asherah

 D. Chemosh

C:I:Dt:16

20. Israel was not to erect a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 16:20)

 A. Foreign altar

 B. Sacred stone

 C. Temple

 D. Wall around their city

B:I:Dt:16

Deuteronomy 17 Multiple Choice Questions

1. Sacrificing a defective sheep or ox was considered \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 to the LORD (Deut. 17:1)

 A. An insult

 B. Unholy

 C. A reproach

 D. Detestable

D:I:Dt:17

2. Moses said that worshipping other gods and listed all of the following

examples as violations of the covenant EXCEPT (Deut. 17:3)

 A. Planets

 B. Sun

 C. Moon

 D. Stars

A:A:Dt:17

3. Where was a person that worshipped other gods to be punished

 (Deut. 17:5)?

 A. At the threshingfloor

 B. At the place the LORD was choosing to put his name

 C. At the city gate

 D. Outside the city wall

C:A:Dt:17

4. No one was to be put to death on the basis of (Deut. 17:6)

 A. The decision of the priests

 B. One witness

 C. Two witnesses

 D. The decision of the judge

B:B:Dt:17

5. Whose hands were to be the first in putting someone to death

(Deut. 17:7)?

A. The witnesses

B. The judges

C. The elders of Israel

D. The person's family

A:I:Dt:17

6. Those that worshipped other gods were to be put to death in order

 to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 17:7)

 A. Destroy wickedness

 B. Meet the demands of justice

 C. Purge evil from among them

 D. Maintain the LORD's holiness

C:I:Dt:17

7. If cases were to difficult for people in the towns to judge, where were

 they to be taken (Deut. 17:8)?

 A. To the levitical cities

 B. To the place the LORD would choose

 C. To the Tent of Meeting

 D. To the tribal elders

B:A:Dt:17

8. Who were the two types of people that were to help judge difficult

cases (Deut. 17:9)?

 A. Elders and priests

 B. Judge and king

 C. Judge and prophet

 D. Priests and judge

D:I:Dt:17

9. One of the roles of the priests was to (Deut. 17:11)

 A. Teach the Israelites the law

 B. Maintain justice in Israel

 C. Show compassion to the aliens

 D. Handle the blood of the covenant

A:B:Dt:17

10. A person that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a judge was to be put to death

(Deut. 17:12)

 A. Rejected

 B. Hide from

 C. Showed contempt

 D. Threatened

C:A:Dt:17

11. One of the reasons for the judgments on those showing contempt

 to a judge or a priest was (Deut. 17:13)

 A. So evil would not find its way into Israel

 B. So the people would hear and be afraid

 C. So that a plague would not break out in Israel

 D. So the children would learn the law

B:I:Dt:17

12. When Israel had settled in the land what would they say (Deut. 17:14)

 A. Let us go up to the house of the LORD

 B. Let us appoint prophets to tell us the word of the LORD

 C. Let us serve the LORD

 D. Let us set a king over us

D:B:Dt:17

13. The king was not to be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 17:15)

 A. A foreigner

 B. From the tribe of Levi

 C. Under 35 years of age

 D. From the tribes on the other side of the Jordan

A:I:Dt:17

14. All of the following were listed as not to be multiplied by a king

EXCEPT (Deut. 17:16)

A. Horses

B. Houses

C. Wives

D. Gold and silver

B:B:Dt:17

15. Where was the king not allowed to make the people go (Deut. 17:16)?

 A. To the wilderness

 B. To Horeb

 C. To Egypt

 D. To Babylon

C:I:Dt:17

16. What was the king to do for himself (Deut. 17:18)?

 A. Give his tithes to the priests

 B. Lead the people in worship

 C. Memorize the ten commandments

 D. Write on a scroll a copy of the law

D:B:Dt:17

17. The king was not to (Deut. 17:20)

 A. Follow after Baal

 B. Consider the people his property

 C. Consider himself better than his brothers

 D. Acquire vast amounts of property

C:I:Dt:17

Deuteronomy 18 Multiple Choice Questions

1. Who got no allotment or inheritance in Israel (Deut. 18:1)?

 A. Priests and levites

 B. Kings and prophets

 C. Judges and elders

 D. Gad and Reuben

A:B:Dt:18

2. What were the priests and Levites to live off (Deut. 18:2)?

 A. Profits taken from the aliens and foreigners

 B. The field surrounding the levitical cities

 C. The taxes the people paid

 D. The offerings made to the LORD

D:B:Dt:18

3. What inheritance did the priests and Levites get (Deut. 18:2)?

 A. The land in the midst of Israel

 B. The food from the Feasts

 C. The LORD

 D. The gold from the Tent of Meeting

C:B:Dt:18

4. The priests were to receive from the sacrifices and also from the

 first fruits of all of the following EXCEPT (Deut. 18:4)

 A. Grain

 B. Cucumbers

 C. New wine

 D. Oil

B:A:Dt:18

5. If a Levite moved and wanted to minister at the place the LORD

 was choosing, he was to receive (Deut. 18:8)

 A. Equally to the benefits of the others

 B. A portion depending on how much he sold his inheritance for

 C. Only after being there 3 months

 D. An allotment dependent on the size of his family

A:I:Dt:18

6. Who were the Israelites not to learn to imitate (Deut. 18:9)?

 A. The foreign wise men

 B. The complaining people

 C. False prophets

 D. The detestable ways of the nations

D:I:Dt:18

7. The LORD drove out the nations before Israel because of all of the

following practices EXCEPT (Deut. 18:10f)

 A. Sacrificing of a son or daughter

 B. Divination

 C. Murder and violence

 D. Witchcraft

 E. Mediums who consulted the dead

C:A:Dt:18

8. Moses said the LORD would raise up for the Israelites a

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ like himself (Deut. 18:15)

 A. Leader

 B. Prophet

 C. Priest

 D. Judge

B:B:Dt:18

9. What did Israel ask at Horeb (Deut. 18:16)?

 A. Not to see the LORD's cloud lest they die

 B. Not to have to draw near to the LORD's holy ground

 C. Not to have to offer their own sacrifices

 D. Not to hear the voice of the LORD lest they die

D:A:Dt:18

10. What would God do for the prophet (Deut. 18:18)?

 A. Put God's words in his mouth

 B. Tell him what was wrong with Israel

 C. Guide him in the way he should go

 D. Give him a copy of the law

A:B:Dt:18

11. If someone did not listen to the words of God's prophet what would

 happen (Deut. 18:19)

 A. He was to be cast outside the camp

 B. He had to offer a sin offering

 C. God would call him to account

 D. He was to be stoned

C:A:Dt:18

12. A prophet that speaks in the name of other gods or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 was to be put to death (Deut. 18:20)

 A. Speaks in his own name

 B. Presumes to speak what God had not commanded

 C. Gives false instruction about the law

 D. Gives guidance to a rebellious king

A:B:Dt:18

13. Concerning the prophet, what would the Israelites ask (Deut. 18:21)

 A. "How can we know when the message the prophets speaks is

false?"

 B. "How can we know if we have understood the prophet's

dream?"

 C. "How can we know if the prophet's word will come true?"

 D. "How can we know when a message has not been spoken by the

LORD?"

D:A:Dt:18

14. Israel could judge a prophet to be false if what he said (Deut. 18:22)

 A. Was not in the promises of God

 B. Did not come true

 C. Could not be verified by the priests

 D. Did not make sense

B:B:Dt:18

Deuteronomy 19 Multiple Choice Questions

1. How many cities on the other side of Jordan were to be set up as cities of

refuge (Deut. 19:2)?

 A. Three

 B. Six

 C. Seven

 D. Forty-eight

A:A:Dt:19

2. One of the requirements of the city of refuge was that they were to be

 located \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 19:2)

 A. On the mountain tops

 B. On the western side

 C. By the Jordan river

 D. Centrally

D:I:Dt:19

3. What were to be built because of the cities of refuge (Deut. 19:3)

 A. Walls

 B. Altars

 C. Roads

 D. Gates

C:A:Dt:19

4. For what type of person were the cities of refuge built (Deut. 19:4)?

 A. The warriors of Israel

 B. Any one who killed someone

 C. The Levites

 D. The poor, fatherless and widow

B:B:Dt:19

5. Anyone who killed someone unintentionally without \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 could flee to a city of refuge (Deut. 19:4)

 A. Malice aforethought

 B. Provocation

 C. Violence

 D. Motive

A:B:Dt:19

6. What case was used to illustrate someone killing someone unintentionally

 (Deut. 19:5)?

 A. Death by sword

 B. Death by falling into a pit

 C. Death by fire

 D. Death by a flying axe head

D:I:Dt:19

7. Who would perhaps catch and kill the person not deserving of death

 (Deut. 19:6)

 A. The priest

 B. The avenger of blood

 C. The warrior of justice

 D. The Judge

B:I:Dt:19

8. To whom did God promise to give the land by an oath (Deut. 19:8)

 A. Moses and Aaron

 B. Himself

 C. The forefathers

 D. The heavens and earth

C:B:Dt:19

9. The cities of refuge were to be set up so that (Deut. 19:10)

 A. Innocent blood would not be shed in the land

 B. Israel could purge evil from their land

 C. Forgiveness would rule the land the LORD was giving them

 D. Justice would prevail in the land

A:B:Dt:19

10. A person who did all of the following EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_\_, was not

protected by the city of refuge (Deut. 19:11)

A. Assaults and kills his neighbor

B. Hates his neighbor

C. Lies in wait for him

D. Kills accidentally with an axe head

D:I:Dt:19

11. If a person, who killed someone with malice and aforethought, fled to

a city of refuge, who was to hand him over to the avenger of blood

(Deut. 19:12)?

 A. The judge of the city of refuge

 B. The priests and Levites

 C. The elders of his city

 D. The family's next of kin

C:A:Dt:19

12. How many witnesses was/were not enough to convict someone of a

crime (Deut. 19:15)?

 A. One witness

 B. Two witnesses

 C. Three witnesses

 D. Four Witnesses

A:B:Dt:19

13. When a person was brought before the LORD for judgment what two

human agents were to be involved in the decision (Deut. 19:17)?

 A. Prophets and priests

 B. Judges and priests

 C. Judges and prophets

 D. Priests and elders

B:I:Dt:19

14. If a witness proved to be a false witness and a liar what was to be done

to him (Deut. 19:18)

 A. His tongue was cut out

 B. He would be cast outside the camp

 C. Whatever the judges decided

 D. Whatever he had intended to have done to his brother

D:I:Dt:19

15. In court cases with false witnesses, what was not to be shown

(Deut. 19:21)?

 A. Excuses

 B. Kindness

 C. Pity

 D. Justice

C:I:Dt:19

16. When justice was rendered, what was to be the peoples' response

 (Deut. 19:20)?

 A. The people would rejoice

 B. The people would hear and fear

 C. The people would desire to walk in God's ways

 D. The people would hate evil

B:I:Dt:19

17. All of the following are listed in the lex talionis law EXCEPT
 (Deut. 19:21)

 A. Life for life

 B. Tooth for Tooth

 C. Ear for ear

 D. Foot for foot

C:B:Dt:19

18. The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was not to be moved which was set up by your

predecessors (Deut. 19:14)

 A. Altar of the LORD

B. Tent of Meeting

C. Boundary stone

D. Cities of refuge

C:B:Dt:19

Deuteronomy 20 Multiple Choice Questions

1. When Israel went to war all of the following were listed as things

 they should not be afraid of EXCEPT (Deut. 20:1)

 A. Chariots

 B. Horses

 C. Camels

 D. Army greater than their

C:I:Dt:20

2. Just before battle, who was to address the people (Deut. 20:2)?

 A. Joshua

 B. The judges

 C. The elders

 D. The priest

D:A:Dt:20

3. Why was the priest to say to the Israelites that they should not be afraid

as they went into war (Deut. 20:4)?

 A. For the LORD was going with them to fight and give them

 the victory

 B. For the enemies had heard of all they had done to Og and

 Sihon and they were afraid

 C. For the enemies were evil and the LORD was destroying

 evil from the land

 D. For they numbered as the stars of the sky and would surely

 have the victory

A:I:Dt:20

4. Anyone with any of the following situations was allowed to go home and

 not fight EXCEPT (Deut. 20:5ff)

 A. One who had built a new house and not dedicated it

 B. One who had just planted a field eaten from it

 C. One who had planted a vineyard and not enjoyed it

 D. One who was pledged to be married but not married

B:B:Dt:20

5. Anyone who was afraid or fainthearted was to go home so (Deut. 20:8)

 A. He could learn to trust the LORD

 B. The enemy would not be able to take advantage of their fear

 C. His brothers would not become disheartened

 D. Israel would be holy with no wavering

C:B:Dt:20

6. Who was to send home anyone who was afraid (Deut. 20:5)

 A. The officers

 B. The elders

 C. The priests

 D. The commander-in-chief

A:A:Dt:20

7. When Israel approached a city for war, what were they to do first before

 attacking it (Deut. 20:10)?

 A. Offer a burnt offering of a young bull

 B. Seek the LORD's face in prayer

 C. March around the city seven times

 D. Make an offer of peace

D:I:Dt:20

8. If a city accepted an offer of peace, what happened to it (Deut. 20:11)?

 A. Each person was marked and scattered throughout Israel

 B. The people were subjected to forced labor

 C. The walls and gates were broken down and the people allowed

 to live

 D. The people had to swear allegiance to Israel

B:A:Dt:20

9. If a city at a distance refused the offer of peace, what happened

(Deut. 20:12)?

 A. The people were enslaved and the gold given to the LORD's

treasury

 B. The walls and gates were broken down and the people

put to the sword

 C. All the men were put to the sword and plunder taken

 D. The city was burned and everyone killed

C:A:Dt:20

10. Cities from all of the following nations in the inheritance land were to

 be destroyed EXCEPT (Deut. 20:16)

 A. Canaanites

 B. Amorites

 C. Hittites

 D. Ammonites

D:A:Dt:20

11. What was to happen to inhabitants of the cities of the inheritance as

 Israel took the land (Deut. 20:16)?

 A. They were to be completely destroyed

 B. All the men were put to the sword and the rest taken as plunder

 C. They were dedicated to the LORD and people enslaved

 D. They were to be plundered and put to the sword

A:I:Dt:20

12. Why was Israel to destroy completely the cities of the inheritance

 (Deut. 20:18)?

 A. They would defile the holy seed

 B. They would not follow the laws of the LORD

 C. They would teach Israel to worship their gods

 D. They would not accept the LORD as their god

C:B:Dt:20

13. When a city was under siege for a long time, what was to be spared

 (Deut. 20:19)?

 A. Houses and storerooms

 B. The fruit trees

 C. The flocks and herds

 D. The walls and gates

B:A:Dt:20

14. What trees could be used for a long siege (Deut. 20:20)?

 A. Olive trees

 B. Fig trees

 C. Almond trees

 D. Oak trees

D:A:Dt:20

Deuteronomy 21 Multiple Choice Questions

1. If a person is found slain but it is not known who killed him, who is

to become involved in the unsolved murder (Deut. 21:2)?

 A. Priests and prophets

 B. Judges and elders

 C. The family and prophets

 D. Elders and priests

B:A:Dt:21

2. In the case of an unsolved murder, what were the judges to do

(Deut. 21:2)?

 A. Take a sin offering to the Tent of Meeting

 B. Question the elders of the nearest town

 C. Give one tenth of the person's property to the poor in the

nearest town

 D. Measure the distance from the body to the nearest town

D:A:Dt:21

3. In the case of the unresolved murder, what kind of animal were the elders

to take (Deut. 21:3)?

A. A heifer that had never been yoked

B. A ox that had never known a yoke

C. Two goats

D. A donkey that had never pulled a cart

A:A:Dt:21

4. In the case of the unresolved murder, where were the elders to take the

 heifer (Deut. 21:4)?

 A. A mountain top by the threshingfloor

 B. Into the gate of the city

 C. Into a valley with a stream

 D. Outside the wall of the city

C:A:Dt:21

5. In the case of the unresolved murder, what was to happen to the heifer

 (Deut. 21:4)?

 A. It was to be offered up as a sin offering

 B. It was to have its neck broken

 C. It was to be burnt up as a burnt offering

 D. Its blood was to be sprinkled on the elders of the nearest town

D:A:Dt:21

6. In the case of the unresolved murder, who was to step forward and

 pronounce a blessings and decide disputes (Deut. 21:5)?

 A. The judges

 B. The elders

 C. The priests

 D. The prophets

C:I:Dt:21

7. Who was to declare "Our hands did not shed this blood, nor did our eyes

see it done." (Deut. 21:7)

 A. All the people of the nearest town

 B. The elders of the nearest town

 C. The family of the person who was killed

 D. The priests of the nearest town

D:A:Dt:21

8. The rite of the donkey and hand washing that resulted from a case of

an unresolved murder was for what purpose (Deut. 21:9)?

 A. To purge of guilt of the shedding of innocent blood

 B. To purify of the land from the sin of the unresolved murder

 C. To keeping the people of the nearest town holy before the

LORD

 D. To wash away uncleanness from the land

A:A:Dt:21

9. If, in a war, a man wanted to marry one of the captives, he was to bring

her home and do all of the following EXCEPT (Deut. 21:12)

 A. Shave her head

 B. Put a ring on her finger

 C. Trim her nails

 D. Put aside her old clothes

B:A:Dt:21

10. If in a war a man wanted to marry one of the captives he was to allow

 her \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to mourn for the death of her parents (Deut. 21:13)

 A. Seven days

 B. Three weeks

 C. One month

 D. One year

C:A:Dt:21

11. If a captive woman was not pleasing to her husband, he was not allowed

 to (Deut. 21:14)

 A. Release her

 B. Sell her as a slave

 C. Expel her from his house

 D. Divorce her

B:I:Dt:21

12. If a man had two wives, one loved the other not, and each bore him sons

the double portion of the inheritance was to go to (Deut. 21:17)

 A. The firstborn whether from the loved or unloved wife

 B. The firstborn of the loved wife

 C. The double portion of the inheritance was to be split evenly

 D. Whomever the judges decided

A:A:Dt:21

13. The firstborn son was a sign of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 21:17)

 A. The father's first love

 B. The LORD's blessing

 C. The fathers strength

 D. The fulfilling of the covenant

C:A:Dt:21

14. To whom were the parents to bring a rebellious son (Deut. 21:18)

 A. The priest

 B. The prophet

 C. The judge

 D. The elders

D:A:Dt:21

15. Where were the parents of a rebellious son to bring him (Deut. 21:19)

 A. The top of the town wall

 B. To the city gate

 C. To a valley with a stream in it

 D. To the threshingfloor

B:I:Dt:21

16. What was to happen to the rebellious son (Deut. 21:21)?

 A. Stoned to death

 B. Burned with fire

 C. Cast outside the camp

 D. Made to work for forty days for the town

A:I:Dt:21

17. What was to be Israel's response when they heard of the death of a

 rebellious son (Deut. 21:21)

 A. Rejoicing

 B. Fear

 C. Reflection

 D. They were to say "Amen"

B:I:Dt:21

18. In a capital offense, where was a body not allowed to be left overnight

 (Deut. 21:22)

 A. On the city wall

 B. In the city gate

 C. On a tree

 D. Unburied

C:I:Dt:21

Deuteronomy 22 Multiple Choice Questions

1. Which two straying animals did the text say must be returned to

its owner (Deut. 22:1)?

 A. Ox and horse

 B. Sheep and goat

 C. Ox and sheep

 D. Donkey and goat

C:A:Dt:22

2. If someone finds a straying animal and does not know where the owner

lives, what should be done with the animal (Deut. 22:2)?

 A. It should be taken home until the owner arrives

 B. It should be brought to the priest and offered as a sacrifice

 C. It should be brought to the city gate to the judges

 D. It should be eaten by the family that found it

A:I:Dt:22

3. If one finds a brother's donkey or ox fallen, what should not be done

according to Deut. 22:4?

 A. It should not be dragged

 B. It should not be ignored

 C. It should not be eaten

 D. It should not killed

B:A:Dt:22

4. Who does the LORD detest (Deut. 22:5)?

 A. A man that kills his neighbor's ox

 B. A man who wears cloths of wool and linen

 C. A man who sleeps with his father's wife

 D. A man who wears women's clothing

D:A:Dt:22

5. If one came on a mother bird sitting on eggs, what response was

appropriate (Deut. 22:6f)?

 A. Take the mother but not the eggs

 B. Take both the mother and the eggs

 C. Take the eggs but not the mother

 D. Take neither the mother nor the eggs

C:A:Dt:22

6. What was to be built on their roofs (Deut. 22:8)?

 A. A parapet

 B. A gutter

 C. A water catcher

 D. A place of meditation

A:I:Dt:22

7. The fruit of a vineyard was defiled if (Deut. 22:9)

 A. An unclean animal was captured there

 B. A dead bird was found there

 C. An animal's blood was shed in the vineyard

 D. Two kinds of seed were planted in the vineyard

D:A:Dt:22

8. What two animals were not to plow together (Deut. 22:10)?

 A. A heifer and an ox

 B. A cow and a horse

 C. A donkey and an ox

 D. A donkey and a heifer

C:I:Dt:22

9. What two clothes were not to be woven together (Deut. 22:11)?

 A. Cotton and linen

 B. Wool and linen

 C. Wool and leather

 D. Linen and silk

B:A:Dt:22

10. When a man who took a wife, how was he not supposed to slander her if

she displeased him (Deut. 22:14f)?

 A. By saying she was not a virgin

 B. By saying she had an issue of blood

 C. By saying she was incompatible

 D. By saying she had played the harlot

A:A:Dt:22

11. Who was to provide evidence of the woman's virginity, if someone

made a slanderous accusation (Deut. 22:16)?

 A. The women of the town

 B. The elders of the town

 C. The girl's mother

 D. The girl's father

D:A:Dt:22

12. What was the punishment for a husband giving a virgin in Israel a bad

name (Deut. 22:19)?

 A. He was taken to the city gate and stoned

 B. Fine of 100 shekels of silver and he could not divorce her

 C. Fine of 50 shekels of silver and she was set free

 D. Fine of 50 gold pieces and she was exonerated

B:A:Dt:22

13. If the slanderous charge that a woman was not a virgin was found to be

true, what was the consequence (Deut. 22:20)?

 A. She was stoned in the door of her father's house

 B. She was burned outside the camp

 C. She was to return to her father's house in shame

 D. She was to pay 50 pieces of silver to her husband

A:A:Dt:22

14. If a man was found sleeping with another man's wife, what were the

 consequences (Deut. 22:22)?

 A. They both were to pay their spouses 100 shekels of silver

 B. They were both cut off from the people of Israel

 C. He was to be stoned and she returned to her husband

 D. They both were to be stoned

D:I:Dt:22

15. What was to be purged from Israel (Deut. 22:21)?

 A. Sin

 B. Shame

 C. Evil

 D. Guilt

C:B:Dt:22

16. If a man slept with a virgin pledged to be married in town, what was the

consequence (Deut. 22:23)

 A. He was to be put to death at the city gate

 B. She was to be put to death at the city gate

 C. They both were to be put to death at the city gate

 D. The marriage vow was annulled and they must marry

C:A:Dt:22

17. What was a girl in a town required to do when a man sought to violate

her (Deut. 22:23f)?

 A. Run

 B. Fight back

 C. Report it to the elders

 D. Scream

D:I:Dt:22

18. If a man slept with a virgin pledged to be married in the country, what

was the consequence (Deut. 22:23)?

 A. Only he was to be put to death

 B. Only she was to be put to death

 C. They both were to be put to death

 D. The marriage vow was annulled and they must marry

A:A:Dt:22

19. If a man met a virgin not pledged in marriage and rapes her what

 were the consequences (Deut. 22:28)?

 A. He was to be stoned in the city gate

 B. He must pay the girl's father 100 pieces of gold before the

elders of the town

 C. He must pay fifty pieces of silver and must marry her and

not divorce her

 D. He was put in prison for 10 years and not be able to marry in

Israel

C:A:Dt:22

20. What were to the Israelites to make on the corners of their cloaks

 (Deut. 22:12)?

 A. Knots

 B. Tassels

 C. Tears

 D. Portions of the law

B:B:Dt:22

21. How would the father's bed be defiled (Deut. 22:30)?

 A. By sending the mother away in divorce

 B. By giving one's daughter to a foreigner

 C. Uncovering their father's nakedness

 D. By marrying one's father's wife

D:A:Dt:22

Deuteronomy 23 Multiple Choice Questions

1. Who may not enter the assembly of the LORD (Deut. 23:1)?

 A. An Egyptian

 B. A person with a withered hand

 C. A person who has been emasculated

 D. A person who was lame

C:A:Dt:23

2. One born of a forbidden marriage was not allowed to enter the assembly

down to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ generation (Deut. 23:2)

 A. Third

 B. Fifth

 C. Seventh

 D. Tenth

D:A:Dt:23

3. What two groups of people were not allowed into the assembly even

down to the tenth generation (Deut. 23:3)?

 A. Jebusite and Ammonite

 B. Ammonite and Moabite

 C. Edomite and Egyptian

 D. Hittite and Jebusite

B:A:Dt:23

4. Who hired Balaam son of Beor from Aram Naharaim (Deut. 23:4)?

 A. Jebusites

 B. Edomites

 C. Moabites

 D. Hittites

C:B:Dt:23

5. Why did God turn Balaam's curse into a blessing (Deut. 23:5)?

 A. Because he loved Israel

 B. Because of his promise

 C. Because of Balaam's wickedness

 D. Because Israel was walking in God's ways

A:B:Dt:23

6. What two people groups are not to be abhorred (Deut. 23:7)?

 A. Jebusite and Ammonite

 B. Ammonite and Moabite

 C. Edomite and Egyptian

 D. Hittite and Jebusite

C:A:Dt:23

7. The Egyptians and Edomites were allowed into the assembly of the

LORD after \_\_\_\_\_\_ generations (Deut. 23:8)

 A. Third

 B. Fifth

 C. Seventh

 D. Tenth

A:A:Dt:23

8. An unclean man to go outside the camp until evening

if (Deut. 24:10)

 A. He spit

 B. He had a nocturnal emission

 C. He stepped in excrement

 D. He had blood spilled on him

B:A:Dt:23

9. An unclean man from a nocturnal emission must \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ before

 reentering the assembly (Deut. 23:11)

 A. Offer a guilt offering before the LORD

 B. Confess and pray

 C. Change his clothes

 D. Wash himself

D:I:Dt:23

10. What place was to be designated outside the camp (Deut. 23:12)?

 A. Where the hides of the sacrifices were burnt

 B. Where those not allowed in the assembly must wait

 C. Where one could go to relieve themselves

 D. Where the animals were slain

C:I:Dt:23

11. Why was a person to dig a hole and bury their excrement

(Deut. 23:13f)?

 A. Because the LORD moved about in their camp

 B. So they would not get the diseases of Egypt

 C. So they would be always be clean

 D. Because it was not a sweat smelling aroma

A:I:Dt:23

12. What was to happen if a slave sought refuge among them (Deut. 23:15)?

 A. He was to be returned to his owner

 B. He was to be taken to the city of refuge

 C. He was not to be returned to his owner

 D. He was to be given refuge for three days

C:A:Dt:23

13. What was no Israelite to become (Deut. 23:17)?

 A. Unclean

 B. A temple prostitute

 C. A liar

 D. A leather worker

B:I:Dt:23

14. One was not to charge a brother \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on his money or food

(Deut. 23:19)

A. Overtime

B. Taxes

C. A down payment

D. Interest

D:B:Dt:23

15. Who were the Israelites allowed to charge interest (Deut. 23:20)?

 A. A foreigner

 B. A brother Israelite

 C. The priests and Levites

 D. The elders

A:I:Dt:23

16. What should one not be slow to pay (Deut. 23:21)?

 A. If one owed someone money

 B. The priests and Levites

 C. If one vowed something to the LORD

 D. One's tithes and offerings

C:I:Dt:23

17. What must they be sure to do (Deut. 23:23)?

 A. Sowing their seed in the spring

 B. Pour oil on the head of the firstborn

 C. Giving of their firstfruits to the poor

 D. Bring a goat to the Feast of Trumpets

C:A:Dt:23

18. When in a neighbor's vineyard, what were they not allowed to do

 (Deut. 23:24)?

 A. Eat any of his grapes

 B. Put any in a basket

 C. Cut any of his vines

 D. Bring any of his grapes home

B:A:Dt:23

19. When in a neighbor's grainfield they were allowed to eat some but not

 (Deut. 23:25)

 A. Thresh them on the threshingfloor

 B. Cook his grain with fire

 C. Gather handfuls on the Sabbath

 D. Use a sickle

D:A:Dt:23

Deuteronomy 24 Multiple Choice Questions

1. A man could divorce his wife if (Deut. 24:1)

 A. She becomes displeasing to her husband

 B. Her husband leaves Israel

 C. She becomes unclean for over one month

 D. She is unable to bear children

A:B:Dt:24

2. If a divorced woman marries another man and he dies, she can not

 (Deut. 24:4)

 A. Marry again

 B. Remain in Israel

 C. Return to her former husband

 D. Leave the second husband's family

C:B:Dt:24

3. If a divorced woman marries another man and the second husband

divorces her, she can not (Deut. 24:4)

 A. Marry again

 B. Remain in Israel

 C. Return to her former husband

 D. Leave the second husband's family

C:I:Dt:24

4. If a man is recently married, he does not have to go to war for

(Deut. 24:5)

 A. One month

 B. Six months

 C. Nine months

 D. One year

D:B:Dt:24

5. If a man who recently married does not go to war he was to stay home

 and (Deut. 24:5)

 A. Build up his family

 B. Make his wife happy

 C. Set his house in order

 D. Enjoy the love of his wife

B:B:Dt:24

6. What was not to be taken as security on a debt (Deut. 24:6)?

 A. A donkey

 B. A sickle

 C. Cistern

 D. A millstone

D:A:Dt:24

7. If a person was caught kidnapping, the penalty was (Deut. 24:7)

 A. Death

 B. Cast outside the camp

 C. He himself would be made a slave

 D. His right hand was cut off

A:I:Dt:24

8. Israel was to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ evil from among them (Deut. 24:7)

 A. Cast

 B. Destroy

 C. Purge

 D. Reject

C:B:Dt:24

9. In the case of leprous diseases, whose instructions were to be followed

 (Deut. 24:8)?

 A. Moses

 B. The priests

 C. The elders

 D. The judges

B:B:Dt:24

10. When a person made a loan to a brother Israelite, they were not allowed

 to take a pledge (Deut. 24:10)

 A. From the city gate

 B. From the person's field

 C. From the person's herds

 D. From the person's house

D:A:Dt:24

11. For a poor person, their pledge of a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was to be returned to

them before \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 24:13)

 A. Silver before morning

 B. Millstone before afternoon

 C. Cloak before evening

 D. Table before morning

C:I:Dt:24

12. Wages were to be paid to the poor and aliens (Deut. 24:14)

 A. Before sunset

 B. By the end of the week

 C. As agreed on by the covenant

 D. Every morning

A:I:Dt:24

13. Who should not be put to death for the sins of the children

(Deut. 24:16)?

 A. Mothers

 B. Fathers

 C. Brothers

 D. Sisters

B:I:Dt:24

14. Whose cloak was not to be taken in a pledge (Deut. 24:17)?

 A. The orphan

 B. The alien

 C. The poor

 D. The widow

D:A:Dt:24

15. Who was not to be deprived of justice (Deut. 24:17)?

 A. The priests

 B. The elders

 C. The fatherless

 D. The judges

C:I:Dt:24

16. A sheaf overlooked in a field was not to be gone back and harvested but

left for all of the following EXCEPT (Deut. 24:19f)

 A. Alien

 B. Priests

 C. Fatherless

 D. Widow

B:I:Dt:24

17. Olives were gotten from the trees by (Deut. 24:20)

 A. Beating them

 B. Shaking the tree

 C. Sickle

 D. Pruning hooks

A:A:Dt:24

18. When Israel went over their vineyards only once, what were they to

 remember (Deut. 24:22)?

 A. The mercies of God

 B. The commands and decrees of the LORD

 C. They were slaves in Egypt

 D. How the LORD fed them in the wilderness

C:A:Dt:24

Deuteronomy 25 Multiple Choice Questions

1. If people have a dispute, who was to decide the case (Deut. 25:1)?

 A. The prophets

 B. The priests

 C. The judges

 D. The elders of the city

C:B:Dt:25

2. What two decisions were the judges to render (Deut. 25:1)?

 A. Acquitting the innocent and condemning the guilty

 B. Helping the poor and staying the hand of the mighty

 C. Freeing the slaves and sending the guilty to jail

 D. Bringing the guilty to justice and forgiving those that repent

A:B:Dt:25

3. In whose presence was a guilty person to be flogged (Deut. 25:2)?

 A. The assembly

 B. The priest

 C. The judge

 D. The elders of the city

C:I:Dt:25

4. A person was not to be flogged with more than \_\_\_\_ lashes (Deut. 25:2)

 A. Ten

 B. Twenty

 C. Thirty

 D. Forty

D:A:Dt:25

5. What was not to be muzzled (Deut. 25:4)?

 A. The family dog when barking to protect the family

 B. The ox while treading out the grain

 C. A donkey carrying a load of grain to market

 D. A camel while in the desert

B:B:Dt:25

6. If a married brother died without a son, what was his brother responsible

to do (Deut. 25:5)?

 A. Marry her

 B. Care for her as a widow

 C. Give her his brother's inheritance

 D. Treat her as a sister

A:B:Dt:25

7. If a married brother died without a son and his brother married his wife,

the first son of this couple was to (Deut. 25:6)

 A. Be the newly married brother's firstborn

 B. Be named in honor of the deceased brother

 C. Be given the inheritance of the deceased brother

 D. Be adopted into the family in replacement of the brother who

died

B:I:Dt:25

8. If a brother did not want to marry his deceased brother's wife, from

whom was the woman to seek help (Deut. 25:7)?

 A. The prophet

 B. The priest

 C. The judge

 D. The elders of the city

D:A:Dt:25

9. If a brother did not want to marry his deceased brother's wife, where

 was the woman to seek help (Deut. 25:7)?

 A. From the city wall

 B. In the city market

 C. In the city gate

 D. Outside the city

C:I:Dt:25

10. If a brother did not want to marry his deceased brother's wife, what was

the woman to do to the brother (Deut. 25:9)?

 A. Take off his sandal and spit in his face

 B. Take off his cloak and dip it in blood

 C. Uncover his head and sprinkle dust on him

 D. Take off his belt and bind her hands with his belt

A:A:Dt:25

11. If a brother did not want to marry his deceased brother's wife, what

would his family be known as (Deut. 25:7)?

 A. The Family of the dead

 B. The Family of the Unshackled

 C. The Family of the Unsandaled

 D. The Family of the Unmerciful

C:A:Dt:25

12. What was to happen to a wife that delivered her husband by grabbing

 the private parts of his assailant (Deut. 25:11)?

 A. She was given forty lashes

 B. She was to wash and be unclean until evening

 C. Her head was shaved

 D. Her hand was cut off

D:I:Dt:25

13. What was one not to have in their bag in Israel (Deut. 25:13)?

 A. Two differing weights

 B. Gold mixed with silver

 C. A knife

 D. Their neighbor's seed

A:B:Dt:25

14. The LORD \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ anyone who deals dishonesty (Deut. 25:16)

 A. Hates

 B. Detests

 C. Forgives

 D. Judges

B:B:Dt:25

15. Who was to be remembered because they cut off those lagging behind

 when Israel left Egypt (Deut. 25:17)

 A. The Moabites

 B. The Amorites

 C. The Amalekites

 D. The Philistines

C:I:Dt:25

16. The memory of Amalek was to be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by Israel (Deut. 25:19)

 A. Forgotten

 B. Remembered

 C. Written down

 D. Blotted out

D:A:Dt:25

Deuteronomy 26 Multiple Choice Questions

1. The LORD gave the land to Israel as (Deut. 26:1)

 A. The firstfruits

 B. A sign of his blessing

 C. An inheritance

 D. The product of their obedience

C:I:Dt:26

2. The Israelites were to take some of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ from the soil and

 put them in a basket to bring to the LORD (Deut. 26:2)

 A. Grapes

 B. Firstfruits

 C. Produce

 D. Grain offerings

B:I:Dt:26

3. Where were the firstfruits to be brought (Deut. 26:2)?

 A. To the place God will choose as a dwelling for his Name

 B. To the place where the Spirit of God dwells among them

 C. To the place where the Tent of Meeting was

 D. To the place where God would show them

A:B:Dt:26

4. When the firstfruits were presented, to whom were the people to make

 a confession that they had come to the land (Deut. 26:3)?

 A. The elders

 B. The judge

 C. The prophet like Moses

 D. The priest

D:I:Dt:26

5. When bringing the firstfruits the person was to confess (Deut. 26:3f)

 A. Their sins

 B. They had no need of manna any longer

 C. They had come to the land God swore to their forefathers

 D. The LORD had supplied all their needs according to his riches

 in glory

C:B:Dt:26

6. Where was the basket of firstfruits to be set by the priest (Deut. 26:4)?

 A. Before the atonement cover

 B. In front of the altar of the LORD

 C. At the entrance of the Tent of Meeting

 D. Next to the bread of the presence

B:A:Dt:26

7. After offering the firstfruits, the Israelites were to declare that their father

 was a (Deut. 26:5)

 A. Wandering Aramean

 B. Sojourner in the land

 C. Slave in Egypt

 D. Chosen nation by God

A:B:Dt:26

8. After offering the firstfruits, the Israelites were to declare that in Egypt

their father became all of the following EXCEPT (Deut. 26:5)

 A. A great nation

 B. Powerful

 C. Numerous

 D. A holy people

D:A:Dt:26

9. When the Israelites cried out for help in Egypt, God heard their voice and

 saw all of the following EXCEPT (Deut. 26:7)

 A. Their misery

 B. Their chains

 C. Their toil

 D. Their oppression

B:I:Dt:26

10. After offering the firstfruits, the Israelites were to declare that God

brought them out of Egypt with all of the following EXCEPT

(Deut. 6:8)

 A. With a mighty hand and outstretched arm

 B. With miraculous signs

 C. With the staff of Moses

 D. With great terror

C:I:Dt:26

11. After offering the firstfruits, the Israelites were to declare that God

brought them to this place which was a land (Deut. 26:9)

 A. Flowing with milk and honey

 B. Of trees and flowing water

 C. Producing crops in their season

 D. Watered by the rain of heaven

A:B:Dt:26

12. After offering the firstfruits, the Israelites of all the following groups

were to rejoice in all the good things God have given them EXCEPT

(Deut. 26:11)

 A. The poor and the fatherless

 B. Prophets and priests

 C. Children and elders

 D. Alien and Levites

D:A:Dt:26

13. The tenth tithe of the produce of the land was to be set apart and brought

to the place of God's choosing how often (Deut. 26:12)?

 A. Every year

 B. Every other year

 C. Every third year

 D. Every seventh year

C:A:Dt:26

14. The tenth tithe of the produce of the land was to be given to all of the

 following EXCEPT (Deut. 26:12)

 A. Levite

 B. Fatherless

 C. Widow

 D. Alien

 E. Unclean

E:A:Dt:26

15. None of the sacred portion of the produce of the land was to be offered

 to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 26:14)

 A. The elders

 B. The dead

 C. The other gods

 D. The aliens

B:I:Dt:26

16. When the people brought their produce to the LORD they were to ask

God to look down and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 26:15)

 A. Smell the sweet aroma

 B. Find pleasure in them

 C. Bless them

 D. Remember his covenant with Abraham

C:I:Dt:26

17. When the people brought their produce to the LORD they were to

acknowledge that the LORD had given them the land as he had

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 26:15)

 A. Promised on oath to their forefathers

 B. Sworn to Moses and Aaron

 C. Driven out the nations

 D. Desired it as his holy dwelling place

A:I:Dt:26

18. All of the following were to be carefully observed with all their heart

 EXCEPT (Deut. 26:16). God's \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 A. Commands

 B. Laws

 C. Decrees

 D. Requirements

D:I:Dt:26

19. When Israel presented their crops they were to declare that they would

 walk in God's \_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 26:17)

 A. Law

 B. Ten commandments

 C. Ways

 D. Holy land

C:B:Dt:26

20. If Israel kept God's commandments, he would declare them as his

 A. Mighty nation

 B. Treasured possession

 C. Blessed people

 D. Dwelling place on earth

B:I:Dt:26

21. If Israel kept God's commands, he would set them (Deut. 26:19)

 A. On the mountain of his holiness

 B. To rule over all the earth

 C. As an example to the other nations

 D. In honor high above all the nations he had made

D:A:Dt:26

Deuteronomy 27 Multiple Choice Questions

1. What were the Israelites commanded to set up after they crossed the

Jordan (Deut. 27:2)?

 A. A tabernacle for God to dwell in

 B. Stones coated with plaster

 C. Twelve pillars

 D. A memorial to their time in the desert

B:B:Dt:27

2. When Israel crossed the Jordan, what was to be written on the plastered

 stones (Deut. 27:3)

 A. The ten commandments

 B. The covenant with Abraham, Isaac and Jacob

 C. All the words of the law

 D. The names of the twelve tribes

C:I:Dt:27

3. On what mountain were the plastered stones to be set up (Deut. 27:4)?

 A. Olives

 B. Tabor

 C. Gilboa

 D. Ebal

D:I:Dt:27

4. When Israel crossed the Jordan, a special altar was to be built of

 A. Unshaped fieldstones

 B. Bronze

 C. Stone overlaid with gold

 D. Carefully crafted stone

A:A:Dt:27

5. What was to be offered on the special altar on mount Ebal

 (Deut. 27:7)?

 A. Burnt offerings

 B. Fellowship offerings

 C. Sin offerings

 D. Memorial offerings

B:A:Dt:27

6. Where was the fieldstone altar to be built when Israel crossed over the

 Jordan (Deut. 27:6)?

 A. Gerizim

 B. Tabor

 C. Gilboa

 D. Ebal

D:B:Dt:27

7. When Israel offered fellowship offerings on the fieldstone altar on mount

 Ebal, they were to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the presence of the LORD

(Deut 27:7)

A. Rejoice

B. Remember

C. Confess their sin

D. Humble themselves

A:B:Dt:27

8. Moses and the priests told Israel to be silent as they had become a(n)

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the LORD their God (Deut. 27:9)

 A. Nation

 B. Inheritance

 C. People

 D. Possession

C:I:Dt:27

9. After Israel crossed the Jordan, those standing on mount Gerizim

were to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Israel (Deut. 27:12)

A. Bless

B. Curse

C. Cite the law to

D. Say Amen over

A:B:Dt:27

10. After Israel crossed the Jordan, those standing on mount Ebal

were to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Israel (Deut. 27:12)

A. Bless

B. Curse

C. Cite the law to

D. Say Amen over

B:B:Dt:27

11. All of the following tribes were to say the blessings from Mount

Gerizim EXCEPT (Deut. 27:12)

 A. Judah

 B. Levi

 C. Jospeph

 D. Reuben

 E. Benjamin

D:A:Dt:27

12. All of the following tribes were to say the cursings from mount Ebal

EXCEPT (Deut. 27:12)

A. Reuben

B. Gad

C. Levi

D. Asher

E. Dan

C:A:Dt:27

13. Who were to recite all the curses to all the people of Israel

(Deut. 27:14)?

A. The priests

B. The Levites

C. The elders

D. The judges

B:I:Dt:27

14. All the people were to respond to each of the curses by saying

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 27:16)

 A. Hallelujah

 B. Father forgive us

 C. Praise the LORD

 D. Amen

D:B:Dt:27

15. All of the following were explicitly cursed in Deut. 27 EXCEPT

 (Deut. 27:15ff)

 A. One who covets his neighbor's land

 B. One who carves an image

 C. One who dishonors father or mother

 D. One who withholds justice from the fatherless

A:A:Dt:27

16. In the curses it said that the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was not to be moved

 (Deut. 27:17)

 A. Rock of offence

 B. Cities of Israel

 C. Boundary stone

 D. Tabernacle

C:I:Dt:27

17. In the curses it said justice should not be withheld from all of the

following EXCEPT (Deut. 27:19)

 A. Alien

 B. Levite

 C. Fatherless

 D. Widow

B:A:Dt:27

18. A person was cursed if they did what to a blind person (Deut. 27:18)?

 A. Deceived them saying they were someone else

 B. Beating them

 C. Stealing from them

 D. Led them astray on the road

D:I:Dt:27

19. All of the following were not to be slept with in the curses of Deut. 27

 EXCEPT (Deut. 27:22ff)

 A. Sister

 B. Mother-in-law

 C. Cousin

 D. Father's wife

C:A:Dt:27

20. Anyone that had sexual relations with a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was under a curse

 (Deut. 27:21)

 A. Animal

 B. Prostitute

 C. Alien

 D. Slave

A:A:Dt:27

21. One was cursed if they (Deut. 27:25)

 A. Killed a neighbor unintentionally

 B. Accepted a bribe to kill an innocent person

 C. Killed a priest

 D. Left a baby to die

B:A:Dt:27

Deuteronomy 28 Multiple Choice Questions

1. If Israel fully obeyed the LORD, he would set them high above

 (Deut. 28:1)

 A. All the mountains of the earth

 B. All the stars of the heaven

 C. All the nations on earth

 D. All the cedars of Lebanon

C:B:Dt:28

2. All of the following areas of life would be blessed if Israel obeyed the

LORD EXCEPT (Deut. 28:3ff)

 A. City

 B. Livestock

 C. Fruit of their womb

 D. Large houses

 E. Crops of their land

D:A:Dt:28

3. In the blessings, Israel's enemies would come at them from one direction

and (Deut. 28:7)

 A. Be totally destroyed

 B. Flee in seven directions

 C. Be scattered in the wind

 D. Be food for birds

B:I:Dt:28

4. If Israel kept the commands of the LORD, the LORD would establish

them as his \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ people (Deut. 28:9)

 A. Holy

 B. Righteous

 C. Own

 D. Mighty

A:I:Dt:28

5. When the nations would see that Israel was called by the name of the

 LORD, what would be their response (Deut. 28:10)?

 A. They would scatter

 B. They would submit to Israel

 C. They would fear Israel

 D. They would bring Israel tribute

C:I:Dt:28

6. If Israel walked in God's ways, he would give them prosperity in all of

 the following areas EXCEPT (Deut. 28:11)

 A. The fruit of the womb

 B. The commerce of their city gates

 C. The young of their livestock

 D. The crops of their ground

B:A:Dt:28

7. If Israel obeyed the commands of the LORD, what would he send from

 heaven (Deut. 28:12)?

 A. Showers of blessing

 B. Rain

 C. Manna

 D. His son

B:I:Dt:28

8. One of the blessings was that Israel would \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to many nations but

 borrow from none (Deut. 28:12)

 A. Pursue

 B. Rescue

 C. Give

 D. Lend

D:I:Dt:28

9. If Israel obeyed the LORD's commands, He would make them the

 (Deut. 28:13)

 A. The arm not the foot

 B. The heart not the head

 C. The head not the tail

 D. The eyes not the ears

C:A:Dt:28

10. From what was Israel not to turn aside to the right or left from

(Deut. 28:14)

 A. Any of the commands

 B. The path

C. The way of God's choosing

 D. Following Moses' footsteps

A:I:Dt:28

11. The curses would come on Israel if they did what (Deut. 28:15)?

 A. Did not follow the LORD with a full heart

 B. Did not obey the LORD

 C. Did not set up the tabernacle in the land

 D. Did not thank God for giving them their cities

B:B:Dt:28

12. If Israel did not obey the LORD, they would be cursed in all of

 the following areas EXCEPT (Deut. 28:16ff)

 A. When they come in and go out

 B. Their basket and kneading troughs

 C. Womb

 D. Crops

 E. Roof of their houses

E:A:Dt:28

13. If Israel forsook the LORD, he would strike them with all of the

following EXCEPT (Deut. 28:21ff)

 A. Wasting disease

 B. Blight

 C. Mildew

 D. Leprosy

D:A:Dt:28

14. If Israel forsook the LORD the sky would become \_\_\_\_\_\_ and the

 earth \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 28:23)

 A. Bronze; Iron

 B. Stone; dust

 C. Blood; smoke

 D. Fire; dust

A:A:Dt:28

15. Under the curse, Israel would come at their enemies from one direction

 and flee in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 28:25)

 A. Three

 B. Seven

 C. Hundred

 D. Thousand

B:A:Dt:28

16. Under the curse, their bodies would be food for (Deut. 28:26)

 A. Worms

 B. Foreign kings

 C. Birds

 D. Cattle

C:I:Dt:28

17. Under the curse, the rain would be turned to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 28:24)

 A. Hail

 B. Fire

 C. Smoke

 D. Dust

D:I:Dt:28

18. Under the curse, Israel would be afflicted with the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of Egypt

(Deut. 28:27)

 A. Death

 B. Boils

 C. Locusts

 D. Blood

B:A:Dt:28

19. Under the curse, the Israelites' minds would be afflicted with

 all of the following EXCEPT (Deut. 28:28)

 A. Forgetfulness

 B. Madness

 C. Confusion

 D. Blindness

A:A:Dt:28

20. Under the curse, when an Israelite is pledged in marriage to a woman

what would happen (Deut. 28:30)?

 A. She would look at him with scorn

 B. She would be killed before his eyes

 C. He would have no money for a dowry

 D. She would be taken by another

D:A:Dt:28

21. Under the curse, all of the following would happen EXCEPT

(Deut. 28:30ff)

 A. They would build a house but not live in it

 B. They would plant a vineyard but not enjoy its fruit

 C. Their children die at birth

 D. Their sheep would be given to their enemies

C:A:Dt:28

22. Under the curse, what would happen to their children (Deut. 28:32)?

 A. They would be given to another nation

 B. They would be food for birds

 C. They would die at birth

 D. They would starve to death

A:A:Dt:28

23. Under the curse, what would drive them mad (Deut. 28:34)

 A. Disease

 B. The sights they would see

 C. The lack of food

 D. Their foreign gods

B:A:Dt:28

24. Under the curse, they would sow much and repeat little because it would

 be devoured by (Deut. 28:38)

 A. Their enemies

 B. Birds

 C. The beasts of the field

 D. Locusts

D:I:Dt:28

25. Who would God drive to a nation unknown to them (Deut. 28:36)?

 A. Their priests

 B. Their prophets

 C. Their king

 D. Their elders

C:A:Dt:28

26. Under the curse, what would devour their vineyards (Deut. 28:39)?

 A. Their enemies

 B. Birds

 C. Worms

 D. Locusts

C:A:Dt:28

27. Under the curse, who would rise above them higher and higher

 (Deut. 28:43)?

 A. The alien

 B. Their enemy

 C. Their children

 D. Their slaves

A:A:Dt:28

28. Under the curse, they would become the (Deut. 28:44)

 A. The foot not the arm

 B. The head not the heart

 C. The tail not the head

 D. The ears not the eyes

C:A:Dt:28

29. If Israel did not serve God joyfully in a time of prosperity, all of

the following would come on them EXCEPT (Deut. 28:48)

 A. Dire poverty

 B. Taxation by their enemies

 C. Hunger and thirst

 D. Nakedness

B:A:Dt:28

30. Under the curse what would be put on their neck (Deut. 28:48)?

 A. A chain

 B. A tattoo of slavery

 C. A whip

 D. An iron yoke

D:I:Dt:28

31. Under the curse, the nation from far away would leave none of

 the following EXCEPT (Deut. 28:51)

 A. Grain

 B. Figs

 C. New wine

 D. Oil

B:A:Dt:28

32. Under the curse, what would the nation from far away destroy in which

they had trusted (Deut. 28:52)?

 A. Their chariots

 B. Bow and Arrows

 C. Their walls

 D. Their horses

C:A:Dt:28

33. Under the curse, during the siege what would the Israelites eat

 (Deut. 28:53)?

 A. The flesh of the sons and daughters

 B. Their own excrement

 C. That which was unclean

 D. Dirt

A:B:Dt:28

34. If Israel did not follow the words of the law, God would bring on them

 the diseases of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 28:60)

 A. Moab

 B. Egypt

 C. Balaam

 D. Canaan

B:B:Dt:28

35. Under the curse, what would the LORD be pleased to do (Deut. 28:63)?

 A. Enslave them

 B. Love them

 C. Forgive them

 D. Destroy them

 D:I:Dt:28

36. Under the curse, Israel would be \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ among the nations

(Deut. 28:64)

 A. Forgotten

 B. Destroyed

 C. Scattered

 D. Rejected

C:I:Dt:28

37. Under the curse Israel would offer themselves (Deut. 28:68)

 A. For sale as slaves but no one would buy them

 B. As Servants of kings of foreign lands

 C. As cattle for the slaughter

 D. For service of foreign gods

A:A:Dt:28

Deuteronomy 29 Multiple Choice Questions

1. Besides at Horeb, where did God make a covenant with Israel through

Moses (Deut. 29:1)?

 A. Edom

 B. Ammon

 C. Jordan

 D. Moab

D:B:Dt:29

2. Moses tells them that their own eyes had seen all that the LORD did to all

of the following EXCEPT (Deut. 29:2)

 A. Pharaoh

 B. Pharaoh's officials

 C. Pharaoh's warriors

 D. Phraoh's land

C:A:Dt:29

3. Moses told the Israelites that to "this day" the LORD had not given them

 any of the following EXCEPT (Deut 29:4)

 A. Hearts to believe

 B. Ears to hear

 C. Minds to understand

 D. Eyes to see

A:A:Dt:29

4. Moses reminded the Israelites that when God led them in the wilderness

 all of the following happened EXCEPT (Deut. 29:5f)

 A. Their clothes did not wear out

 B. They planted no crops

 C. They drank no wine

 D. They ate no bread

B:I:Dt:29

5. The LORD fed Israel in the wilderness for forty years so that they might

 know \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 29:6)

 A. That idols cannot help them

 B. How to serve him

 C. That he loved them

 D. That he was the LORD their God

D:B:Dt:29

6. What two kings came out to fight against Israel before they

 crossed the Jordan river (Deut. 29:7)?

 A. Og king of Bashan and Balak king of Moab

 B. Abimelech king of Philistia and Phicol king of Amalek

 C. Og king of Bashan and Sihon king of Heshbon

 D. Abimelech king of Philistia and Balak king of Moab

C:B:Dt:29

7. All of the following tribes received land on the other side of the

 Jordan EXCEPT (Deut. 29:8)

 A. Judah

 B. Reuben

 C. Gad

 D. Manasseh

A:B:Dt:29

8. Moses warned them their prosperity depended on their (Deut. 29:9)

 A. Their being holy as He is holy

 B. Their keeping the terms of the covenant

 C. Their not returning to Egypt

 D. Their loving God with all their hearts

B:B:Dt:29

9. What two jobs did the aliens do (Deut. 29:11)?

 A. Knead bread and carry water

 B. Herd camels and sew leather

 C. Cook food and sweep the tents out

 D. Chop wood and carry water

D:I:Dt:29

10. How did God seal the covenant with Israel at Moab (Deut. 29:12)?

 A. With blood

 B. With oil

 C. With an oath

 D. With circumcision

C:I:Dt:29

11. God swore to the forefathers who were all of the following

 EXCEPT (Deut. 29:13)

 A. Jacob

 B. Joseph

 C. Isaac

 D. Abraham

B:B:Dt:29

12. Using the metaphor of a root among them that produces poison, to

what sin was Moses referring (Deut. 29:18)?

 A. Turning from God to worship other idols

 B. Eating unclean food which was against the commandments

 C. Lying and stealing

 D. Breaking the LORD's Sabbath

A:A:Dt:29

13. The person violating the covenant but thinking he was safe and going to

receive the blessing would have all of the following happen EXCEPT

(Deut. 29:19f)

 A. The LORD will never be willing to forgive him

 B. The curses of the book of Deuteronomy would come on him

 C. The LORD would cast him into the lake of fire

 D. The LORD would blot out his name from under heaven

C:A:Dt:29

14. Under the covenant curses the land would become (Deut. 29:23)

 A. Smoke and fire

 B. Dust and ashes

 C. No milk and no honey

 D. Salt and sulfur

D:A:Dt:29

15. Under the covenant curses the land would be destroyed like all of

 the following EXCEPT (Deut. 29:23)

 A. Sodom

 B. Jericho

 C. Gomorrah

 D. Admah

B:B:Dt:29

16. In answer to the question of why the fierce anger of the LORD

destroyed their land the answer would be because (Deut. 29:25ff)

 A. They worshipped other gods

 B. They forsook the way of the LORD

 C. They failed to drive out the inhabitants of the land

 D. They murdered their neighbors

A:I:Dt:29

17. Moses said what things belonged unto the LORD (Deut. 29:29)?

 A. All things

 B. The tithes and offerings

 C. The secret things

 D. The holy things

C:B:Dt:29

18. What things belonged to "us and our children forever" (Deut. 29:29)?

 A. The commands of this law

 B. The things revealed

 C. The ways of the LORD

 D. This land

B:B:Dt:29

Deuteronomy 30 Multiple Choice Questions

1. Where was Israel to take to heart the blessing and curses that had

 come upon them (Deut. 30:1)

 A. Wherever God dispersed them among the nations

 B. Wherever they were whether working in their field or resting in

their homes

 C. On whatever mountain they worshipped God

 D. In the land the LORD had given them

A:A:Dt:30

2. When Israel returned to the LORD obeying him with all their soul,

 then God would restore (Deut. 30:3)

 A. Their homes

 B. Their land

 C. Their fortunes

 D. Their vineyards

C:I:Dt:30

3. If Israel obeyed even if they were banished \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, God will

bring them back to the land of their fathers (Deut. 30:4)

 A. To the land of Egypt

 B. To the land of the two rivers

 C. To the other side of the Great Sea

 D. To the most distant land under the heavens

D:A:Dt:30

4. What will God himself circumcise so the Israelites would love him with

 all their heart and soul (Deut. 30:6)

 A. Their minds

 B. Their hearts

 C. Their flesh

 D. Their children

B:B:Dt:30

5. When Israel obeyed and God's blessing returned them to the land,

they would become more numerous than (Deut. 30:5)

 A. Their fathers

 B. The nations around them

 C. The Amorites

 D. The sand of the sea

A:I:Dt:30

6. When Israel obeyed and God's blessing returned them to the land,

upon whom would the curses come (Deut. 30:7)

A. No one

B. Their enemies that hate and persecute them

C. Those that rebel against the LORD

D. Those that dwell in the land

B:I:Dt:30

7. When Israel obeyed and God's blessing returned them to the land,

God would make them prosperous in all of the following areas

EXCEPT (Deut. 30:9)

A. The young of their livestock

B. The fruit of their womb

C. The gates of their cities

D. The crops of their land

C:I:Dt:30

8. Where were God's decrees written (Deut. 30:10)?

 A. On the stone tablets

 B. On their hearts

 C. On the walls of their homes

 D. In the book of the law

D:B:Dt:30

9. When Israel obeyed and God's blessing returned them to the land,

God would delight in them as he had in (Deut. 30:9)

 A. The birds of the air and fish of the sea

 B. Their fathers

 C. Noah of old

 D. The sweet aroma of their offerings

B:B:Dt:30

10. The commands Moses commanded them were not (Deut. 30:11)

 A. The last ones they would receive from God

 B. The words of gods of stone

 C. Like the nations

 D. Beyond their reach

D:I:Dt:30

11. The word of God which Moses was commanding them to obey was

 not (Deut. 30:12)

 A. Up in heaven

 B. Under the earth

 C. On a mountain top

 D. In their hearts

A:B:Dt:30

12. The word Moses was commanding them was in their (Deut. 30:14)

 A. Ears

 B. Way

 C. Mouth

 D. Mind

C:B:Dt:30

13. Moses said he set before the Israelites life/death and (Deut. 30:15)

 A. Health/sickness

 B. Love/hate

 C. Rewards/punishment

 D. Prosperity/destruction

D:I:Dt:30

14. Moses told them if they obeyed God where would God bless them

 (Deut. 30:16)?

 A. In the land they were entering to possess

 B. In all their ways

 C. On the mountains and in their valleys

 D. In the work of their hands

A:I:Dt:30

15. Moses commanded the Israelites to keep all of the following

 EXCEPT (Deut. 30:16)

 A. God's commands

 B. God's decrees

 C. God's promises

 D. God's laws

C:I:Dt:30

16. Moses warned Israel, if they were drawn into what sin they would

be destroyed and not live in the land (Deut. 30:17)?

 A. Murder

 B. Worship of other gods

 C. Complaining against the LORD

 D. Going back to Egypt

B:B:Dt:30

17. Who/what did Moses call as witnesses against the Israelites that Moses

had set before them the blessings and curses (Deut. 30:19)?

 A. The kings of all the nations

 B. Their children

 C. The sun, moon and stars

 D. Heaven and earth

D:B:Dt:30

18. Moses said the "the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is your life" (Deut. 30:20)

 A. Word of God

 B. Lord

 C. way of the LORD

 D. land

B:B:Dt:30

19. God swore to give the land to all of the following EXCEPT

 (Deut. 30:20)

 A. Abraham

 B. Isaac

 C. Jacob

 D. Joseph

D:B:Dt:30

Deuteronomy 31 Multiple Choice Questions

1. Moses, on the plains of Moab, told all Israel that he was now \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 years old (Deut. 31:2)

 A. Eighty

 B. One Hundred

 C. One hundred twenty

 D. One hundred eighty

C:B:Dt:31

2. The LORD told Moses that he was not allowed to cross (Deut. 31:2)

 A. The Jordan River

 B. The Mount of Pisgah

 C. The Salt Sea

 D. The boundary of Moab

A:B:Dt:31

3. While Moses could not enter the promised land, who was going ahead of

the Israelites (Deut. 31:3)?

 A. The LORD and Moses' son Gershom

 B. The LORD and Joshua

 C. Joshua and Caleb

 D. The LORD and the ark of the covenant

B:B:Dt:31

4. What would the LORD do as he crossed into the promised land ahead of

the Israelites (Deut. 31:3)?

 A. Lead them in all of his ways

 B. Bless the land upon which their feet walked

 C. Give them food to eat and water to drink

 D. Destroy the nations before them

D:I:Dt:31

5. The LORD would do to the nations inhabiting the land what he did to

 (Deut. 31:3f)

 A. Balak the king of Moab and Balaam

 B. Pharaoh and the Egyptians

 C. Og and Sihon the Amorite kings

 D. Korah and Dathan in the wilderness

C:B:Dt:31

6. Because the LORD was going with them and would never leave or

forsake them, the Israelites should do all of the following EXCEPT

(Deut. 31:5)

 A. Not be afraid

 B. Be merciful

 C. Be strong

 D. Be courageous

B:B:Dt:31

7. God said he would never leave or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the Israelites (Deut. 31:6)

 A. Forsake

 B. Reject

 C. Punish

 D. Judge

A:B:Dt:31

8. Moses told Joshua he was to be (Deut. 31:7)

 A. True and faithful

 B. Wise and understanding

 C. Humble and gracious

 D. Strong and courageous

D:B:Dt:31

9. Moses told Joshua one of his major tasks would be (Deut. 31:7)

 A. To defeat the giants

 B. To rescue the poor and fatherless

 C. To divide the land among the tribes for an inheritance

 D. To guide Israel in the ways of the LORD

C:B:Dt:31

10. Moses told Joshua because the LORD would be with him, he should not

 be afraid nor \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 31:8)

 A. Timid

 B. Discouraged

 C. Arrogant

 D. Disobedient

B:I:Dt:31

11. Moses wrote down the law and gave it to whom (Deut. 31:9)?

 A. The priests who carried the ark of the covenant

 B. The priests who sacrificed before the LORD

 C. To Eleazar the high priest

 D. To Joshua son of Nun

A:B:Dt:31

12. What was to be done on the seventh year when all Israel came together

 (Deut. 31:11)?

 A. The priests should declare everything that the LORD had said

had come true

 B. The priests should read the law before the people

 C. Joshua should divide the land among the tribes of Israel

 D. The people should offer the firstfruits of their crops

B:B:Dt:31

13. During what feast was the law to be read in the seventh year

(Deut. 31:10)?

 A. Feast of Weeks

 B. Passover

 C. Feast of Trumpets

 D. Feast of Tabernacles

D:I:Dt:31

14. The people were to be assembled to hear the word of the law so that

they might learn to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 31:12)

 A. Recite the law of the LORD

 B. Walk in the ways of the LORD

 C. Fear the LORD

 D. Remember Moses and the wilderness wanderings

C:I:Dt:31

15. Who must hear the law because they did not know it (Deut. 31:13)?

 A. All Israel

 B. The children

 C. The aliens in their midst

 D. The elders of Israel

B:B:Dt:31

16. God announced that the day of Moses' death was near and that he should

 (Deut. 31:14)

 A. Prepare to meet his God

 B. Bring twelve loaves up bread to the Tent of Meeting

 C. Wash his hands before the Tent of Meeting

 D. Present himself with Joshua at the Tent of Meeting

D:B:Dt:31

17. Where did God appear as Moses was preparing to die (Deut. 31:15)?

 A. In a pillar of fire on Mount Pisgah

 B. In a still small voice from between the cherubim

 C. In a pillar of cloud over the entrance to the Tent

 D. As a pillar of cloud on the shoulder of Joshua

C:A:Dt:31

18. God told Moses when he would rest with his fathers what would Israel

 do (Deut. 31:16)?

 A. Prostitute themselves after foreign gods

 B. Leave the ways of the LORD

 C. Murder and steal from one another

 D. Not believe Joshua

A:B:Dt:31

19. God told Moses, when he would rest with his fathers, what would Israel

 break (Deut. 31:16)?

 A. Their word

 B. The covenant they made with God

 C. Their idols of silver, gold and stone

 D. Their fellowship with God's holiness

B:B:Dt:31

20. As a result of Israel forsaking God by breaking the covenant, God

would (Deut. 31:17)

A. Not forgive them their sins

B. Not give them the land

C. Not listen to their pleas for help

D. Forsake them and become angry

D:I:Dt:31

21. The disasters and difficulties would come upon them because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 (Deut. 31:17)

 A. God was not with them

 B. God was testing them

 C. They feared man more than God

 D. They went after dishonest gain

A:I:Dt:31

22. Moses told them that because of their wickedness in turning to other

 gods, God would hide what from them (Deut. 31:18)?

 A. The land

 B. His forgiveness

 C. His face

 D. His way

C:B:Dt:31

23. What was Moses to do for the people for a witness on God's behalf

against the Israelites (Deut. 31:19)?

 A. Read all the words of the law

 B. Teach them a song

 C. Set up stones

 D. Build an altar

B:A:Dt:31

24. When would Israel turn to other gods and break God's covenant

 (Deut. 31:20)?

 A. When they had eaten their fill and thrived

 B. When they built their own homes

 C. When the next generation came

 D. After they could remember Egypt no more

A:I:Dt:31

25. Who was to bring the Israelites into the land God had promised to

the Israelites on an oath (Deut. 31:23)

A. Eleazar

B. Moses

C. Caleb

D. Joshua

D:B:Dt:31

26. Who wrote all the words of the law (Deut. 31:24)?

 A. Joshua

 B. The priests

 C. Moses

 D. The LORD

 E. Some unknown editor

C:B:Dt:31

27. After Moses had completed the law, where was the it to be placed

(Deut. 31:26)?

A. Besides the altar

 B. Beside the ark of the covenant

 C. At the entrance of the Tent of Meeting

 D. Inside the ark of the covenant

B:B:Dt:31

28. Moses said that he knew Israel would do what, after he died

(Deut. 31:27)?

 A. Rebel against the LORD

 B. Follow in the ways of the LORD

 C. Each seek their own prosperity

 D. Rebel against Joshua as they had against him

A:B:Dt:31

29. After Moses' death what did he say would provoke the LORD to anger

(Deut. 31:29)?

 A. What their eyes would desire

 B. Where their feet would go

 C. What their hands would make

 D. What their lips would speak

C:I:Dt:31

Deuteronomy 32 Multiple Choice Questions

1. In the Song of Moses he commanded what two objects to listen

(Deut. 32:1)?

A. Mountains and valleys

 B. Heaven and earth

 C. Wind and seas

 D. Sand and stone

B:I:Dt:32

2. In the Song of Moses, Moses desired that this teaching would be

 like (Deut. 32:2)

 A. Descending dew

 B. Rising clouds

 C. Streams in the desert

 D. Breath of fresh air

A:A:Dt:32

3. In the Song of Moses, Moses called God a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ whose works

 are perfect (Deut. 32:4)

 A. Mountain

 B. King

 C. Lamb

 D. Rock

D:B:Dt:32

4. In the Song of Moses, Moses says that God is a faithful God in all of

 the following ways EXCEPT (Deut. 32:4)

 A. Does no wrong

 B. Upright is he

 C. Wise is he

 D. Just is he

C:I:Dt:32

5. In the Song of Moses, Moses says that because they have acted corruptly

 they are (Deut. 32:5)

 A. Despised among the nations

 B. No longer God's children

 C. Covenant breakers

 D. Like the Egyptians

B:I:Dt:32

6. In the Song of Moses, Moses asks the foolish people if this is how they

 would repay the LORD their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 32:6)

 A. Keeper

 B. King

 C. Father

 D. Husband

C:I:Dt:32

7. In the Song of Moses, when God was dividing the inheritance among the

nations the LORD's inheritance and portion was (Deut. 32:9)

 A. His people

 B. His holy mountain

 C. His promised land

 D. The whole earth

A:B:Dt:32

8. In the Song of Moses, Moses said that God had found Israel in the desert

and shielded and cared for him (Deut. 32:11)

 A. As a mother hen her chicks

 B. As an eagle hovers over the young of its nest

 C. As a mother bear her young

 D. As a lion her cubs

B:A:Dt:32

9. In the Song of Moses, Moses said God guarded Israel as (Deut. 32:10)

 A. A prized jewel

 B. The tree of life

 C. The apple of his eye

 D. A special treasure

C:B:Dt:32

10. In the Song of Moses, Moses said God fed them honey from

 (Deut. 32:13)

 A. The sky

 B. The trees

 C. Bees

 D. A rock

D:I:Dt:32

11. In the Song of Moses, Moses said God had fed them with the

 choice rams of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 32:14)

 A. Moab

 B. Egypt

 C. Bashan

 D. Heaven

C:A:Dt:32

12. In the Song of Moses, Moses calls Israel \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ who grew fat

 and kicked and was filled with food (Deut. 32:15)

 A. Benoni

 B. Jeshurun

 C. Ichabod

 D. Yeledi

B:I:Dt:32

13. In the Song of Moses, Israel made God jealous and angry

 in all of the following ways EXCEPT (Deut. 32:16f)

 A. Following Baal

 B. Offering sacrifices to demons

 C. Foreign gods

 D. Idols

A:A:Dt:32

14. In the Song of Moses, Moses explains that because Israel had deserted

 their Rock who fathered them, God would (Deut. 32:20)

 A. Give them up to pursue their own gods

 B. Send snakes to destroy them

 C. Hide his face from them

 D. Show them no mercy

C:B:Dt:32

15. In the Song of Moses, God said he would heap calamities upon them

 of all of the following EXCEPT (Deut. 32:23f)

 A. Pestilence

 B. Beaks of vultures

 C. Fangs of wild beasts

 D. Venom of vipers

B:A:Dt:32

16. In the Song of Moses what would make them childless in their streets

 (Deut. 32:25)?

 A. Arrows

 B. Spears

 C. Swords

 D. Stones

C:A:Dt:32

17. In the Song of Moses, whose taunt "Our hand has triumphed" did the

LORD dread (Deut. 32:27)?

 A. The priests'

 B. The enemy's

 C. The children's

 D. The elders'

B:A:Dt:32

18. In the Song of Moses, where did Moses say their vine came from

(Deut. 32:32)?

 A. Egypt

 B. Jerusalem

 C. Kadesh

 D. Sodom

D:A:Dt:32

19. In the Song of Moses, when would the LORD have compassion on

 his servants (Deut. 32:36)?

 A. When they repented

 B. When they perished in the desert

 C. When their strength was gone

 D. When their money had run out

C:A:Dt:32

20. In the Song of Moses, God's \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was/were said to drink blood

 in judgment (Deut. 32:42)

 A. Sword

 B. Arrows

 C. Chariots

 D. Spear

B:A:Dt:32

21. In the Song of Moses, whose blood would God avenge (Deut. 32:43)?

 A. His servants'

 B. The righteous

 C. The children

 D. His holy ones'

A:A:Dt:32

22. In the Song of Moses it said God would make atonement for his

 people and his \_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 32:43)

 A. Priests

 B. Land

 C. Mountains

 D. Foreign guests

B:B:Dt:32

23. After finishing the Song of Moses, Moses told the people that these

words were not just idle words but that they were (Deut. 32:47)

 A. The truth

 B. The Holy Bible

 C. Their life

 D. Their path

C:B:Dt:32

24. What mountain was Moses told to go up to be gathered to his people

 (Deut. 32:49)?

 A. Sinai

 B. Horeb

 C. Hor

 D. Nebo

D:B:Dt:32

25. The Abarim Range where Moses was to die was across from what

 city (Deut. 32:49)?

 A. Jericho

 B. Bethlehem

 C. Jerusalem

 D. Shiloh

A:B:Dt:32

26. Aaron died on what mountain (Deut. 32:50)?

 A. Sinai

 B. Horeb

 C. Hor

 D. Nebo

C:B:Dt:32

27. Moses was not allowed to enter the promised land because he did what

at Meribah Kadesh in the Desert of Zin (Deut.32:51)?

 A. Did not uphold God's holiness

 B. Did not follow God's way

 C. Rejected the word of the LORD

 D. Forgot the commandment of the LORD

A:A:Dt:32

Deuteronomy 33 Multiple Choice Questions

1. When Moses blessed the tribes, he was identified as "Moses the

 (Deut. 33:1)

 A. Man of God"

 B. Servant of the LORD"

 C. Prophet of the Most High"

 D. The son of Amram"

A:I:Dt:33

2. When Moses blessed the tribes he described God as coming from

 (Deut. 33:2)

 A. Mount Nebo

 B. Moab

 C. Sinai

 D. Moriah

C:B:Dt:33

3. When Moses blessed the tribes, he described God as coming with

 (Deut. 33:2)

 A. His pillar of cloud

 B. His holy ones

 C. His chariots of fire

 D. His cherubim

B:I:Dt:33

4. When Moses blessed the tribes, he said God was surely the one who

 (Deut. 33:3)

 A. Led Israel through the desert

 B. Fed the people manna

 C. Was angry at iniquity

 D. Loved the people

D:A:Dt:33

5. When Moses blessed the tribes, he said they received what from

 God (Deut. 33:3)?

 A. The divine covenant

 B. Mercy

 C. Instruction

 D. Water

C:I:Dt:33

6. When Moses blessed the tribes, he described God as (Deut. 33:5)

 A. The king over Jeshurun

 B. The eternal Father

 C. The Mighty God

 D. The shade of Israel

A:A:Dt:33

7. When Moses blessed the tribes, what did he say belonged to Levi

 (Deut. 33:8)

 A. The sacrifices of God

 B. The Urim and Thumim

 C. The priestly ephod

 D. The law

B:A:Dt:33

8. When Moses blessed the tribes, he said Levi did what at Massah

 (Deut. 33:8)?

 A. Made foreign gods

 B. Contended with God

 C. Tested God

 D. Rebelled against the LORD

C:I:Dt:33

9. When Moses blessed the tribes, he said Levi did what at the

waters of Meribah (Deut. 33:8)?

 A. Made foreign gods

 B. Contended with God

 C. Tested God

 D. Rebelled against the LORD

B:I:Dt:33

10. When Moses blessed the tribes, he said Levi guarded what (Deut. 33:9)?

 A. God's holiness

 B. The highway in the desert

 C. The way of the LORD

 D. God's covenant

D:I:Dt:33

11. When Moses blessed the tribes, he said Levi was to do all of the

following EXCEPT (Deut. 33:10)

A. Teach God's law to Israel

B. Offer whole burnt offerings on God's altar

C. Blow the trumpets for God's feasts

D. Offer incense before God

C:B:Dt:33

12. When Moses blessed the tribes, which tribe did he say God shielded

 all day long (Deut. 33:12)?

 A. Asher

 B. Benjamin

 C. Judah

 D. Joseph

B:A:Dt:33

13. When Moses blessed the tribes, which tribe did he ask that God bless

 the tribe with dew and with deep waters that lie below (Deut. 33:13)?

 A. Asher

 B. Benjamin

 C. Judah

 D. Joseph

D:A:Dt:33

14. When Moses blessed the tribes, which tribe did he say was a prince

among his brothers (Deut. 33:16)?

 A. Asher

 B. Joseph

 C. Benjamin

 D. Judah

B:A:Dt:33

15. When Moses blessed the tribes, which tribe did he say would feast

 on the abundance of the sea (Deut. 33:19)?

 A. Zebulun

 B. Judah

 C. Dan

 D. Asher

A:A:Dt:33

16. When Moses blessed the tribes, of which tribe did he say he carried out

the LORD's righteousness and was like a lion (Deut. 33:21f)?

 A. Zebulun

 B. Gad

 C. Dan

 D. Asher

B:A:Dt:33

17. When Moses blessed the tribes, which tribe did he liken to a lion's

 cub (Deut. 33:22)?

 A. Zebulun

 B. Gad

 C. Dan

 D. Asher

C:A:Dt:33

18. When Moses blessed the tribes, which tribe did he say abounded with

 the favor of the LORD and would inherit southward to the lake

(Deut. 33:23)?

 A. Zebulun

 B. Gad

 C. Dan

 D. Naphtali

D:A:Dt:33

19. When Moses blessed the tribes, which tribe did he say would be most

blessed and dip his foot in oil (Deut. 33:24)?

 A. Zebulun

 B. Gad

 C. Dan

 D. Asher

D:A:Dt:33

20. When Moses blessed the tribes, he said God rode upon the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

 in his majesty (Deut. 33:26)

 A. Chariots

 B. Clouds

 C. Fire

 D. Wings of an angel

B:B:Dt:33

21. When Moses blessed the tribes, he said that God was their refuge and

 underneath was the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 33:27)

 A. Everlasting arms

 B. Rock of Jacob

 C. Lion of Judah

 D. Fountain of Jeshurun

A:B:Dt:33

22. When Moses blessed the tribes, he said the heavens would drop down

 \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the promised land (Deut. 33:28)

 A. Rain

 B. Bread from heaven

 C. Dew

 D. Honey

C:B:Dt:33

23. When Moses concluded blessing the tribes, he said God was all of the

 following for Israel EXCEPT (Deut. 33:29)

 A. Shield

 B. Strong tower

 C. Helper

 D. Their glorious sword

B:I:Dt:33

24. In the blessing on Joseph, God was said to dwell (Deut. 33:16)

 A. On his holy mountain

 B. In his sanctuary

 C. In the burning bush

 D. In Israel

C:A:Dt:33

Deuteronomy 34 Multiple Choice Questions

1. When Moses was about to die, what mountain did he climb (Deut. 34:1)?

 A. Mount Sinai

 B. Mount Horeb

 C. Mount Nebo

 D. Mount Moriah

C:B:Dt:34

2. The top of the mountain Moses climbed just before he died was called

 (Deut. 34:1)

 A. Moriah

 B. Tabor

 C. El-Elohe

 D. Pisgah

D:B:Dt:34

3. The mountain where Moses died was next to the plains of

 A. Ammon

 B. Moab

 C. Amelek

 D. Edom

B:B:Dt:34

4. The mountain where Moses died was across from what city (Deut. 34:1)?

 A. Jericho

 B. Jerusalem

 C. Shiloh

 D. Bethel

A:B:Dt:34

5. What did the LORD show Moses just before he died (Deut. 34:1)?

 A. His glory

 B. His face

 C. The whole land

 D. The future

C:B:Dt:34

6. Just before Moses died he saw all Judah as far as (Deut. 34:2)

 A. The Salt Sea

 B. The western sea

 C. The Mount of Olives

 D. Bethlehem

B:I:Dt:34

7. Jericho is also called the city of (Deut. 34:3)

 A. Olives

 B. Springs

 C. The wall

 D. Palms

D:A:Dt:34

8. Moses, just before he died, saw north from Gilead as far as

 (Deut. 34:1)

 A. Jericho

 B. Shiloh

 C. Dan

 D. Capernaum

C:A:Dt:34

9. Moses was called the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of the LORD (Deut. 34:5)

 A. Servant

 B. Prophet

 C. Friend

 D. Messenger

A:B:Dt:34

10. Moses was buried in the valley opposite \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Deut. 34:6)

 A. Medaba

 B. Beth Peor

 C. Jerusalem

 D. Shiloh

B:A:Dt:34

11. How old was Moses when he died (Deut. 34:7)?

 A. 100

 B. 120

 C. 140

 D. 180

B:B:Dt:34

12. How many days did the Israelites grieve for Moses on the plains

 of Moab (Deut. 34:8)?

 A. 7

 B. 14

 C. 30

 D. 40

C:I:Dt:34

13. With what was Joshua filled (Deut. 34:9)?

 A. The wisdom of Moses

 B. The spirit of wisdom

 C. Courage and strength

 D. Trust in the LORD

B:I:Dt:34

14. Moses was a unique prophet in what way (Deut. 34:9)?

 A. He knew God as a friend

 B. He knew God face to face

 C. He was a servant of the LORD

 D. He spoke God's word

B:B:Dt:34

15. In what country did Moses die (Deut. 34:5)?

 A. Edom

 B. Moab

 C. Ammon

 D. Canaan

B:I:Dt:34