

# Mastering NT Greek

## 23. Subjecting the Subjunctives

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Baker Academic

# Warm-ups

# Rapping the Lord's Prayer

■ Πάτερ ἡμῶν ὁ ἐν τοῖς οὐρανοῖς·  
father our the one in heaven

ἁγιασθήτω τὸ ὄνομά σου  
make holy name your

ἐλθέτω ἡ βασιλεία σου·  
let come kingdom your

γενηθήτω τὸ θέλημά σου,  
let be will your

# Rapping the Lord's Prayer

■ ὡς ἐν οὐρανῷ καὶ ἐπὶ γῆς·  
as in heaven also on earth

τὸν ἄρτον ἡμῶν τὸν  
the bread our

ἐπιούσιον δὸς ἡμῖν σήμερον·  
daily give us today

# Rapping the Lord's Prayer

■ καὶ ἄφες ἡμῖν τὰ ὀφειλήματα ἡμῶν·  
and forgive us trespasses our

ὡς καὶ ἡμεῖς ἀφήκαμεν  
as also we have forgiven

τοῖς ὀφειλέταις ἡμῶν  
the ones trespassing us

# Rapping the Lord's Prayer

■ καὶ μὴ εἰσενέγκῃς ἡμᾶς

and do not lead us

εἰς πειρασμόν  
into temptation

ἀλλὰ ῥῦσαι ἡμᾶς ἀπὸ  
but deliver us from

τοῦ πονηροῦ  
the evil one

# Infinitives Endings to Chant

- Present: εἶν εσθαῖ
- Second Aorist: εἶν εσθαῖ ἦναι
- First Aorist: αῖ ασθαῖ ἦναι
- Perfect: ναι σθαῖ

# Chanting the PA and PM/P Ptc

## ■ Present Active: (chant)

|        |         |         |         |
|--------|---------|---------|---------|
| ■ Nom. | λύων    | λύουσα  | λύον    |
| Gen.   | λύοντος | λύουσης | λύοντος |

## ■ Present Middle/Passive (non-chant)

|        |          |          |          |
|--------|----------|----------|----------|
| ■ Nom. | λυόμενος | λυομένη  | λυόμενον |
| Gen.   | λυομένου | λυομένης | λυομένου |

# Forms to Chant to

- **First Aorist Active**     3-1-3 (chant)
- **Nom.**     λύσας            λύσασα            λῦσαν
- Gen.**     λύσαντος        λυσάσης        λύσαντος
- **First Aorist Middle**     2-1-2 (non-chant)
- **Nom.**     λυσάμενος        λυσαμένη        λυσάμενον
- Gen.**     λυσαμένου        λυσαμένης        λυσαμένου

# Forms to Chant to

- **First Aorist Passive 3-1-3 (chant)**
- **Nom.** λυθείς λυθείσα λυθέν
- **Gen.** λυθέντος λυθείσης λυθέντος

# Present Active Indicative Verbs

## I loose / am loosing

- λύω                      λύομεν  
λύεις                      λύετε  
λύει                        λύουσι(ν)

# Present Middle/Passive Indicative

- λύομαι,  
-η,  
-εταί,  
-όμεθα,  
-εσθε,  
-ονται

I loose myself, I am loosed

# Shape of the Future in Greek

■ λύσω

I will loose

λύσεις

You will loose

λύσει

He/she/it will loose

λύσομεν

We will loose

λύσετε

You all will loose

λύσουσι(ν)

They will loose

# Future Middle Paradigm

■ λύσομαι

--η

--εταί

--ομεθα

--εσθε

--ονταί

■ I will loose for myself

## 2-1-2 Paradigms

2  
■ λόγος  
λόγου  
λόγω  
λόγον  
λόγοι  
λόγων  
λόγοις  
λόγους

1  
γραφή  
γραφῆς  
γραφῆ  
γραφῆν  
γραφαί  
γραφῶν  
γραφαῖς  
γραφάς

2  
ἱερόν  
ἱεροῦ  
ἱερῶ  
ἱερόν  
ἱερά  
ἱερῶν  
ἱεροῖς  
ἱερά

# 3<sup>rd</sup> Declension Chantables

|   |           |               |            |
|---|-----------|---------------|------------|
| ■ | χαρίς     | ὄνομα, πίστις |            |
| ■ | χάρις     | ὄνομα         | πίστις     |
| ■ | χάριτος   | ὀνόματος      | πίστεως    |
| ■ | χάριτι    | ὀνόματι       | πίστει     |
| ■ | χάριτα    | ὄνομα         | πίστιν     |
| ■ | χάριτες   | ὀνόματα       | πίστεις    |
| ■ | χαρίτων   | ὀνομάτων      | πίστεων    |
| ■ | χάρισι(ν) | ὀνόμασι(ν)    | πίστεσι(ν) |
| ■ | χάριτας   | ὀνόματα       | πίστεις    |

# Subjunctives

# Introduction

- **Verbal Moods: Indicative, Subjunctive, Imperative, Optative**
- **Indicative:** statement portrayed as fact mood
  - King Kong climbed the Empire State building. [Zach shot the ball.]
- **Subjunctive:** possibility "may" or "might", contingency, doubt, uncertainty by reason of futurity
  - Zach may shoot the ball.

# Introduction

- **Imperative:** command (expectation)
  - Zach, shoot the ball!
- **Optative:** hoped for, wish
  - Oh that Zach would shoot the ball.

# Subjunctives

- **Tense: only in present and aorist**  
[οἶδά (Perf.) will appear in the Subjunctive but its rare.]
- **Aspect not tense:**
  - In progress, unfolding, immediacy, details, foregrounded (present)
  - Whole/complete/background (aorist)
- **Time of subjunctive dependent on main verb or context (temporal particles)**

# Form

- Uses primary endings:
  - Active:  $\omega, \epsilon\iota\varsigma, \epsilon\iota, \omicron\mu\epsilon\nu\dots$
  - Passive:  $\mu\alpha\iota, \eta, \epsilon\tau\alpha\iota, \omicron\mu\epsilon\theta\alpha \dots$
- The trick: the connecting vowel is lengthened  $\omicron$  to  $\omega$ ;  $\epsilon$  to  $\eta$
- Present:  $\lambda\upsilon + \omega + \mu\epsilon\nu = \lambda\acute{\upsilon}\omega\mu\epsilon\nu$ 
  - we may continue to loose
- Aorist:  $\lambda\upsilon + \sigma + \omega + \mu\epsilon\nu = \lambda\acute{\upsilon}\sigma\omega\mu\epsilon\nu$ 
  - we may loose

# Present Active (process, immediacy, foregrounding)

- Active    Singular                      Plural
- 1   λύω                                      λύωμεν
- 2   λύης                                λύητε
- 3   λύη                                    λύωσι(ν)
- I may continue loosing (may be loosing)  
You may continue loosing

# Present Mid/Passive (process, immediacy, foregrounding)

- Mid/Pas      Singular                  Plural
- 1   λύωμαι                                  λυώμεθα
- 2   λύη    λύησθε
- 3   λύηται    λύωνται
- I may continue to be loosed  
You may continue to be loosed

# Aorist Active (whole, complete, background)

- Active      Singular                      Plural
- 1 λύσω                                      λύσωμεν
- 2 λύσης                                      λύσητε
- 3 λύση                                      λύσωσι(ν)
- I may loose  
You may loose
- Compare future form. What is relation of subj. and future?

# Aorist Middle (whole, complete, background)

| ■ Mid | Singular  | Plural   |
|-------|-----------|----------|
| ■     | 1 λύσωμαι | λυσώμεθα |
|       | 2 λύση    | λύσησθε  |
|       | 3 λύσηται | λύσωνται |

- I may loose (myself)  
You may loose (yourself)

# Aorist Passive (whole, complete, background)

- **Passive Singular**                      **Plural**
- 1    λυθῶ                                      λυθῶμεν
- 2    λυθῆς                                    λυθῆτε
- 3    λυθῆ                                         λυθῶσι(ν)
- **I may be loosed**  
**You may be loosed**

# Second Aorist Active

(λείπω = I leave)

| ■ Active | Singular | Plural    |
|----------|----------|-----------|
| ■ 1      | λίπω     | λίπωμεν   |
| 2        | λίπησ    | λίπητε    |
| 3        | λίπη     | λίπωσι(ν) |

■ I may leave  
You may leave

# Subjunctivizing εἶμί

| ■ Active |            | Singular | Plural  |
|----------|------------|----------|---------|
| ■        | 1          | ᾠ̂       | ᾠ̂μεν   |
|          | 2          | ᾠ̂ς      | ᾠ̂τε    |
|          | 3          | ᾠ̂       | ᾠ̂σι(ν) |
| ■        | I may be   |          |         |
|          | You may be |          |         |

# Subjunctive Chant

- Present Active Subj.

λύω, λυης, λυη,

λύωμεν, λύητε, λύωσι(ν)

- Present Mid./Pass. Subj.

λύωμαι,

-η, ηται, -ωμεθα, -ησθε, -ωνται

# Four Subjunctive Triggers

- ἵνα = in order that + Subjunctive (ὅπως)
- εἰάν = if/when + Subjunctive
- ὅς ἂν = whoever + Subjunctive
- ἕως = until + Subjunctive
- Hint: whenever you see a ἵνα look for a subjunctive following it.

# Four Functions of Subjunctives

- **Hortatory subjunctive:** "Let us, let me"
  - Requires first person: me, we
  - Let us go, let us pray
- **Subordinate purpose/result clause:**
  - in order that he might run
- **Prohibitive Subjunctive**
  - Lead us not into temptation

# Four Functions of Subjunctives

- **Deliberative subjunctive:** rhetorical device not wanting an answer
  - What shall I say to you?

# Four Types of Conditionals

- **1) Reality:** if (since) you come, then I will...
  - εἰ + Indicative verb
- **2) Contrary to fact:** "If you had come he would not have died (but you didn't)"
  - εἰ + indicative + ἄν + indicative
- **3) Probability:** if you come then you are my friend (but you have not yet)
  - εἰάν + Subjunctive

# Four Types of Conditionals

- 4) **Possibility:**  $\epsilon\acute{\iota}$  + Optative (if you should suffer)

# Optatives

- Mood of wish -- 67 in NT
- Characterized by an internal addition of: οι, αι, or ει internal connector.
- γένοιτο -- Aorist of γίνομαι -- may it be
- δυναίμην -- Present dep. 1s -- Oh that I would be able to ...
- ἔχοιεν -- Present 3 Pl -- Oh that they would have

# Negative Rhetorical Questions

- οὐ implies a "yes" answer

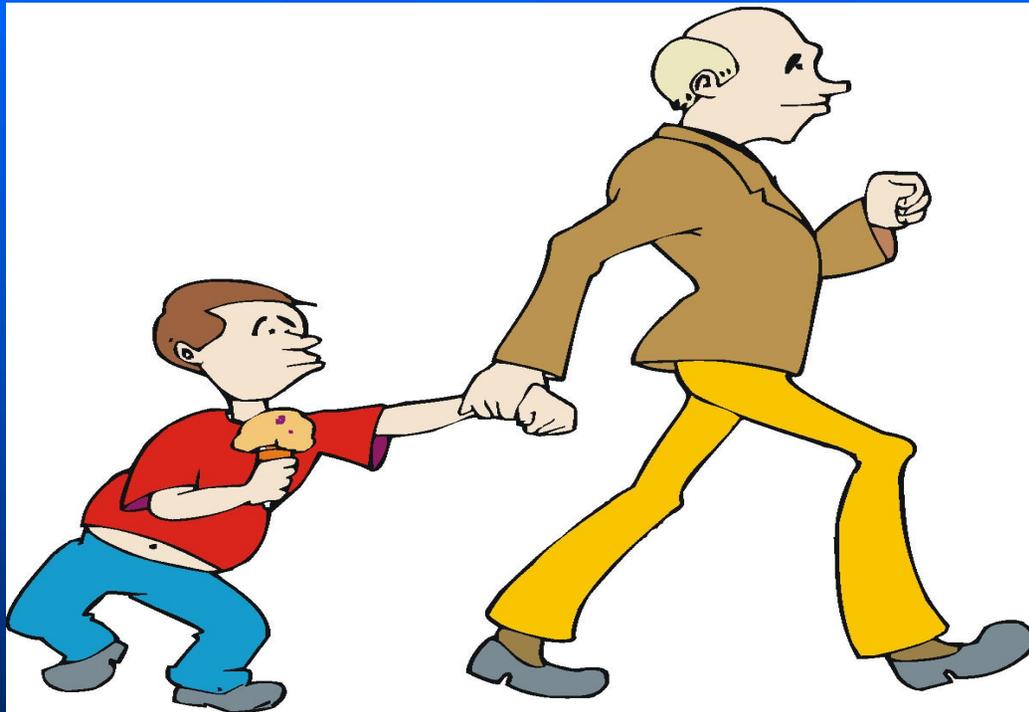
Elliott, you are going to study tonight,  
aren't you? -- yes, of course

- μή implies a "no" answer (may = nay).

"You are not going to study are you?  
-- no most likely not

# Chapter 23 Vocabulary

## ■ ἄγω



I lead, bring

# Chapter 23 Vocabulary

- ἀπολύω



I set free

# Chapter 23 Vocabulary

- εἴτε
- if, whether

# Chapter 23 Vocabulary

- ἐντολή, -ῆς, ἡ



commandment

# Chapter 23 Vocabulary

■ καρπός, -οῦ, ὁ



fruit

# Chapter 23 Vocabulary

- πιστός, -ή, -όν



faithful

# Chapter 23 Vocabulary

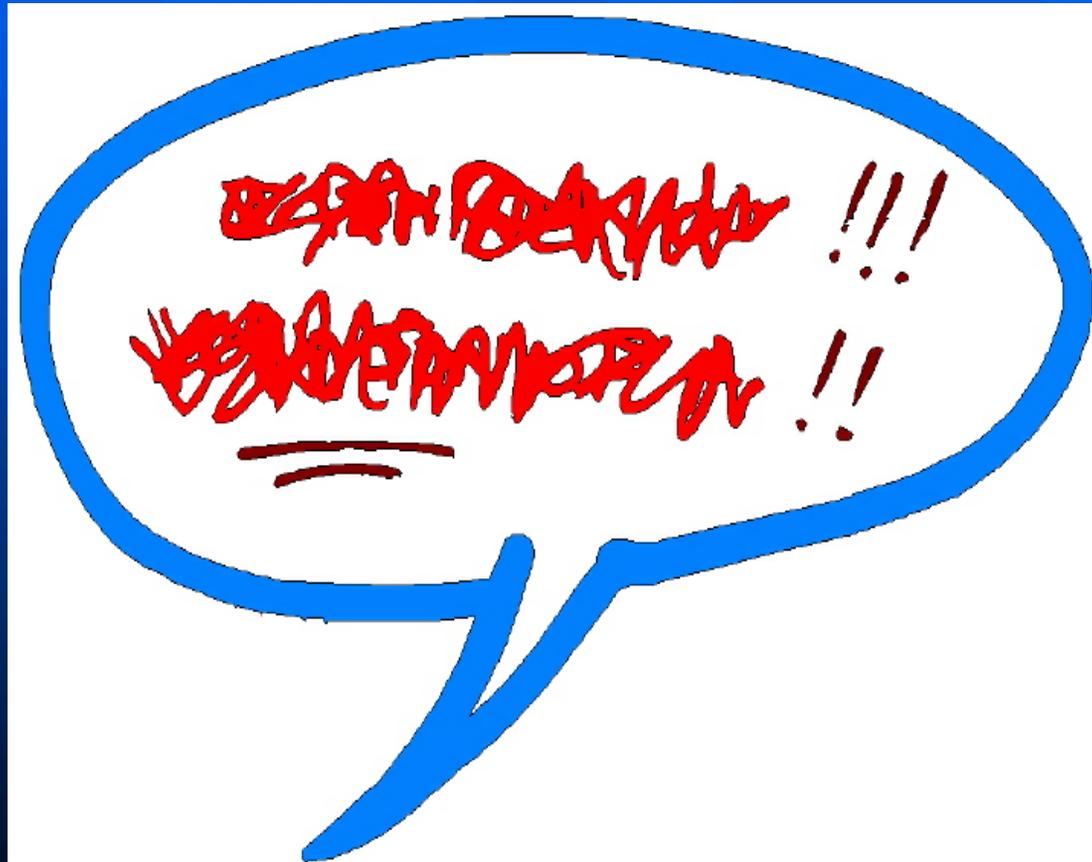
- πρεσβύτερος, -α, -ον



elder

# Chapter 23 Vocabulary

- ρήμα, -ατος, τό



word

# Vocabulary Ch. 23

- σάββατον, -ου, τό



Sabbath

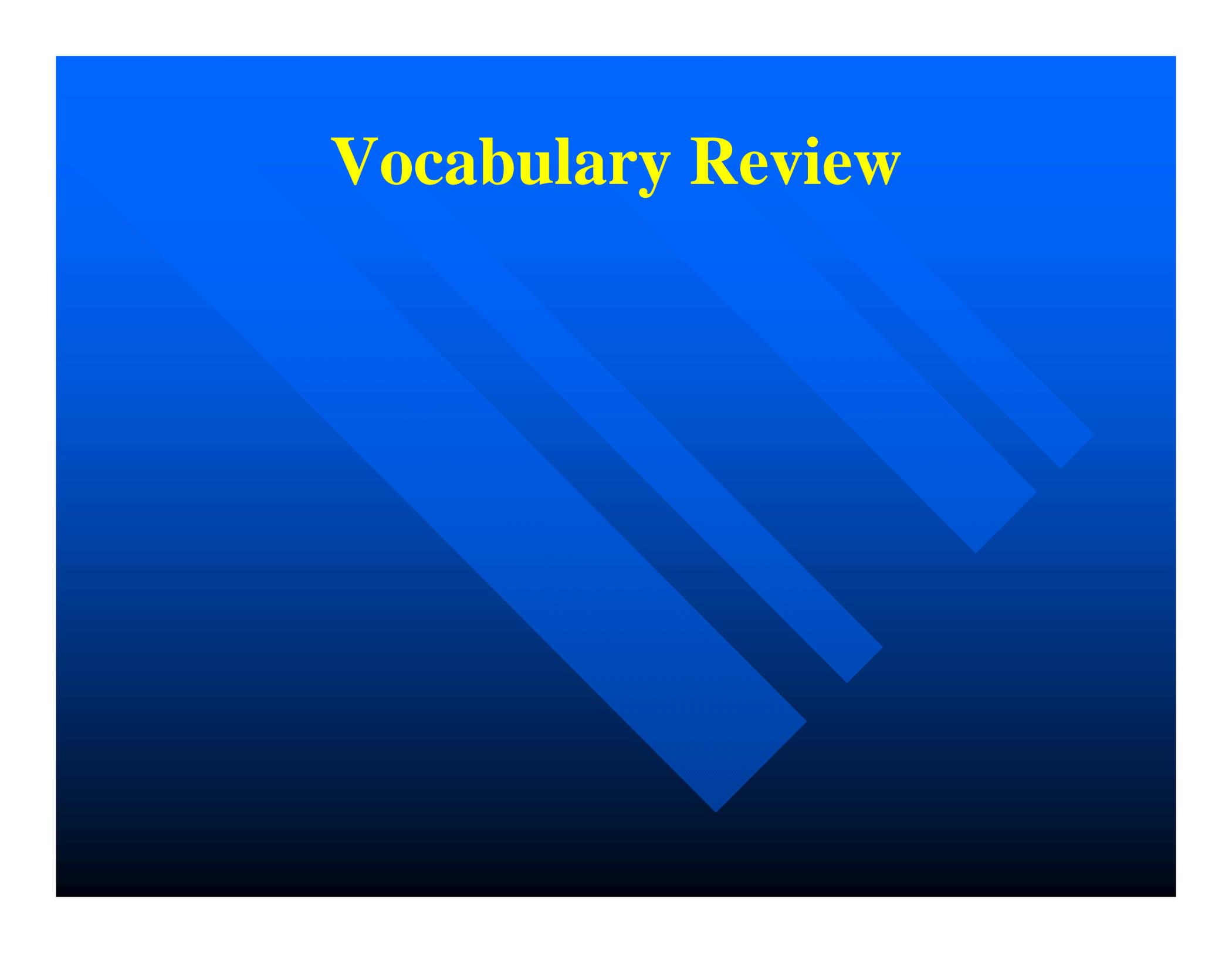
# Chapter 23 Vocabulary

- φέρω



I bear, carry

# Vocabulary Review

The background of the slide is a blue gradient that transitions from a lighter blue at the top to a darker blue at the bottom. Overlaid on this gradient are several diagonal stripes of a slightly different shade of blue, running from the top-left towards the bottom-right.

# Chapter 18 Vocabulary

- γεννάω
- I beget
- δικαιοσύνη, -ης, ἡ
- righteousness
- εἴαν
- if, when
- εἰρήνη, -ης, ἡ
- peace
- οἶδα
- I know

# Chapter 18 Vocabulary

■ οἰκία, -ας, ἡ

■ house

■ ὄραω

■ I see

■ περιπατέω

■ I walk

■ πῶς

■ how?

■ φοβέομαι

■ I fear

# Chapter 17 Vocabulary

■ εἰ

– if, that

■ ἐσθίω

– I eat

■ ζάω

– I live

■ ζητέω

– I seek

■ ἢ

– or, either

# Chapter 17 Vocabulary

■ καλέω

– I call

■ λαλέω

– I speak, say

■ παρακαλέω

– I urge, exhort

■ πληρόω

– I fill, complete

■ ποιέω

– I do, make

# Chapter 16 Vocabulary

- αἰών, -ῶνος, ὁ  
– age, eternity
- ἀλλήλων  
– one another
- ἀρχιερεύς, -έως, ὁ  
– high priest
- γυνή, -αικός, ἡ  
– woman
- δύναμαι  
– I can, am able

# Chapter 16 Vocabulary

- ἔθνος, -ους, τό  
– nation
- ὅσος, -η, -ον  
– as great as
- πόλις, -εως, ἡ  
– city
- τε  
– and, and so
- χεῖρ, χειρός, ἡ  
– hand

## Chapter 15 Vocabulary

- ἄλλος, -η, -ο  
» other
- ἄρτος, -ου, ὁ  
» bread
- δεῖ  
» it is necessary
- ἐξουσία, -ας, ἡ  
» authority
- ἕτερος, -α, -ον  
» different

# Chapter 15 Vocabulary

■ ἔτι

» yet, still

■ ὄφθαλμός, -οῦ, ὁ

» eye

■ τέκνον, -ου, τό

» child

■ τόπος, -ου, ὁ

» place

■ φῶς, φωτός, τό

» light

# Chapter 14 Vocabulary

■ αίμα, -ματος, τό

– blood

■ αίρω

– I raise, take up

■ διδάσκω

– I teach

■ ἴδιος, -α, -ον

– one's own

■ καλός, -ή, -όν

– good

# Chapter 14 Vocabulary

- μέλλω
  - I am about to, intend
- ὁδός, -οῦ, ἡ
  - way
- πολύς, πολλή, πολύ
  - much, many
- σῶμα, -ματος, τό
  - body
- ψυχή, -ῆς, ἡ
  - soul, life

# Body/soul; mind/brain

- 28 καὶ μὴ φοβηθῆτε ἀπὸ τῶν ἀποκτεινόντων τὸ σῶμα τὴν δὲ ψυχὴν μὴ δυναμένων ἀποκτείνειν·
- φοβεῖσθε δὲ μᾶλλον τὸν δυνάμενον καὶ ψυχὴν καὶ σῶμα ἀπολέσαι [to destroy ἀπολλυμι] ἐν γενέσει